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Fortinet FCSS_SOC_AN-7.4 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• SOC operation: This section of the exam measures the skills of SOC professionals and covers the day-to-day activities within a Security Operations Center. It focuses on configuring and managing event handlers, a key skill for processing and responding to security alerts. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in analyzing and managing events and incidents, as well as analyzing threat-hunting information feeds.

Topic 2	• SOC concepts and adversary behavior: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Operations Analysts and covers fundamental concepts of Security Operations Centers and adversary behavior. It focuses on analyzing security incidents and identifying adversary behaviors. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in mapping adversary behaviors to MITRE ATT&CK tactics and techniques, which aid in understanding and categorizing cyber threats.
Topic 3	• SOC automation: This section of the exam measures the skills of target professionals in the implementation of automated processes within a SOC. It emphasizes configuring playbook triggers and tasks, which are crucial for streamlining incident response. Candidates should be able to configure and manage connectors, facilitating integration between different security tools and systems.
Topic 4	• Architecture and detection capabilities: This section of the exam measures the skills of SOC analysts in the designing and managing of FortiAnalyzer deployments. It emphasizes configuring and managing collectors and analyzers, which are essential for gathering and processing security data.

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Fortinet FCSS - Security Operations 7.4 Analyst Sample Questions (Q21-Q26):

NEW QUESTION # 21
Refer to Exhibit:

You are tasked with reviewing a new FortiAnalyzer deployment in a network with multiple registered logging devices. There is only one FortiAnalyzer in the topology.
Which potential problem do you observe?

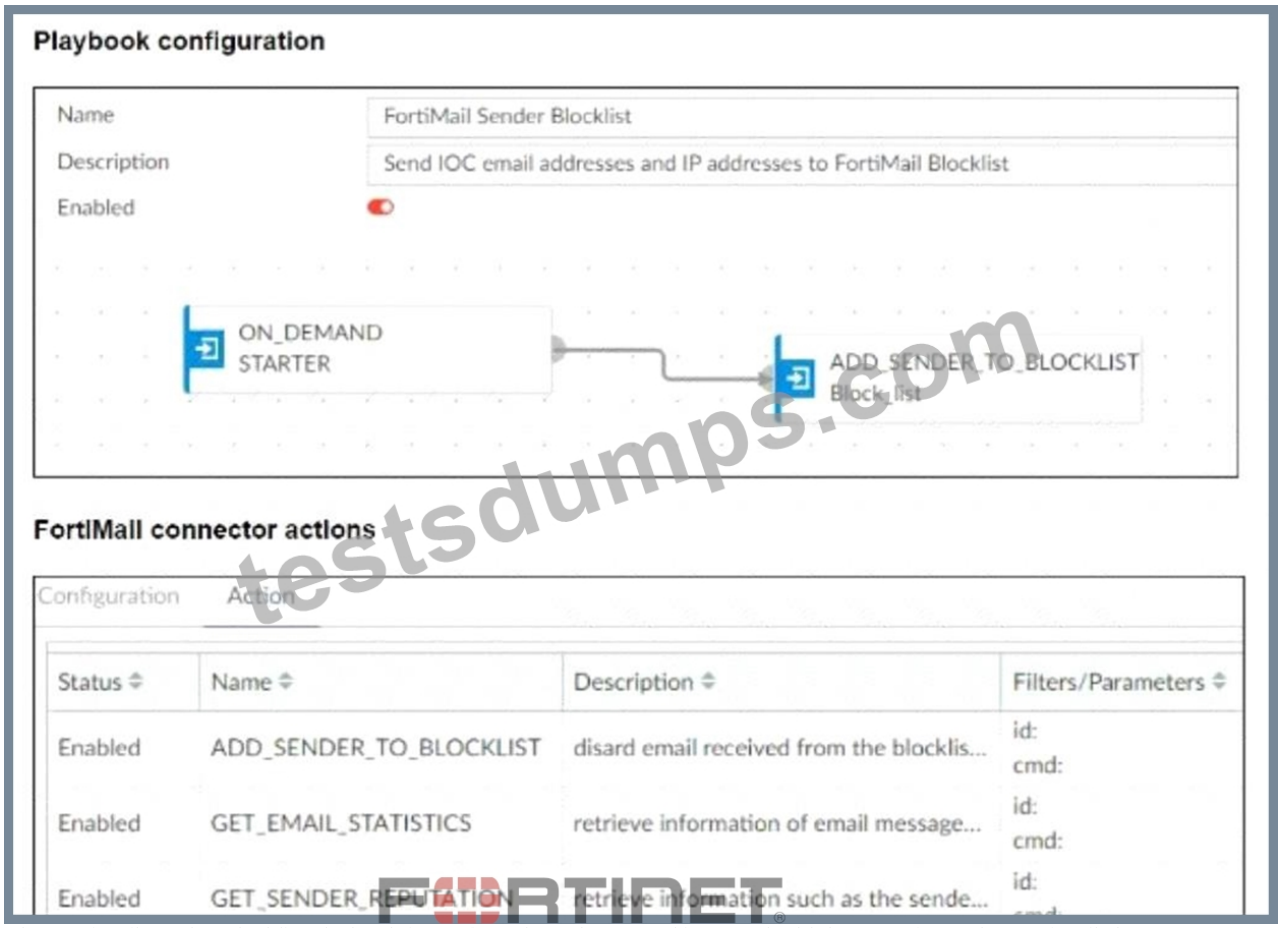
- A. The archive retention period is too long.
- B. The analytics-to-archive ratio is misconfigured.
- C. The disk space allocated is insufficient.
- D. The analytics retention period is too long.

