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## Palo Alto Networks XDR Engineer Sample Questions (Q31-Q36):

### NEW QUESTION # 31

Which action is being taken with the query below?

```
dataset = xdr_data
| fields agent_hostname, _time, _product
| comp latest as latest_time by agent_hostname, _product
| join type=inner (dataset = endpoints
| fields endpoint_name, endpoint_status, endpoint_type) as lookup lookup.endpoint_name = agent_hostname
| filter endpoint_status = ENUM.CONNECTED
| fields agent_hostname, endpoint_status, latest_time, _product
```

- A. Monitoring the latest activity of endpoints
- B. Monitoring the latest activity of connected firewall endpoints
- C. Checking for endpoints with outdated agent versions

- D. Identifying endpoints that have disconnected from the network

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The provided XQL (XDR Query Language) query in Cortex XDR retrieves and processes data to provide insights into endpoint activity. Let's break down the query to understand its purpose:

\* dataset = xdr\_data | fields agent\_hostname, \_time, \_product: Selects the xdr\_data dataset (general event data) and retrieves fields for the agent hostname, timestamp, and product (e.g., agent type or component).

\* comp latest as latest\_time by agent\_hostname, \_product: Computes the latest timestamp (\_time) for each combination of agent\_hostname and \_product, naming the result latest\_time. This identifies the most recent activity for each endpoint and product.

\* join type=inner (dataset = endpoints | fields endpoint\_name, endpoint\_status, endpoint\_type) as lookup lookup.endpoint\_name = agent\_hostname: Performs an inner join with the endpoints dataset, matching endpoint\_name (from the endpoints dataset) with agent\_hostname (from xdr\_data), and retrieves fields like endpoint\_status and endpoint\_type.

\* filter endpoint\_status = ENUM.CONNECTED: Filters the results to include only endpoints with a status of CONNECTED.

\* fields agent\_hostname, endpoint\_status, latest\_time, \_product: Outputs the final fields: hostname, status, latest activity time, and product.

\* Correct Answer Analysis (A): The query is monitoring the latest activity of endpoints. It calculates the most recent activity (latest\_time) for each connected endpoint (agent\_hostname) by joining event data (xdr\_data) with endpoint metadata (endpoints) and filtering for connected endpoints. This provides a view of the latest activity for active endpoints, useful for monitoring their status and recent events.

\* Why not the other options?

\* B. Identifying endpoints that have disconnected from the network: The query filters for endpoint\_status = ENUM.CONNECTED, so it only includes connected endpoints, not disconnected ones.

\* C. Monitoring the latest activity of connected firewall endpoints: The query does not filter for firewall endpoints (e.g., using endpoint\_type or \_product to specify firewalls). It applies to all connected endpoints, not just firewalls.

\* D. Checking for endpoints with outdated agent versions: The query does not retrieve or compare agent version information (e.g., agent\_version field); it focuses on the latest activity time.

Exact Extract or Reference:

The Cortex XDR Documentation Portal explains XQL queries: "Queries using comp latest and joins with the endpoints dataset can monitor the latest activity of connected endpoints by calculating the most recent event timestamps" (paraphrased from the XQL Reference Guide). The EDU-262: Cortex XDR Investigation and Response course covers XQL for monitoring, stating that "combining xdr\_data and endpoints datasets with a latest computation monitors recent endpoint activity" (paraphrased from course materials). The Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer datasheet includes "dashboards and reporting" as a key exam topic, encompassing XQL queries for monitoring.

References:

Palo Alto Networks Cortex XDR Documentation Portal: <https://docs-cortex.paloaltonetworks.com/> EDU-262: Cortex XDR Investigation and Response Course Objectives Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer Datasheet: <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/services/education/certification/#xdr-engineer>

## NEW QUESTION # 32

Which XQL query can be saved as a behavioral indicator of compromise (BIOC) rule, then converted to a custom prevention rule?

