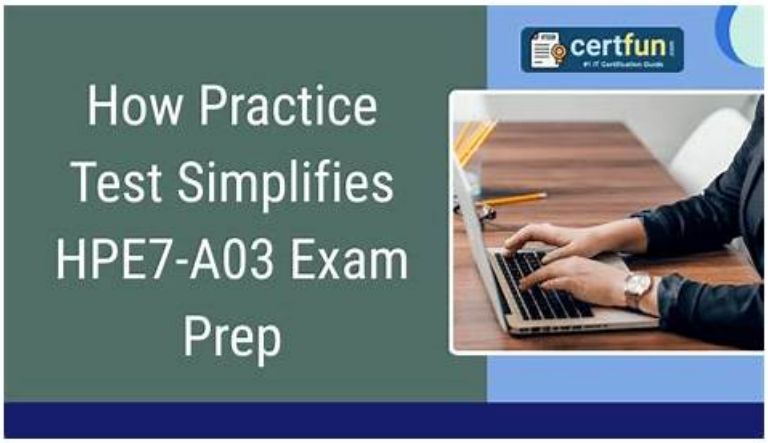
HPE7-A03 Prüfung & HPE7-A03 Echte Fragen



P.S. Kostenlose und neue HPE7-A03 Prüfungsfragen sind auf Google Drive freigegeben von ZertPruefung verfügbar: https://drive.google.com/open?id=16pf_5JDNQUZe86SIvSRTz6KSkAp4-8jo

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HP HPE7-A03 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	• Discover Requirements: This topic defines the goals and identifies the current environment and the objectives. Lastly, it also focuses on collecting information.
Thema 2	• Architect the Solution: It measures your knowledge about identifying the solution options, designing high-level topologies, selecting the correct products, and determining the suitable overlay and underlay design. Additionally, the topic discusses how to verify that the design meets the original requirements.
Thema 3	• Analyze Requirements: It focuses on determining possible high-level solutions. The topic also discusses mapping the needs into technical solutions and evaluating the proposed solution against project objectives and dependencies. Moreover, it also focuses on documenting assumptions.
Thema 4	• Propose the Solution: The focal point of this topic is creating the design documentation and the final design. Moreover, the topic also focuses on presenting the solution.

>> HPE7-A03 Prüfung <<

HPE7-A03 Echte Fragen & HPE7-A03 Schulungsunterlagen

Man soll stets Maßnahmen für Erfolg, sondern keine Ausreden für Misserfog finden. Die Schulungsunterlagen zur HP HPE7-A03 Zertifizierungsprüfung von ZertPruefung enthalten Testaufgaben und Antworten, die von unseren erfahrenen IT-Experten durch ihre ständige Praxis und Erforschung entworfen sind. Sie verfügen über hohe Genauigkeit und große Reichweite. Sie werden Ihr bester Helfer sein, während Sie die HP HPE7-A03 Zertifizierungsprüfung vorbereiten.

HP Aruba Certified Campus Access Architect Exam HPE7-A03 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q30-Q35):

30. Frage
A global furniture retail company called 'No-Stair Inc.' requests you design their new WLAN infrastructure for a global footprint. Each location of 'No-Stair Inc." has a similar layout: three small manager offices, a warehouse, and a 'retail' area. The 'retail' area and the warehouse together amount to 95% of the location. The IT department of the company is minimally engaged in their LAN refresh so the CTO of the company has shared the information below.
Current WLAN Infrastructure is based on the 802.11n "WIFI4Less" access-points series (both model 2013-INT (2.4 only internal antenna) and model 2019-EXT (dual-band external antenna only). These AP models are standalone without any centralized management. Last year 'No-Stair Inc.' ran a project called 'secure-it' ensuring that all needed network security was implemented to be fully compliant with their security standards. During this project, they also upgraded the AAA.
Infrastructure to handle the increased AAA requests. No additional Wi-Fi or security requirements are listed for this WLAN refresh, which means that 'No-Stair Inc.' will continue to use bridged SSIDs, with local breakout into different VLANs.
The CTO of 'No-Stair Inc.' understands the need for you to ask additional questions to deliver the design. The questions may be sent in written form and will be answered within two weeks.
What is a possible constraint?

- A. Does the existing core switch support an upgraded Wi-Fi Network?
- B. Does the existing AAA infrastructure support an upgraded Wi-Fi Network?
- C. Does the existing wired network support enough drops for an upgraded Wi-Fi Network?
- D. Does the existing WAN infrastructure support an upgraded Wi-Fi Network?

Antwort: A

Begründung:
Because the design will continue to use bridged SSIDs with local VLAN breakout, all wireless traffic depends on the existing LAN/core, so whether the existing core switch can support the upgraded Wi-Fi network is a key infrastructure limitation and thus a valid constraint.

31. Frage
A global furniture retail company called 'No-Stair Inc.' requests you design their new WLAN infrastructure for a global footprint. Each location of No-Stair Inc.' has a similar layout: three small manager offices, a warehouse, and a 'retail' area. The 'retail' area and the warehouse together amount to 95% of the location. The IT department of the company Is minimally engaged In their LAN refresh so the CTO of the company has shared the information below Current WLAN Infrastructure Is based on the 802.1 In "WlF14Less" access-points series (both model 2013- INT (2.4 only Internal antenna) and model 2019-EXT (dual-band external antenna only)). These AP models are standalone without any centralized management. Last year 'No-Stair InC ran a project called secure. It' ensuring that all needed network security was Implemented to be fully compliant with their security standards.
During this project, they also upgraded the AAA infrastructure to handle the Increased AAA requests. No additional Wi-Fi or security requirements are listed for this WLAN refresh, which means that 'No-Stair Inc.' will continue to use bridged SSIDs. with local breakout into different VLANs.
The CTO of No-Stair Inc.' understands the need for you to ask additional questions to deliver the design The questions may be sent in written form and will be answered within two weeks.
What additional question needs to be answered in order to collect needed information for tie WLAN design?

