

# Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer試験参考書、 Google Cloud Certified - Professional Cloud DevOps Engineer Exam Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer練習テスト

## GOOGLE CLOUD PROFESSIONAL CLOUD DEVOPS ENGINEER EXAM

ALL IN ONE GUIDE

Get Certified Efficiently This comprehensive self-study guide offers complete coverage of the new Google Cloud DevOps Engineer certification exam



JOSEPH HOLBROOK

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## >> Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer問題と解答 <<

### Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer日本語認定対策、Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer模擬トレーニング

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### Google Cloud Certified - Professional Cloud DevOps Engineer Exam 認定 Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer 試験問題 (Q81-Q86):

#### 質問 #81

You built a serverless application by using Cloud Run and deployed the application to your production environment. You want to identify the resource utilization of the application for cost optimization. What should you do?

- A. Use Cloud Monitoring to monitor the container CPU and memory utilization of the application
- B. Use Cloud Ops to create logs-based metrics to monitor the resource utilization of the application
- C. Use Cloud Trace with distributed tracing to monitor the resource utilization of the application
- D. Use Cloud Profiler with Ops Agent to monitor the CPU and memory utilization of the application

正解: C

解説:

The best option for giving developers the ability to test the latest revisions of the service before the service is exposed to customers is to run the `gcloud run deploy booking-engine --no-traffic --tag dev` command and use the `https://dev----booking-engine-abcdef.a.run.app` URL for testing. The `gcloud run deploy` command is a command that deploys a new revision of your service or updates an existing service. By using the `--no-traffic` flag, you can prevent any traffic from being sent to the new revision. By using the `--tag` flag, you can assign a tag to the new revision, such as `dev`. This way, you can create a new revision of your service without affecting your customers. You can also use the tag-based URL (e.g., `https://dev----booking-engine-abcdef.a.run.app`) to access and test the new revision.

#### 質問 #82

You recently deployed your application in Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) and now need to release a new version of the application. You need the ability to instantly roll back to the previous version of the application in case there are issues with the new version. Which deployment model should you use?

- A. Perform a canary deployment, and test your new application periodically after the new version is deployed
- B. Perform a blue/green deployment and test your new application after the deployment is complete
- C. Perform A/B testing, and test your application periodically after the deployment is complete
- D. Perform a rolling deployment and test your new application after the deployment is complete

正解: B

#### 質問 #83

You manage an application that runs in Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) and uses the blue/green deployment methodology. Extracts of the Kubernetes manifests are shown below.

```
---
apiVersion: apps/v1
```

```
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: app-green
  labels:
    app: my-app
    version: green
<other fields snipped>
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: app-svc
spec:
  selector:
    app: my-app
    version: green
<other fields snipped>
---
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: app-ingress
spec:
  defaultBackend:
    service:
      name: app-svc
<other fields snipped>
```



The Deployment app-green was updated to use the new version of the application. During post-deployment monitoring, you notice that the majority of user requests are failing. You did not observe this behavior in the testing environment. You need to mitigate the incident impact on users and enable the developers to troubleshoot the issue. What should you do?

- A. Change the selector on the Service app-2vc to app: my-app.
- B. Update the Deployment app-blue to use the new version of the application
- C. Update the Deployment app-green to use the previous version of the application
- **D. Change the selector on the Service app-svc to app: my-app, version: blue**

正解: D

解説:

Explanation

The best option for mitigating the incident impact on users and enabling the developers to troubleshoot the issue is to change the selector on the Service app-svc to app: my-app, version: blue. A Service is a resource that defines how to access a set of Pods. A selector is a field that specifies which Pods are selected by the Service. By changing the selector on the Service app-svc to app: my-app, version: blue, you can ensure that the Service only routes traffic to the Pods that have both labels app: my-app and version: blue. These Pods belong to the Deployment app-blue, which uses the previous version of the application. This way, you can mitigate the incident impact on users by switching back to the working version of the application. You can also enable the developers to troubleshoot the issue with the new version of the application in the Deployment app-green without affecting users.

#### 質問 # 84

Your company is developing applications that are deployed on Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) Each team manages a different application You need to create the development and production environments for each team while you minimize costs Different teams should not be able to access other teams environments You want to follow Google-recommended practices What should you do?

- A. Create a development and a production GKE cluster in separate projects In each cluster create a Kubernetes namespace per team and then configure Identity-Aware Proxy so that each team can only access its own namespace
- **B. Create a development and a production GKE cluster in separate projects In each cluster create a Kubernetes namespace per team and then configure Kubernetes role-based access control (RBAC) so that each team can only access its own namespace**
- C. Create one Google Cloud project per team In each project create a cluster with a Kubernetes namespace for development and one for production Grant the teams Identity and Access Management (IAM) access to their respective clusters.
- D. Create one Google Cloud project per team In each project create a cluster for development and one for production Grant the teams Identity and Access Management (IAM) access to their respective clusters

正解: B

解説:

The best option for creating the development and production environments for each team while minimizing costs and ensuring isolation is to create a development and a production GKE cluster in separate projects, in each cluster create a Kubernetes namespace per team, and then configure Kubernetes role-based access control (RBAC) so that each team can only access its own namespace. This option allows you to use fewer clusters and projects than creating one project or cluster per team, which reduces costs and complexity. It also allows you to isolate each team's environment by using namespaces and RBAC, which prevents teams from accessing other teams' environments.

#### 質問 # 85

You have a CI/CD pipeline that uses Cloud Build to build new Docker images and push them to Docker Hub.

You use Git for code versioning. After making a change in the Cloud Build YAML configuration, you notice that no new artifacts are being built by the pipeline. You need to resolve the issue following Site Reliability Engineering practices. What should you do?

- **A. Change the CI pipeline to push the artifacts to Container Registry instead of Docker Hub.**
- B. Run a Git compare between the previous and current Cloud Build Configuration files to find and fix the bug.
- C. Disable the CI pipeline and revert to manually building and pushing the artifacts.
- D. Upload the configuration YAML file to Cloud Storage and use Error Reporting to identify and fix the issue.

正解: A

#### 質問 # 86

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**Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer日本語認定対策:** [https://www.jpexam.com/Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer\\_exam.html](https://www.jpexam.com/Professional-Cloud-DevOps-Engineer_exam.html)

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