- A. dataset = xdr\_data  
| filter event\_type = ENUM.PROCESS and event\_type = ENUM.DEVICE and  
action\_process\_image\_name = "\*\*\*"  
and action\_process\_image\_command\_line = "-e cmd\*"  
and action\_process\_image\_command\_line != "\*cmd.exe -a /c\*"
- B. dataset = xdr\_data  
| filter event\_type = ENUM.PROCESS and action\_process\_image\_name = "\*\*\*" and action\_process\_image\_command\_line = "-e cmd\*" and action\_process\_image\_command\_line != "\*cmd.exe -a /c\*"
- C. dataset = xdr\_data  
| filter event\_type = FILE and (event\_sub\_type = FILE\_CREATE\_NEW or event\_sub\_type = FILE\_WRITE or  
event\_sub\_type = FILE\_REMOVE or event\_sub\_type = FILE\_RENAME) and agent\_hostname = "hostname"  
| filter lowercase(action\_file\_path) in ("/etc/\*", "/usr/local/share/\*", "/usr/share/\*") and action\_file\_extension in ("conf", "txt")  
| fields action\_file\_name, action\_file\_path, action\_file\_type, agent\_ip\_addresses, agent\_hostname, action\_file\_path
- D. dataset = xdr\_data  
| filter event\_type = ENUM.DEVICE and action\_process\_image\_name = "\*\*\*"  
and action\_process\_image\_command\_line = "-e cmd\*"

and action\_process\_image\_command\_line != "\*cmd.exe -a /c\*"

## Answer: B

### Explanation:

In Cortex XDR, a Behavioral Indicator of Compromise (BIOC) rule defines a specific pattern of endpoint behavior (e.g., process execution, file operations, or network activity) that can trigger an alert. BIOC rules are often created using XQL (XDR Query Language) queries, which are then saved as BIOC rules to monitor for the specified behavior. To convert a BIOC into a custom prevention rule, the BIOC must be associated with a Restriction profile, which allows the defined behavior to be blocked rather than just detected. For a query to be suitable as a BIOC and convertible to a prevention rule, it must meet the following criteria:

- \* It must monitor a behavior that Cortex XDR can detect on an endpoint, such as process execution, file operations, or device events.
- \* The behavior must be actionable for prevention (e.g., blocking a process or file operation), typically involving events like process launches (ENUM.PROCESS) or file modifications (ENUM.FILE).
- \* The query should not include overly complex logic (e.g., multiple event types with conflicting conditions) that cannot be translated into a BIOC rule.

Let's analyze each query to determine which one meets these criteria:

\* Option A: dataset = xdr\_data | filter event\_type = ENUM.DEVICE ... This query filters for event\_type = ENUM.DEVICE, which relates to device-related events (e.g., USB device connections).

While device events can be monitored, the additional conditions (action\_process\_image\_name = "\*" and action\_process\_image\_command\_line) are process-related attributes, which are typically associated with ENUM.PROCESS events, not ENUM.DEVICE. This mismatch makes the query invalid for a BIOC, as it combines incompatible event types and attributes. Additionally, device events are not typically used for custom prevention rules, as prevention rules focus on blocking processes or file operations, not device activities.

\* Option B: dataset = xdr\_data | filter event\_type = ENUM.PROCESS and event\_type = ENUM.DEVICE ... This query attempts to filter for events that are both ENUM.PROCESS and ENUM.DEVICE (event\_type = ENUM.PROCESS and event\_type = ENUM.DEVICE), which is logically incorrect because an event cannot have two different event types simultaneously. In XQL, the event\_type field must match a single type (e.g., ENUM.PROCESS or ENUM.DEVICE), and combining them with an and operator results in no matches. This makes the query invalid for creating a BIOC rule, as it will not return any results and cannot be used for detection or prevention.

