熱門的SC-401考古題&認證考試的領導者材料和快速下載SC-401熱門題庫

BONUS!!! 免費下載PDFExamDumps SC-401考試題庫的完整版：https://drive.google.com/open?id=13sAhcKqVQXw0yW0w82XvGGO1XN_3qR6_

很多人都認為要通過一些高難度的SC-401認證考試是需要精通很多Microsoft專業知識。只有掌握很全面的IMicrosoft知識的人才會有資格去報名參加的考試。其實現在有很多方法可以幫你彌補你的知識不足的，一樣能通過SC-401認證考試，也許比那些專業知識相當全面的人花的時間和精力更少，正所謂條條大路通羅馬。

在如今這個人才濟濟的社會，穩固自己的職位是最好的生存方法。PDFExamDumps提供的考試練習題的答案是非常準確的，我們是可以100%幫你通過SC-401考試。但是穩固自己的職位並不是那麼容易的。當別人在不斷努力讓提高職業水準時，如果你還在原地踏步、安於現狀，那麼你就會被淘汰掉。要想穩固自己的職位，需要不斷提升自己的職業能力，跟上別人的步伐，你才能使自己不太落後於別人。

>> SC-401考古題 <<

SC-401熱門題庫，SC-401真題

相信在IT行業工作的很多人都希望通過一些IT認證考試獲得到相應的認證證書。一些IT認證證書可以幫助你在競爭激烈的IT行業裏步步高升。目前很熱門的Microsoft SC-401 認證證書就是其中之一。雖然通過Microsoft SC-401 認證考試不是很容易，但是還是有很多通過Microsoft SC-401 認證考試的辦法。你可以選擇花大量的時間和精力來鞏固考試相關知識，也可以選擇一些有效的培訓課程。PDFExamDumps提供的針對性模擬測試就很有效，能節約你的寶貴的時間和精力就能達到你想要目標，PDFExamDumps會是你很好的選擇。

Microsoft SC-401 考試大綱：

主題	簡介
主題 1	• Manage Risks, Alerts, and Activities: This section assesses Security Operations Analysts on insider risk management, monitoring alerts, and investigating security activities. It covers configuring risk policies, handling forensic evidence, and responding to alerts using Microsoft Purview and Defender tools. Candidates must also analyze audit logs and manage security workflows.
主題 2	• Implement Data Loss Prevention and Retention: This section evaluates Data Protection Officers on designing and managing data loss prevention (DLP) policies and retention strategies. It includes setting policies for data security, configuring Endpoint DLP, and managing retention labels and policies. Candidates must understand adaptive scopes, policy precedence, and data recovery within Microsoft 365.
主題 3	• Protect Data Used by AI Services: This section evaluates AI Governance Specialists on securing data in AI-driven environments. It includes implementing controls for Microsoft Purview, configuring Data Security Posture Management (DSPM) for AI, and monitoring AI-related security risks to ensure compliance and protection.

主題 4	• Implement Information Protection: This section measures the skills of Information Security Analysts in classifying and protecting data. It covers identifying and managing sensitive information, creating and applying sensitivity labels, and implementing protection for Windows, file shares, and Exchange. Candidates must also configure document fingerprinting, trainable classifiers, and encryption strategies using Microsoft Purview.

最新的 Microsoft Certified: Information Security Administrator Associate SC-401 免費考試真題 (Q121-Q126):

問題 #121

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 tenant that has devices onboarded to Microsoft Defender for Endpoint as shown in the following table.

Name	Type
Device1	Windows 11
Device2	Windows 10
Device3	iOS
Device4	macOS

You plan to start using Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss protection (Endpoint DLP).
Which devices support Endpoint DLP?

- A. Device1, Device2, and Device4 only
- B. Device1 and Device2 only
- C. Device1 only
- D. Device1, Device2, Device3, and Device4
- E. Device1 and Device4 only

答案：B

解題說明：
Microsoft 365 Endpoint data loss prevention (Endpoint DLP) is supported only on Windows 10 and Windows 11 devices. It does not support macOS or iOS at this time.
From the provided table:
*Device1 (Windows 11) - Supported
*Device2 (Windows 10) - Supported
*Device3 (iOS) - Not supported
*Device4 (macOS) - Not supported
Thus, only Device1 and Device2 support Endpoint DLP.

問題 #122

You receive an email that contains a list of words that will be used for a sensitive information type.
You need to create a file that can be used as the source of a keyword dictionary.
In which format should you save the list?

- A. an ACCDB database file that contains a table named Dictionary
- B. a CSV file that contains words separated by commas
- C. an XLSX file that contains one word in each cell of the first row
- D. a TSV file that contains words separated by tabs

答案：B

解題說明：
Correct:
* a CSV file that contains words separated by commas

* a text file that has one word on each line

Incorrect:

* an ACCDB database file that contains a table named Dictionary
* a DOCX file that has one word on each line
* a JSON file that has an element for each word
* a TSV file that contains words separated by tabs
* an XML file that contains a keyword tag for each word
* an XLSX file that contains one word in each cell of the first row

Note:

To create a keyword dictionary for a sensitive information type in Microsoft Purview Data Loss Prevention (DLP), you must use a plain text (.txt) file (or a .CSV file) where each keyword is on a separate line.

