

1z0-1093-25 Oracle Cloud Database Services 2025

Professional neueste Studie Torrent & 1z0-1093-25

tatsächliche prep Prüfung



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Oracle 1z0-1093-25 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	• NoSQL Database Service Technical Overview: This section of the exam measures the skills of a NoSQL Developer and explores Oracle's NoSQL Database Service. It includes understanding the basics of NoSQL architecture, handling table-level security, rate limiting, and data modeling. It also covers concepts like provisioned throughput and the usage of language SDKs for interacting with NoSQL services on Oracle Cloud.
Thema 2	• MySQL HeatWave Technical Overview: This section of the exam measures the skills of a MySQL Cloud Specialist and introduces MySQL HeatWave, Oracle's high-performance analytics engine for MySQL. It includes provisioning, migrating existing MySQL databases to HeatWave, and working with its analytical and machine-learning capabilities. It also covers day-to-day operational activities within the MySQL HeatWave environment.
Thema 3	• Base Database Service - VM (BaseDB): This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Database Administrator and covers the foundational elements of Oracle's Base Database Service. It includes understanding what the BaseDB service is, how to provision and manage it, and lifecycle operations such as backups, recovery, patching, and upgrades. It also tests familiarity with monitoring and management interfaces used to control and observe the BaseDB environment.

Thema 4	Exadata Database Service (ExaDB): This section of the exam measures the skills of a Database Infrastructure Engineer and focuses on the advanced Exadata Database Service. It includes the provisioning of Exadata systems, management of Exadata Cloud Infrastructure, and VM Cluster administration. It also evaluates knowledge of lifecycle management tasks and how to interact with various Exadata management utilities and interfaces.
Thema 5	Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Database Management Service: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cloud Operations Analyst and provides insight into Oracle's Database Management Service on OCI. It focuses on enabling the service for databases, monitoring their performance, and performing diagnostic and tuning activities. It also covers tasks related to the administration of databases running on Oracle Cloud Infrastructure.

>> 1z0-1093-25 Exam <<

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Oracle Cloud Database Services 2025 Professional 1z0-1093-25 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q35-Q40):

35. Frage

What is the MOST effective method to minimize the recovery time objective (RTO) for a BaseDB database in the event of a complete DB system failure, assuming both cost and complexity are important considerations?

- A. Implementing a custom script to regularly copy data files to a secondary block volume.
- B. Relying solely on regular full database backups.
- C. Using Oracle Data Guard with asynchronous replication to a different availability domain within the same region.
- D. Performing frequent incremental backups with block change tracking enabled.
- E. Using Oracle Data Guard with synchronous replication to a remote region.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

C: Using Oracle Data Guard with asynchronous replication to a different availability domain within the same region.

Asynchronous Replication:

- * Minimizes performance impact while ensuring data protection.
- * Placing standby in the same region reduces latency and cost.
- * Fast switchover reduces RTO.

Why the other options are less effective:

- * A. Full backups: Time-consuming for recovery.
- * B. Synchronous to a remote region: Increases latency and cost.
- * D. Incremental backups: Slower recovery process.
- * E. Custom script: Complex and less reliable than Data Guard.

36. Frage

Which two functionalities are provided by the SQL Performance Analyzer (SPA) within Database Management, aiding in cloud database tuning?

- A. Analyze the execution plan of a SQL statement and suggest alternative indexing strategies.
- B. Compare the performance of SQL statements before and after a database change (e.g., upgrade, parameter change).
- C. Generate a report highlighting the performance impact of a specific database change on a set of SQL statements.
- D. Automatically rewrite SQL queries to improve their performance.

Antwort: B,C

Begründung:

B: Compare SQL performance before and after changes:

- * SPA evaluates the effect of configuration changes, upgrades, or patches on SQL performance.
- * Provides insights into whether a change improves or degrades query performance.