\* Option C: dataset = xdr\_data | filter event\_type = FILE ... This query monitors file-related events (event\_type = FILE) with specific sub-types (FILE\_CREATE\_NEW, FILE\_WRITE, FILE\_REMOVE, FILE\_RENAME) on a specific hostname, targeting file paths (/etc/\*, /usr/local/share/\*, /usr/share/\*) and extensions (conf, txt). While this query can be saved as a BIOC to detect file operations, it is not ideal for conversion to a custom prevention rule. Cortex XDR prevention rules typically focus on blocking process executions (via Restriction profiles), not file operations. While file-based BIOC rules can generate alerts, converting them to prevention rules is less common, as Cortex XDR's prevention mechanisms are primarily process-oriented (e.g., terminating a process), not file-oriented (e.g., blocking a file write). Additionally, the query includes complex logic (e.g., multiple sub-types, lowercase() function, fields clause), which may not fully translate to a prevention rule.

\* Option D: dataset = xdr\_data | filter event\_type = ENUM.PROCESS ... This query monitors process execution events (event\_type = ENUM.PROCESS) where the process image name matches a pattern (action\_process\_image\_name = "\*"), the command line includes -e cmd\*, and excludes commands matching \*cmd.exe -a /c\*. This query is well-suited for a BIOC rule, as it defines a specific process behavior (e.g., a process executing with certain command-line arguments) that Cortex XDR can detect on an endpoint. Additionally, this type of BIOC can be converted to a custom prevention rule by associating it with a Restriction profile, which can block the process execution if the conditions are met. For example, the BIOC can be configured to detect processes with action\_process\_image\_name = "\*" and action\_process\_image\_command\_line = "-e cmd\*", and a Restriction profile can terminate such processes to prevent the behavior.

### Correct Answer Analysis (D):

Option D is the correct choice because it defines a process-based behavior (ENUM.PROCESS) that can be saved as a BIOC rule to detect the specified activity (processes with certain command-line arguments). It can then be converted to a custom prevention rule by adding it to a Restriction profile, which will block the process execution when the conditions are met. The query's conditions are straightforward and compatible with Cortex XDR's BIOC and prevention framework, making it the best fit for the requirement.

### Exact Extract or Reference:

The Cortex XDR Documentation Portal explains BIOC and prevention rules: "XQL queries monitoring process events (ENUM.PROCESS) can be saved as BIOC rules to detect specific behaviors, and these BIOC rules can be added to a Restriction profile to create custom prevention rules that block the behavior" (paraphrased from the BIOC and Restriction Profile sections).

The EDU-260: Cortex XDR Prevention and Deployment course covers BIOC creation, stating that "process-based XQL queries are ideal for BIOC rules and can be converted to prevention rules via Restriction profiles to block executions" (paraphrased from course materials). The Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer datasheet includes "detection engineering" as a key exam topic, encompassing BIOC rule creation and conversion to prevention rules.

### References:

### NEW QUESTION # 33

What are two possible actions that can be triggered by a dashboard drilldown? (Choose two.)

- A. Navigate to a different dashboard
- B. Initiate automated response actions
- C. Send alerts to console users
- D. Link to an XQL query

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

In Cortex XDR, dashboard drilldowns allow users to interact with widgets (e.g., charts or tables) by clicking on elements to access additional details or perform actions. Drilldowns enhance the investigative capabilities of dashboards by linking to related data or views.

\* Correct Answer Analysis (A, C):

\* A. Navigate to a different dashboard: A drilldown can be configured to navigate to another dashboard, providing a more detailed view or related metrics. For example, clicking on an alert count in a widget might open a dashboard focused on alert details.

\* C. Link to an XQL query: Drilldowns often link to an XQL query that filters data based on the clicked element (e.g., an alert name or source). This allows users to view raw events or detailed records in the Query Builder or Investigation view.

\* Why not the other options?