Answer: B

Explanation:
* Understanding FortiAnalyzer Data Policy and Disk Utilization:
* FortiAnalyzer uses data policies to manage log storage, retention, and disk utilization.

* The Data Policy section indicates how long logs are kept for analytics and archive purposes.
* The Disk Utilization section specifies the allocated disk space and the proportions used for analytics and archive, as well as when alerts should be triggered based on disk usage.
* Analyzing the Provided Exhibit:
* Keep Logs for Analytics:60 Days
* Keep Logs for Archive:120 Days
* Disk Allocation:300 GB (with a maximum of 441 GB available)
* Analytics: Archive Ratio:30% : 70%
* Alert and Delete When Usage Reaches:90%
* Potential Problems Identification:
* Disk Space Allocation:The allocated disk space is 300 GB out of a possible 441 GB, which might not be insufficient if the log volume is high, but it is not the primary concern based on the given data.
* Analytics-to-Archive Ratio:The ratio of 30% for analytics and 70% for archive is unconventional. Typically, a higher percentage is allocated for analytics since real-time or recent data analysis is often prioritized. A common configuration might be a 70% analytics and 30% archive ratio. The misconfigured ratio can lead to insufficient space for analytics, causing issues with real-time monitoring and analysis.
* Retention Periods:While the retention periods could be seen as lengthy, they are not necessarily indicative of a problem without knowing the specific log volume and compliance requirements.
The length of these periods can vary based on organizational needs and legal requirements.
* Conclusion:
* Based on the analysis, the primary issue observed is theanalytics-to-archive ratiobeing misconfigured. This misconfiguration can significantly impact the effectiveness of the FortiAnalyzer in real-time log analysis, potentially leading to delayed threat detection and response.
References:
* Fortinet Documentation on FortiAnalyzer Data Policies and Disk Management.
* Best Practices for FortiAnalyzer Log Management and Disk Utilization.

NEW QUESTION # 22
Refer to the exhibits.



The FortiMail Sender Blocklist playbook is configured to take manual input and add those entries to the FortiMail abc. com