C: Generate performance impact reports:

- * SPA generates reports summarizing the effects of specific changes on SQL workload performance.
- * Helps DBAs make informed decisions before implementing changes in production.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. Automatically rewriting SQL:SPA does not modify queries; it only analyzes and compares performance.
- * D. Suggesting indexing strategies:SPA evaluates performance impacts, but indexing recommendations are made by the SQL Tuning Advisor.

37. Frage

Which statement accurately describes the function of the HeatWave service in relation to a standard MySQL database?

- A. HeatWave is a clustering solution, where a single MySQL instance is split into multiple parts.
- B. HeatWave acts as a caching layer in front of MySQL, speeding up access to frequently accessed data.
- C. HeatWave is a standalone database system that replaces MySQL, offering enhanced security features.
- D. HeatWave is a specialized version of MySQL designed solely for transactional workloads, optimized for high concurrency.
- **E. HeatWave provides an in-memory, massively parallel query accelerator to MySQL, improving analytical query performance.**

Antwort: E

Begründung:

HeatWave as a Query Accelerator:

HeatWave enhances the MySQL Database Service by providing an in-memory, massively parallel query accelerator. It is specifically designed to speed up analytical (OLAP) queries, making them run significantly faster compared to using MySQL alone.

- * The system stores data in a columnar format and processes it in memory, utilizing distributed, parallel processing to achieve high performance.
- * Unlike traditional MySQL setups, HeatWave can execute complex analytical workload efficiently.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: HeatWave is not a standalone database but an extension of MySQL.
- * C: It is optimized for analytical workloads, not transactional.
- * D: It is more than just a caching layer; it actively processes queries.
- * E: HeatWave clusters do not split MySQL instances but enhance query processing.

38. Frage

How does the HeatWave Lakehouse capability extend the analytical capabilities of MySQL HeatWave?

- A. By providing a built-in ETL (Extract, Transform, Load) tool for data integration.
- B. By automatically replicating the MySQL database to a disaster recovery site.
- C. By providing a graphical user interface for managing the MySQL database.
- **D. By enabling HeatWave to query data directly from object storage (e.g., Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Object Storage, Amazon S3) in various formats without requiring data loading.**
- E. By creating a separate data warehouse in the cloud to store historical data.

Antwort: D

Begründung:

B: Querying data directly from object storage without data loading:

- * HeatWave Lakehouse extends MySQL HeatWave by allowing direct query execution on data stored in external object storage.
- * Supports formats such as CSV, Parquet, and Avro.
- * Eliminates the need for data import, making the process faster and more efficient for large datasets.
- * Enhances HeatWave's capability to act as a Lakehouse by unifying data warehousing and data lake functionalities.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A. GUI for database management: Not related to analytical extension.

- * C. Disaster recovery replication: Not related to Lakehouse functionality.
- * D. Built-in ETL tool: Lakehouse focuses on query capability, not ETL.
- * E. Separate data warehouse: HeatWave Lakehouse queries data in-place, not creating a separate warehouse.

39. Frage

Which of the following is the recommended approach for migrating a large, mission-critical database from an on-premises Exadata system to Exadata Database Service with minimal downtime?

- A. Traditional export/import using Data Pump over a public network.
- B. Performing a full backup and restore to a new Exadata Database Service instance.
- **C. Creating a physical standby database using Data Guard and switching over to the standby in OCI.**
- D. Using SQL Developer to copy the data over a VPN connection.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

B: Using Data Guard for physical standby and switchover:

* This method enables minimal downtime migration.

* Steps:

* Configure Data Guard to synchronize the standby database with the primary on-premises database.

* Once synchronized, perform a switchover to make the standby the new primary.

* Downtime is limited to the switchover duration.

* This approach leverages real-time replication to minimize disruption.

Why the other options are incorrect:

* A. Export/Import with Data Pump: Too time-consuming for large databases.

* C. Full backup and restore: High downtime due to the time required for data transfer and restoration.

* D. Copying via SQL Developer: Not feasible for mission-critical and large databases due to slow transfer speeds.

40. Frage

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