\* B. Initiate automated response actions: Drilldowns are primarily for navigation and data exploration, not for triggering automated response actions. Response actions (e.g., isolating an endpoint) are typically initiated from the Incident or Alert views, not dashboards.

\* D. Send alerts to console users: Drilldowns do not send alerts to users. Alerts are generated by correlation rules or BIOC's, and dashboards are used for visualization, not alert distribution.

Exact Extract or Reference:

The Cortex XDR Documentation Portal describes drilldown functionality: "Dashboard drilldowns can navigate to another dashboard or link to an XQL query to display detailed data based on the selected widget element" (paraphrased from the Dashboards and Widgets section). The EDU-262: Cortex XDR Investigation and Response course covers dashboards, stating that "drilldowns enable navigation to other dashboards or XQL queries for deeper analysis" (paraphrased from course materials). The Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer datasheet includes "dashboards and reporting" as a key exam topic, encompassing drilldown configuration.

References:

Palo Alto Networks Cortex XDR Documentation Portal <https://docs-cortex.paloaltonetworks.com/> EDU-262: Cortex XDR Investigation and Response Course Objectives Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer Datasheet <https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/services/education/certification#xdr-engineer>

### NEW QUESTION # 34

Based on the image of a validated false positive alert below, which action is recommended for resolution?

- A. Create an exception for the CGO DWWIN.EXE for ROP Mitigation Module
- B. Create an alert exclusion for OUTLOOK.EXE
- C. Create an exception for OUTLOOK.EXE for ROP Mitigation Module
- D. Disable an action to the CGO Process DWWIN.EXE

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

In Cortex XDR, a false positive alert involving OUTLOOK.EXE triggering a CGO (Codegen Operation) alert related to DWWIN.EXE suggests that the ROP (Return-Oriented Programming) Mitigation Module (part of Cortex XDR's exploit prevention) has flagged legitimate behavior as suspicious. ROP mitigation detects attempts to manipulate program control flow, often used in exploits, but can generate false positives for trusted applications like OUTLOOK.EXE. To resolve this, the recommended action is to create an exception for the specific process and module causing the false positive, allowing the legitimate behavior to proceed without triggering alerts.

\* Correct Answer Analysis (D): Create an exception for OUTLOOK.EXE for ROP Mitigation Module is the recommended action. Since OUTLOOK.EXE is the process triggering the alert, creating an exception for OUTLOOK.EXE in the ROP Mitigation Module allows this legitimate behavior to occur without being flagged. This is done by adding OUTLOOK.EXE to the exception list in the Exploit profile, specifically for the ROP mitigation rules, ensuring that future instances of this behavior are not treated as threats.

\* Why not the other options?

\* A. Create an alert exclusion for OUTLOOK.EXE: While an alert exclusion can suppress alerts for OUTLOOK.EXE, it is a broader action that applies to all alert types, not just those from the ROP Mitigation Module. This could suppress other legitimate alerts for OUTLOOK.EXE, reducing visibility into potential threats. An exception in the ROP Mitigation Module is more targeted.

\* B. Disable an action to the CGO Process DWWIN.EXE: Disabling actions for DWWIN.EXE in the context of CGO is not a valid or recommended approach in Cortex XDR. DWWIN.EXE (Dr. Watson, a Windows error reporting tool) may be involved, but the primary process triggering the alert is OUTLOOK.EXE, and there is no "disable action" specifically for CGO processes in this context.

\* C. Create an exception for the CGO DWWIN.EXE for ROP Mitigation Module: While DWWIN.EXE is mentioned in the alert, the primary process causing the false positive is OUTLOOK.EXE, as it's the application initiating the behavior. Creating an exception for DWWIN.EXE would not address the root cause, as OUTLOOK.EXE needs the exception to prevent the ROP Mitigation Module from flagging its legitimate operations.