Format Example (TXT file):

confidential

sensitive

classified

top secret

This format is simple, efficient, and directly compatible with Microsoft 365 DLP policies for keyword dictionaries.

How to use the keyword dictionary?

Create a text file with one keyword per line.

Upload it to Microsoft Purview under Data Classification > Sensitive Info Types.

Use the dictionary in a DLP policy to identify and protect sensitive information.

In steps:

Create a keyword dictionary using the Microsoft Purview portal

Use these steps to create or import keywords for a custom dictionary:

1. Sign in to the Microsoft Purview portal Information Protection > Classifiers > Sensitive info types.

2. Select + Create sensitive info type and then enter a Name and Description for your sensitive info type. Choose Next.

3. On the Define patterns for this sensitive info type page, choose + Create pattern.

4. In the New pattern window, select a Confidence level.

5. Choose Add a Primary element and select Keyword dictionary.

*-> 6. On the Add a keyword dictionary flyout, you can:

6a.Upload a dictionary file in TXT or CSV format.

6b. Choose from existing dictionaries.

or create a new dictionary by entering keywords manually and giving it a name.

Reference:

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/purview/sit-create-a-keyword-dictionary

問題 #123

You have a Microsoft 365 ES subscription that uses Microsoft Teams and contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Team membership
User1	Team1, Team2
User2	Team1

You have the retention policies shown in the following table.

Name	Location	Included	Retain items for	Start retention period	At the end of retention period
Policy1	Microsoft Teams channel messages	All teams	7 years	When items are created	Delete items automatically
	Microsoft Teams chats	User1			
Policy2	Microsoft Teams channel messages	Team1	5 years	When items are created	Delete items automatically
	Microsoft Teams chats	User2			

The users perform the actions shown in the following table.

User	Location	Action
User1	Team1 channel	Edits a message
User2	Private 1:1 chat with User1	Sends a message to User1
User1	Team2 channel	Deletes a message

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

Statements	Yes	No
The message edited by User1 will be deleted after five years.	○	○
User1 can see the message sent by User2 for up to seven years.	○	○
The message deleted by User1 will be moved to the SubstrateHolds folder.	○	○

答案：

解題說明：

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The message edited by User1 will be deleted after five years.	○	[○]
User1 can see the message sent by User2 for up to seven years.	[○]	○
The message deleted by User1 will be moved to the SubstrateHolds folder.	[○]	○

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The message edited by User1 will be deleted after five years.	○	●
User1 can see the message sent by User2 for up to seven years.	●	○
The message deleted by User1 will be moved to the SubstrateHolds folder.	●	○

Let's analyze each scenario based on the given retention policies and Microsoft 365 documentation.

Policies Recap

Policy1

Teams channel messages # All Teams # Retain 7 years # Delete automatically.

Teams chats # User1 # Retain 7 years # Delete automatically.

Policy2

Teams channel messages # Team1 # Retain 5 years # Delete automatically.

Teams chats # User2 # Retain 5 years # Delete automatically.

Reference: Retention policies in Microsoft Teams

Statement 1: The message edited by User1 will be deleted after five years.

Location = Team1 channel.

Policy1 applies (7 years for all Teams).

Policy2 applies (5 years for Team1).

Conflict rule: For retention, the longest duration wins.

Therefore, the message stays 7 years, not 5.

The answer: NO

Statement 2: User1 can see the message sent by User2 for up to seven years.

Location = Private 1:1 chat (User2 # User1).

For User1's mailbox: Policy1 applies (7 years).

For User2's mailbox: Policy2 applies (5 years).

Retention in Teams chats is per-user, so each participant may have different durations.

For User1, the retention is 7 years.

The answer: YES

Statement 3: The message deleted by User1 will be moved to the SubstrateHolds folder.

Location = Team2 channel.

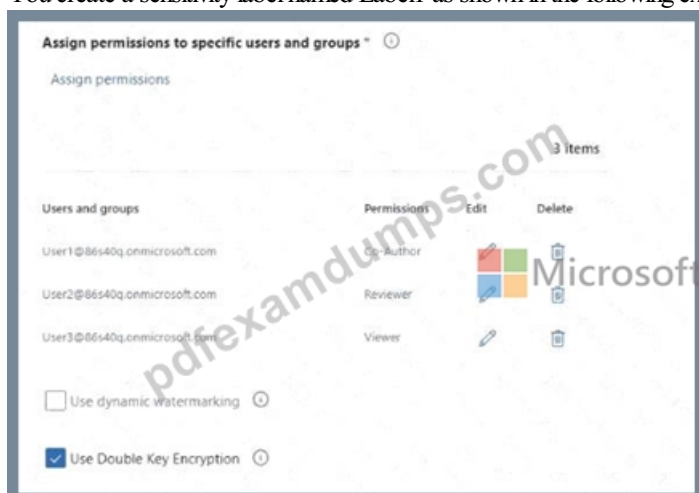User1 deletes the message, but retention policy (Policy1) applies (7 years).