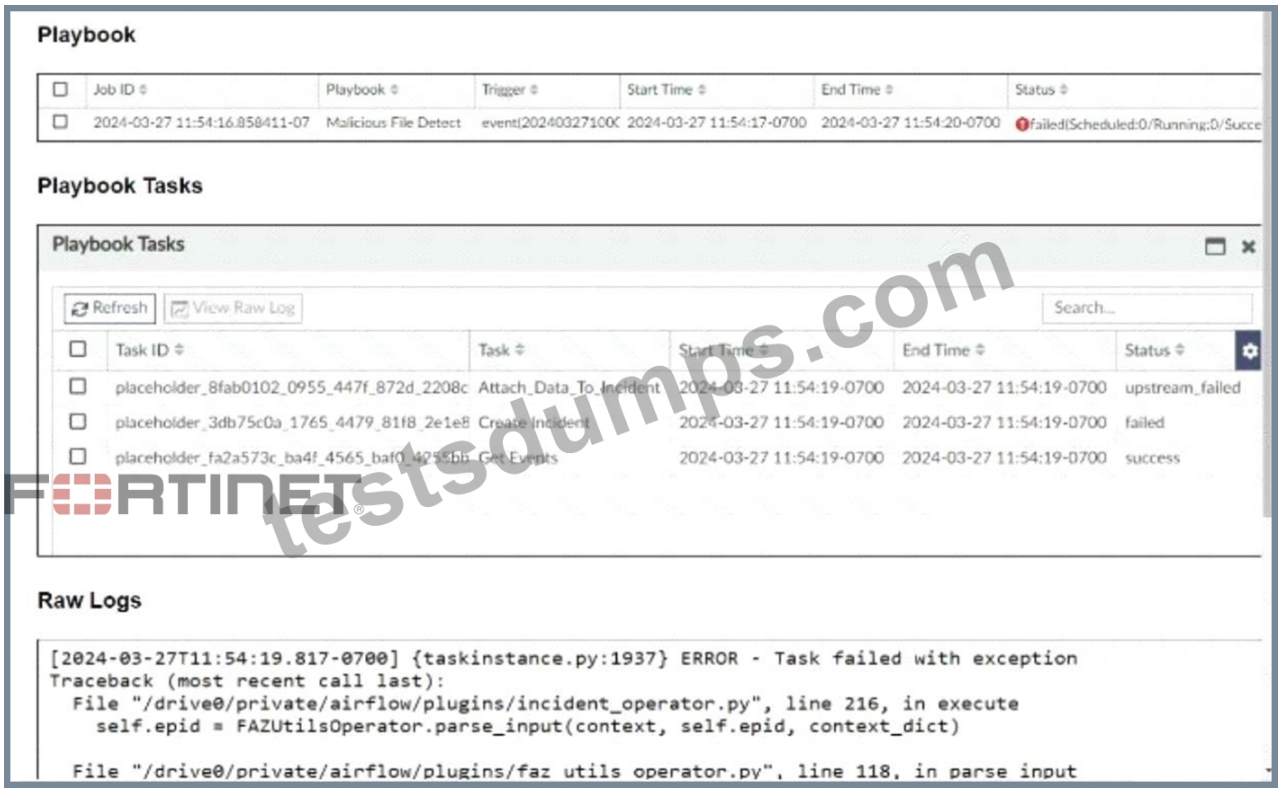
domain-level block list. The playbook is configured to use a FortiMail connector and the ADD_SENDER_TO_BLOCKLIST action.
Why is the FortiMail Sender Blocklist playbook execution failing7

- A. FortiMail is expecting a fully qualified domain name (FQDN).
- B. The connector credentials are incorrect
- C. The client-side browser does not trust the FortiAnalzyer self-signed certificate.
- D. You must use the GET_EMAIL_STATISTICS action first to gather information about email messages.

Answer: A

Explanation:
* Understanding the Playbook Configuration:
* The playbook "FortiMail Sender Blocklist" is designed to manually input email addresses or IP addresses and add them to the FortiMail block list.
* The playbook uses a FortiMail connector with the actionADD_SENDER_TO_BLOCKLIST.
* Analyzing the Playbook Execution:
* The configuration and actions provided show that the playbook is straightforward, starting with anON_DEMAND STARTERand proceeding to theADD_SENDER_TO_BLOCKLISTaction.
* The action description indicates it is intended to block senders based on email addresses or domains.
* Evaluating the Options:
* Option A:UsingGET_EMAIL_STATISTICSis not required for the task of adding senders to a block list. This action retrieves email statistics and is unrelated to the block list configuration.
* Option B:The primary reason for failure could be the requirement for a fully qualified domain name (FQDN). FortiMail typically expects precise information to ensure the correct entries are added to the block list.
* Option C:The trust level of the client-side browser with FortiAnalyzer's self-signed certificate does not impact the execution of the playbook on FortiMail.
* Option D:Incorrect connector credentials would result in an authentication error, but the problem described is more likely related to the format of the input data.
* Conclusion:
* The FortiMail Sender Blocklist playbook execution is failing because FortiMail is expecting a fully qualified domain name (FQDN).
References:
* Fortinet Documentation on FortiMail Connector Actions.
* Best Practices for Configuring FortiMail Block Lists.

