Quiz 2026 Efficient Splunk Reliable SPLK-2002 Exam Question

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Splunk Enterprise Certified Architect Sample Questions (Q61-Q66):

NEW QUESTION # 61
Which index-time props.conf attributes impact indexing performance? (Select all that apply.)

- A. SHOULD_LINEMERGE
- B. REPORT
- C. LINE_BREAKER
- D. ANNOTATE_PUNCT

Answer: A,C

Explanation:
Explanation
The index-time props.conf attributes that impact indexing performance are LINE_BREAKER and SHOULD_LINEMERGE. These attributes determine how Splunk breaks the incoming data into events and whether it merges multiple events into one. These operations can affect the indexing speed and the disk space consumption. The REPORT attribute does not impact indexing performance, as it is used to apply transforms at search time. The ANNOTATE_PUNCT attribute does not impact indexing performance, as it is used to add punctuation metadata to events at search time. For more information, see [About props.conf and transforms.conf] in the Splunk documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 62
Which command will permanently decommission a peer node operating in an indexer cluster?

- A. splunk offline -f
- B. splunk offline --enforce-counts
- C. splunk stop -f
- D. splunk decommission --enforce counts

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 63
Which of the following strongly impacts storage sizing requirements for Enterprise Security?

- A. The number of source types used in the environment.
- B. The number of Data Models accelerated.
- C. The number of scheduled (correlation) searches.
- D. The number of Splunk users configured.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Data Model acceleration is a feature that enables faster searches over large data sets by summarizing the raw data into a more efficient format. Data Model acceleration consumes additional disk space, as it stores both the raw data and the summarized data. The amount of disk space required depends on the size and complexity of the Data Model, the retention period of the summarized data, and the compression ratio of the data. According to the Splunk Enterprise Security Planning and Installation Manual, Data Model acceleration is one of the factors that strongly impacts storage sizing requirements for Enterprise Security. The other factors are the volume and type of data sources, the retention policy of the data, and the replication factor and search factor of the index cluster. The number of scheduled (correlation) searches, the number of Splunk users configured, and the number of source types used in the environment are not directly related to storage sizing requirements for Enterprise Security1
1: https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/ES/6.6.0/Install/Plan#Storage_sizing_requirements

NEW QUESTION # 64
Which of the following statements describe search head clustering? (Select all that apply.)

- A. A deployer is required.
- B. At least three search heads are needed.
- C. The deployer must have sufficient CPU and network resources to process service requests and push configurations.
- D. Search heads must meet the high-performance reference server requirements.

Answer: B,D

NEW QUESTION # 65
A Splunk architect has inherited the Splunk deployment at Buttercup Games and end users are complaining that the events are inconsistently formatted for a web source. Further investigation reveals that not all weblogs flow through the same infrastructure: some of the data goes through heavy forwarders and some of the forwarders are managed by another department.

Which of the following items might be the cause of this issue?

- A. The search head may have different configurations than the indexers.
- B. The data inputs are not properly configured across all the forwarders.
- C. The indexers may have different configurations than the heavy forwarders.
- D. The forwarders managed by the other department are an older version than the rest.

Answer: C

Explanation:
Explanation
The indexers may have different configurations than the heavy forwarders, which might cause the issue of inconsistently formatted events for a web sourcetype. The heavy forwarders perform parsing and indexing on the data before sending it to the indexers. If the indexers have different configurations than the heavy forwarders, such as different props.conf or transforms.conf settings, the data may be parsed or indexed differently on the indexers, resulting in inconsistent events. The search head configurations do not affect the event formatting, as the search head does not parse or index the data. The data inputs configurations on the forwarders do not affect the event formatting, as the data inputs only determine what data to collect and how to monitor it. The forwarder version does not affect the event formatting, as long as the forwarder is compatible with the indexer. For more information, see [Heavy forwarder versus indexer] and [Configure event processing] in the Splunk documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 66
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