Retention overrides user deletion: message is moved to the SubstrateHolds folder in the hidden mailbox for preservation.

Reference: How retention works with SubstrateHolds

The answer: YES

問題 #124

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains three users named User1, User2, and User3 and a file named Filetdocx. You create a sensitivity label named Label1 as shown in the following exhibit.

You apply Label1 to File1.
For which users can Microsoft 365 Copilot summarize File1?

- A. User1 and User2 only
- B. User1, User2, and User3
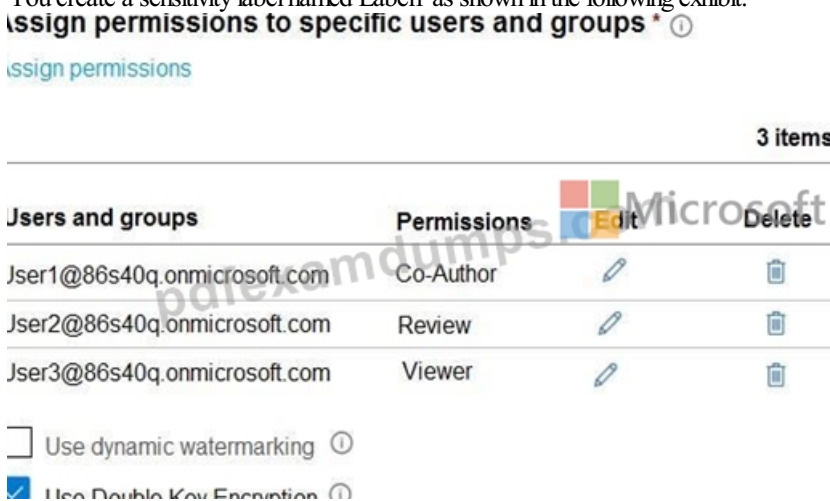- C. No user
- D. User 1 only

答案：C

解題說明：

The sensitivity label Label1 assigns permissions (User1 = Co-Author, User2 = Reviewer, User3 = Viewer) and enables Double Key Encryption (DKE). Microsoft 365 Copilot can summarize content only when the service can access the file using the user's permissions. Content protected with Double Key Encryption is not accessible to Microsoft cloud services (including Copilot); as a result, Copilot cannot open or process DKE- protected files for any user, even if they can open the file themselves in Office apps. Therefore, no user can use Microsoft 365 Copilot to summarize File1.
Reference: Microsoft Purview Double Key Encryption-service access limitations for Microsoft cloud services, including Copilot and search indexing.

問題 #125

You have a Microsoft 365 E5 subscription that contains thee users named User1, User2, and User3 and a file named File1.docx. You create a sensitivity label named Label1 as shown in the following exhibit.

You apply Label1 to File1.
For which users can Microsoft 365 Copilot summarize File1?

- A. User1 and User2 only

- B. User1, User2, and User3
- C. User1 only
- D. No user

答案：C

解題說明：

When the sensitivity label applies encryption, the user must have the EXTRACT and VIEW usage rights for Copilot to summarize the data.

User1 - Yes

User1 is Co-Author.

Microsoft 365 co-authors typically have both view and extract permissions when working on documents collaboratively. Co-authors can view and edit the document, and also copy and extract content from it, depending on the specific permissions granted.

User2 - No

A "Reviewer" role generally has view permissions, but not necessarily extract permissions.

Reviewers can typically view the content of documents, files, or other resources, and often can add comments or make tracked changes (depending on the specific implementation and settings). However, they may not have the ability to download or export the content, unless explicitly granted those rights.

User3 - No

User3 has only view permission, not extract permissions.

Note:

If a user is the owner of a sensitivity label and that label is applied to a file, Microsoft 365 Copilot can summarize the file for that user, provided the user also has the necessary usage rights, specifically EXTRACT and VIEW, granted by the sensitivity label, according to Microsoft Learn. If the label includes encryption, these usage rights become crucial for Copilot's ability to access and summarize the content.

Reference:

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/copilot/microsoft-365/microsoft-365-copilot-architecture-data- protection-auditing

問題 #126

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你已經看到PDFExamDumps Microsoft的SC-401考試認證培訓資料，是時候做出選擇了，你甚至可以選擇其他的產品，不過你要知道我們PDFExamDumps帶給你的無限大的利益，也只有PDFExamDumps能給你100%保證成功，PDFExamDumps能讓你有個美好的前程，讓你以後在IT行業有更寬廣的道路可以走，高效率的工作在資訊技術領域。

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