- A. Does the existing wired network support enough drops for an upgraded Wi-Fi Network?
- B. Who Is the campus switch vendor?
- C. Is there enough cooling in the MOF?
- D. What type or fiber connection it used between the core and access layer switches?

Antwort: A

Begründung:
When upgrading a WLAN infrastructure, it's important to ensure that the existing wired network can support the new wireless access points (APs) in terms of connectivity and power (if using Power over Ethernet, PoE).
For 'No-Stair Inc.,' which is planning a WLAN refresh without specific changes to the Wi-Fi or security requirements but potentially with new AP models and configurations, verifying the capacity of the wired network is crucial. The question about whether the existing wired network has enough drops (ethernet connections) for the upgraded Wi-Fi network addresses this concern. It's essential to ensure that there are sufficient ethernet ports available in the right locations to connect the new APs, and that these ports can provide the necessary power and data rates required by modern APs. This information will help in planning the deployment of the new APs, avoiding potential bottlenecks and ensuring that the upgraded WLAN can deliver the desired performance and coverage

32. Frage
A global cruise line company needs to refresh its current fleet. They will refresh the 'insides' of the ship to be cost-effective and increase their sustainability. They will replace the complete WLAN/LAN hardware of the ship. In this refresh, the company will not refresh its current security requirements. The CIO also wants to limit the number of unused ports in the switches. Future expansion will always mean a refresh of hardware. They start with the smallest ship with a maximum of 800 guests.
Each ship has a LAN infrastructure consisting of two core switches, up to 10 redundant distribution switches, and up to 500 access switches (400 cabins, 100 technical rooms). The Core switches are located in the MDF of the ship and the distribution switches are located in the IDFs of the ship. Each cabin and technical room gets one single access switch.
The cabling structure of the ship will not be refreshed. Each IDF is connected to the MDF by SMF, of which two pairs are available for the interconnect between the core and distribution. The length of SM fiber between MDF and IDF is less than 300 meters (980 ft) and the type used is OS1. Each cabin is connected by a single OM2 pair to the IDF, the maximum length is 60 meters (200 ft). Each technical room is connected by a single OM2 pair to the IDF, with lengths between
100 and 150 meters (320 and 500 ft).
For each cabin/technical room the customer is looking to replace their current fan-less 2530/2540 without changing the requirements, except they need to upgrade the uplink to distribution switch to 10GbE to handle the increased network traffic, and the technical rooms need redundant power.
The WLAN infrastructure will be 1:1 refreshed without new cabling or new AP locations. Their WLAN infrastructure is based on the 200/300 series indoor and outdoor APs running InstantOS (less than 300 APs), the customer has no change in WLAN requirements.
The cruise line company will replace its current internet connection before the LAN/WLAN refresh. The new Internet connection will provide a 99.8% uptime, which is needed to ensure the paid quest Wi-Fi is always operational. With this new Internet connection, the CIO of the cruise line wants to base the design on the ESP architecture from Aruba because internet connection is guaranteed.
Based on the best practices, what should you recommend as the correct optic type for the connection between the IDF and the cabins?

- A. 10G LC BiDi 40 km-D 1330/1270 XCVR
- B. 10GBASE-T SFP- RJ-35 30 m Cat6A Transceiver
- C. 106 SFP- LC LRM 220 m MMF Transceiver
- D. 106 SFP- LC SR 300 m MMF Transceiver

Antwort: D

Begründung:
For the connection between the IDF and the cabins, which requires supporting distances up to 60 meters on OM2 fiber, the most appropriate optic type is the Aruba 10G SFP+ LC SR 300 m MMF Transceiver. This transceiver is compatible with multi-mode fiber (MMF) and is capable of supporting the required distance for connections to the cabins, making it a suitable choice based on the company's existing cabling structure and the need for 10GbE uplink capabilities to manage increased network traffic. The SR (Short Range) designation indicates that this transceiver is optimized for short to medium distances, which aligns with the maximum 60-meter distance from IDF to cabins, ensuring reliable and high-speed connectivity for the ship's LAN infrastructure within the given physical constraints.

33. Frage
Which is true when it comes to Aruba Central licensing for gateways? (Select two.)

- A. Aruba WLAN Gateway licenses allow normal SD-Branch features within a campus.
- B. Aruba SD-8ranch Gateway licenses allow normal WLAN Gateway features within a campus.
- C. Aruba Gateway normallicensing is subdivided into three categories: Foundation. Advanced, and Foundation Base.
- D. SD-WAN Gateway functionality requires security licensing.

Antwort: B,D

Begründung:
In the context of Aruba Central licensing for gateways, it is true that SD-WAN Gateway functionality requires a specific security licensing (Option B), which is essential for enabling advanced security features and capabilities in an SD-WAN deployment. This includes functionalities like firewall, threat management, and secure VPN connections. Additionally, Aruba SD-Branch Gateway licenses allow for the use of standard WLAN Gateway features within a campus environment (Option C). This means that with an SD-Branch Gateway license, the gateway can handle traditional WLAN management and security tasks, in addition to its SD-WAN capabilities, providing a unified solution for both branch and campus deployments.

34. Frage
What documents should be included in the solution proposal? (Place the correct items into the list at the right.
Order is not important. Not all options will be used)

Antwort:

Begründung:
Explanation:
For the solution proposal, the documents that should typically be included are:
* Architect's notes from meetings
* As-built rack drawings
* Assumptions documented in design
* Bill of materials
* Data sheets of equipment proposed
* Proposed topology diagram
* Quote

35. Frage
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