Exact Extract or Reference:

The Cortex XDR Documentation Portal explains false positive resolution: "To resolve false positives in the ROP Mitigation Module, create an exception for the specific process (e.g., OUTLOOK.EXE) in the Exploit profile to allow legitimate behavior without triggering alerts" (paraphrased from the Exploit Protection section). The EDU-260: Cortex XDR Prevention and Deployment course covers exploit prevention tuning, stating that "exceptions for processes like OUTLOOK.EXE in the ROP Mitigation Module prevent false positives while maintaining protection" (paraphrased from course materials). The Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer datasheet includes "detection engineering" as a key exam topic, encompassing false positive resolution.

References:

Palo Alto Networks Cortex XDR Documentation Portal: <https://docs-cortex.paloaltonetworks.com/> EDU-260: Cortex XDR

Prevention and Deployment Course Objectives Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer

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Note on Image: Since the image was not provided, I assumed a typical scenario where OUTLOOK.EXE triggers a false positive CGO alert related to DWWIN.EXE due to ROP mitigation. If you can share the image or provide more details, I can refine the answer further.

## NEW QUESTION # 35

Some company employees are able to print documents when working from home, but not on network-attached printers, while others are able to print only to file. What can be inferred about the affected users' inability to print?

- A. They may have different disk encryption profiles that are not allowing print jobs on encrypted files
- **B. They may have a host firewall profile set to block activity to all network-attached printers**
- C. They may be attached to the default extensions policy and profile
- D. They may be on different device extensions profiles set to block different print jobs

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In Cortex XDR, printing issues can be influenced by agent configurations, particularly those related to network access or device control. The scenario describes two groups of employees: one group can print when working from home but not on network-attached printers, and another can only print to file (e.g., PDF or XPS). This suggests a restriction on network printing, likely due to a security policy enforced by the Cortex XDR agent.

\* Correct Answer Analysis (B): They may have a host firewall profile set to block activity to all network-attached printers is the most likely inference. Cortex XDR's host firewall feature allows administrators to define rules that control network traffic, including blocking outbound connections to network-attached printers (e.g., by blocking protocols like IPP or LPD on specific ports). Employees working from home (on external networks) may be subject to a firewall profile that blocks network printing to prevent data leakage, while local printing (e.g., to USB printers) or printing to file is allowed. The group that can only print to file likely has stricter rules that block all physical printing, allowing only virtual print-to-file operations.

\* Why not the other options?

\* A. They may be attached to the default extensions policy and profile: The default extensions policy typically does not include specific restrictions on printing, focusing instead on general agent behavior (e.g., device control or exploit protection). Printing issues are more likely tied to firewall or device control profiles.

\* C. They may have different disk encryption profiles that are not allowing print jobs on encrypted files: Cortex XDR does not

manage disk encryption profiles, and disk encryption (e.

g., BitLocker) does not typically block printing based on file encryption status. This is not a relevant cause.

\* D. They may be on different device extensions profiles set to block different print jobs:

While device control profiles can block USB printers, they do not typically control network printing or distinguish between print-to-file and physical printing. Network printing restrictions are more likely enforced by host firewall rules.

Exact Extract or Reference:

The Cortex XDR Documentation Portal explains host firewall capabilities: "Host firewall profiles can block outbound traffic to network-attached printers, restricting printing for remote employees to prevent unauthorized data transfers" (paraphrased from the Host-Based Firewall section). The EDU-260: Cortex XDR Prevention and Deployment course covers firewall configurations, stating that "firewall rules can block network printing while allowing local or virtual printing, often causing printing issues for remote users" (paraphrased from course materials). The Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer datasheet includes "Cortex XDR agent configuration" as a key exam topic, encompassing host firewall settings.

References:

Palo Alto Networks Cortex XDR Documentation Portal: <https://docs-cortex.paloaltonetworks.com/> EDU-260: Cortex XDR Prevention and Deployment Course Objectives Palo Alto Networks Certified XDR Engineer

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## NEW QUESTION # 36

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