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## Fortinet NSE 7 - Public Cloud Security 7.6 Architect Sample Questions (Q16-Q21):

### NEW QUESTION # 16

An administrator is looking for a solution that can provide insight into users and data stored in major SaaS applications in the multicloud environment.

Which product should the administrator deploy to have secure access to SaaS applications?

- A. FortiWeb
- **B. FortiCASB**
- C. FortiSandbox
- D. FortiSIEM

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

FortiCASB (Cloud Access Security Broker) provides visibility and control over users, data, and security policies in major SaaS applications across multicloud environments, ensuring secure access and compliance.

#### NEW QUESTION # 17

Refer to the exhibit. What would be the impact of confirming to delete all the resources in Terraform?

```
Do you really want to destroy all resources?
Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.
Enter a value: 

aws_network_interface_sg_attachment.publicattachment: Destroying... [id=sg-07|
aws_route.externalroute: Destroying... [id=r-rtb-07301520ef1fd3c5c1080289494]
aws_route_table_association.publicassociate: Destroying... [id=rtbassoc-0142
aws_network_interface_sg_attachment.internalattachment: Destroying... [id=sg-|
aws_eip.FGTPublicIP: Destroying... [id=eipalloc-089e0464d18c2324d]
aws_route_table_association.internalassociate: Destroying... [id=rtbassoc-020
aws_route.internal route: Destroying... [id=r-rtb-0a3d10220e4ed7b221080289494]
aws_route_table_association.publicassociate: Destruction complete after os
aws_route_table_association.internalassociate: Destruction complete after Os
```

- A. It destroys all the resources tied to the AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) user.
- B. It destroys all the resources in the .tfvars file.
- C. It destroys all the resources in the resource group.
- **D. It destroys all the resources in the state file.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

When you confirm a terraform destroy, Terraform deletes all resources that are tracked in its state file. The state file represents the managed infrastructure, so only those resources defined and tracked there will be destroyed.

#### NEW QUESTION # 18

Refer to the exhibit. You deployed a FortiGate HA active-passive cluster in Microsoft Azure.

Which two statements regarding this particular deployment are true? (Choose two.)

### FortiGate HA configuration

```
config system sdn-connector
  edit "azure-globalsdn-iam-ha"
    set status enable
    set type azure
    set use-metadata-iam enable
    set ha-status enable
    set subscription-id ""
    set resource-group ""
    set azure-region global
  config nic
    edit "fgta-ap-port1"
      config ip
        edit "ipconfig1"
          set public-ip "fgt-ap-cluster"
          set resource-group "fortigate-ha-training"
        next
      end
    next
  end
end
next
end
config route-table
  edit "az_spoke1_useast_web"
    set subscription-id "bc0e730b-2345-4c66-9a74-efdfc1xxxxxxx"
    set resource-group "fortigate-ha-training"
    config route
      edit "default_spoke1_web"
        set next-hop "10.60.5.4"
      next
      edit "az_spoke1_useast_app"
        set next-hop "10.60.5.4"
      next
    end
  next
end
set update-interval 40
next
end
```

- A. During a failover, all existing sessions are transferred to the new active FortiGate.
- B. There is no SLA for API calls from Microsoft Azure.
- C. You can use the `vim-exception` command to synchronize the configuration.
- D. The configuration does not synchronize between the primary and secondary devices.

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

In Azure HA for FortiGate, failover relies on Azure API calls to update routing and public IP associations. Microsoft does not provide an SLA for these API calls, which can affect failover timing.

FortiGate HA in Azure supports configuration synchronization, but you can exclude specific VDOMs from syncing using the `vdom-exception` command.

### NEW QUESTION # 19

A VM in Azure is failing to communicate with other VMs in the same subnet.

What is the most likely cause?

- A. The VMs do not have a public IP address configured.
- B. A network security group (NSG) has overridden the default intrasubnet communication rule.
- C. There is at least one user-defined route blocking traffic within the subnet.
- D. Some of the VMs are beyond your allowed quota for the Azure region.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In Azure, VMs in the same subnet can communicate by default. If communication fails, it is usually because an NSG has overridden the default allow-intrasubnet rule, blocking traffic between the VMs.

#### NEW QUESTION # 20

Refer to the exhibit. You are troubleshooting a FortiGate HA floating IP issue with Microsoft Azure. After the failover, the new primary device does not have the previous primary device floating IP address.

What could be the possible issue with this scenario?

##### HA diagnose output

**FORTINET**

```
Azure-HA-Passive # diagnose debug application azd -1
Debug messages will be on for 30 minutes.
Azure-HA-Passive # diagnose debug enable
FGT-HA-Slave # azd running in secondary mode, will not update
HA event
HA state: primary
azd sdn connector 'AZ-Connector' getting token
size: 1268
token expire in: 3600 seconds
AZ-Connector: resourcegroup: NSE7-HA-RG, sub: "<Removed string>"
Disable interface: port1
Disable interface: port2
get pubip FGTAPClusterPublicIP in resource group NSE7-HA-RG
azd api failed, url
=https://management.azure.com/subscriptions/<Removed String>/resourceGroups/NSE7-HA-
RG/providers/Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddres
ses/FGTAPClusterPublicIP?api-version=2022-06-01, rc = 403,
{"error":{"code":"AuthorizationFailed","message":"The client '<Removed String>' with obj
ect id '<Removed String>' does not have authorization to perform action
'Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/read' over scope '/subscriptions/<Removed
String>/resourceGroups/NSE7-HA-
RG/providers/Microsoft.Network/publicIPAddresses/FGTAPClusterPublicIP' or the scope is
invalid. If access was recen
tly granted, please refresh your credentials."}}
```

- A. A wrong client secret credential is used.
- **B. The Azure service principal account must have a contributor role.**
- C. The error is caused by credential time expiration.
- D. FortiGate port4 does not have internet access.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The debug output shows an AuthorizationFailed (403) error when FortiGate tries to update the Azure public IP. This indicates the Azure service principal account used by FortiGate does not have sufficient permissions. To manage floating IPs in HA, the service principal must be assigned at least the Contributor role on the subscription or resource group.

#### NEW QUESTION # 21

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