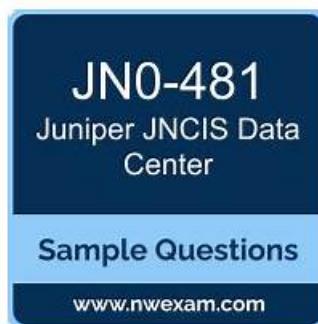


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## Juniper Data Center, Specialist (JNCIS-DC) Sample Questions (Q57-Q62):

### NEW QUESTION # 57

What is the purpose of an interface map in Juniper Asstra?

- A. An interface map specifies the connections between racks in a template.
- B. An interface map associates a logical device with a device profile.
- C. An interface map specifies the number of ports and the port speeds of a logical device
- D. An interface map specifies a connection between the interfaces of two devices.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

An interface map is a configuration template that maps interfaces between logical devices and physical hardware devices (represented with device profiles) while adhering to vendor specifications. An interface map specifies a connection between the interfaces of two devices, such as a leaf and a spine, a leaf and a server, or a leaf and an external gateway. An interface map can also specify port transformations, such as breaking out a 40 GbE port into four 10 GbE ports, or disabling unused ports. An interface map can be used to achieve the intended network configuration rendering and to enable features such as LAG, ESI-LAG, or MLAG.

**NEW QUESTION # 58**

In the Juniper Apstra UI, You are creating a VNI pool for virtual networks.

In this scenario, which VNI range is acceptable?

- A. The valid VNI range is 1 through 10000.
- B. The valid VNI range is 4096 through 16777214.
- C. The valid VNI range is 2 through 4096.
- D. Any range is acceptable for the VNI pool.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In the Juniper Apstra UI, you can create VNI pools for virtual networks that use VXLAN encapsulation in the overlay network. A VNI pool is a resource pool that contains a range of VNIs that can be assigned to the virtual networks. The valid VNI range for a VNI pool is 4096 through 16777214, according to the VXLAN standard. Therefore, the statement B is correct in this scenario. The following three statements are incorrect in this scenario:

Any range is acceptable for the VNI pool. This is not true, because the VNI range has a lower and upper limit defined by the VXLAN standard. The lower limit is 4096, and the upper limit is

16777214. Any VNI outside this range is invalid and cannot be used for VXLAN encapsulation.

The valid VNI range is 2 through 4096. This is not true, because the VNI range does not start from 2, but from 4096. The VNIs from 2 to 4095 are reserved and cannot be used for VXLAN encapsulation. The valid VNI range is 1 through 10000. This is not true, because the VNI range does not include 1, which is also reserved and cannot be used for VXLAN encapsulation. The VNI range also does not end at 10000, but at 16777214, which is the maximum possible value for a 24-bit VNI field.

**NEW QUESTION # 59**

You are adding a new switch to Juniper Apstra software. The Managed Devices page shows the "0 OS- Quarantined" status. What is the proper next step to make the device ready for use in a blueprint?

- A. Take the device out of drain state.
- B. Acknowledge the device.
- C. Take the device out of maintenance mode.
- D. Install the agent for the device.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

When a new switch is added to Juniper Apstra software, it initially shows the "0 OS-Quarantined" status, which means that the device is not yet managed by Apstra and has not been assigned to any blueprint. The proper next step to make the device ready for use in a blueprint is to acknowledge the device, which is a manual action that confirms the device identity and ownership.

Acknowledging the device changes its status to "OOS-Ready", which means that the device is ready to be assigned to a blueprint and deployed.

## NEW QUESTION # 60

Referring to the exhibit, how many broadcast domains will an Ethernet frame pass through when traversing the IP fabric from Server A to Server B?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Referring to the exhibit, the image shows a simplified diagram of an IP fabric network connecting two servers, labeled as Server A and Server B. The IP fabric is a network architecture that uses a Clos topology to provide high bandwidth, low latency, and scalability for data center networks.

The IP fabric consists of spine and leaf devices that use BGP as the routing protocol and VXLAN as the overlay technology. A broadcast domain is a logical portion of a network where any device can directly transmit broadcast frames to other devices at the data link layer (OSI Layer 2). A broadcast frame is a frame that has a destination MAC address of all ones (FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF), which means that it is intended for all devices in the same broadcast domain. A broadcast domain is usually bounded by a router, which does not forward broadcast frames to other networks.

In the exhibit, there are two broadcast domains that an Ethernet frame will pass through when traversing the IP fabric from Server A to Server B. The first broadcast domain is the one that contains Server A and the leaf device that it is connected to. The second broadcast domain is the one that contains Server B and the leaf device that it is connected to. The IP fabric itself is not a broadcast domain, because it uses IP routing and VXLAN encapsulation to transport the Ethernet frames over the Layer 3 network.

## NEW QUESTION # 61

In the Juniper Apstra UI, which three resources are assigned under the Resources menu?

(Choose three.)

- A. VTEP pools
- B. logical device pools
- C. IP address pools
- D. ASN pools
- E. VNI pools

**Answer: C,D,E**

Explanation:

In the Juniper Apstra UI, the Resources menu allows you to create and manage global and local resources that are used for various elements of the network design and configuration. The Resources menu includes the following three types of resources that can be assigned to the network devices and virtual networks:

ASN pools: These are pools of autonomous system numbers (ASNs) that are used for the underlay routing protocol (EBGP) between the leaf and spine devices. You can create ASN pools with either 2-byte or 4-byte ASNs, and assign them to the logical devices in the blueprint. VNI pools: These are pools of virtual network identifiers (VNIs) that are used for the overlay network (VXLAN) between the end hosts. You can create VNI pools with a range of VNIs, and assign them to the virtual networks in the blueprint.

IP address pools: These are pools of IPv4 or IPv6 addresses that are used for various purposes in the network, such as the loopback addresses for the devices, the IP prefixes for the virtual networks, the host IP addresses for the end hosts, and the gateway IP addresses for the IRB interfaces. You can create IP address pools with a range of IP addresses, and assign them to the logical devices and virtual networks in the blueprint.

The following two types of resources are not assigned under the Resources menu:

VTEP pools: These are not resources that can be created or assigned by the user. VTEPs are VXLAN tunnel endpoints that are automatically generated by the Apstra server based on the loopback IP addresses of the devices. VTEPs are used as the source and destination IP addresses for the VXLAN tunnels in the overlay network.

Logical device pools: These are not resources that can be created or assigned by the user.

Logical device pools are groups of logical devices that share the same role, interface map, and resource assignments in the blueprint. Logical device pools are used to simplify the network design and configuration by applying the same settings to multiple devices.

## NEW QUESTION # 62

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