NEW QUESTION # 23
Refer to the exhibits.



The Malicious File Detect playbook is configured to create an incident when an event handler generates a malicious file detection event.
Why did the Malicious File Detect playbook execution fail?

- A. The Create Incident task was expecting a name or number as input, but received an incorrect data format
- B. The Get Events task did not retrieve any event data.
- C. The Attach_Data_To_Incident incident task wasexpecting an integer, but received an incorrect data format.
- D. The Attach Data To Incident task failed, which stopped the playbook execution.

Answer: A

Explanation:
* Understanding the Playbook Configuration:
* The "Malicious File Detect" playbook is designed to create an incident when a malicious file detection event is triggered.
* The playbook includes tasks such asAttach_Data_To_Incident,Create Incident, andGet Events.
* Analyzing the Playbook Execution:
* The exhibit shows that theCreate Incidenttask has failed, and theAttach_Data_To_Incidenttask has also failed.
* TheGet Eventstask succeeded, indicating that it was able to retrieve event data.
* Reviewing Raw Logs:
* The raw logs indicate an error related to parsing input in theincident_operator.pyfile.
* The error traceback suggests that the task was expecting a specific input format (likely a name or number) but received an incorrect data format.
* Identifying the Source of the Failure:
* TheCreate Incidenttask failure is the root cause since it did not proceed correctly due to incorrect input format.
* TheAttach_Data_To_Incidenttask subsequently failed because it depends on the successful creation of an incident.
* Conclusion:
* The primary reason for the playbook execution failure is that theCreate Incidenttask received an incorrect data format, which was not a name or number as expected.
References:
* Fortinet Documentation on Playbook and Task Configuration.
* Error handling and debugging practices in playbook execution.

NEW QUESTION # 24
Which of the following best describes a benefit of a well-configured FortiAnalyzer Fabric deployment?

- A. Improved log correlation and threat detection
- B. Enhanced corporate branding
- C. Increased physical security of servers
- D. Reduced need for technical support

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 25
Refer to the exhibits.

You configured a spearphishing event handler and the associated rule. However. FortiAnalyzer did not generate an event.
When you check the FortiAnalyzer log viewer, you confirm that FortiSandbox forwarded the appropriate logs, as shown in the raw log exhibit.
What configuration must you change on FortiAnalyzer in order for FortiAnalyzer to generate an event?

- A. Configure a FortiSandbox data selector and add it tothe event handler.
- B. In the Log Filter by Text field, type the value: .5 ub t ype ma Iwa re..
- C. Change trigger condition by selecting. Within a group, the log field Malware Kame (mname> has 2 or more unique values.
- D. In the Log Type field, change the selection to AntiVirus Log(malware).

Answer: A

Explanation:
Understanding the Event Handler Configuration:
The event handler is set up to detect specific security incidents, such as spearphishing, based on logs forwarded from other Fortinet products like FortiSandbox.
An event handler includes rules that define the conditions under which an event should be triggered.
Analyzing the Current Configuration:
The current event handler is named "Spearphishing handler" with a rule titled "Spearphishing Rule 1".
The log viewer shows that logs are being forwarded by FortiSandbox but no events are generated by FortiAnalyzer.
Key Components of Event Handling:

Log Type: Determines which type of logs will trigger the event handler.
Data Selector: Specifies the criteria that logs must meet to trigger an event.
Automation Stitch: Optional actions that can be triggered when an event occurs.
Notifications: Defines how alerts are communicated when an event is detected.
Issue Identification:
Since FortiSandbox logs are correctly forwarded but no event is generated, the issue likely lies in the data selector configuration or log type matching.
The data selector must be configured to include logs forwarded by FortiSandbox.
Solution:
B . Configure a FortiSandbox data selector and add it to the event handler:
By configuring a data selector specifically for FortiSandbox logs and adding it to the event handler, FortiAnalyzer can accurately identify and trigger events based on the forwarded logs. Steps to Implement the Solution:
Step 1: Go to the Event Handler settings in FortiAnalyzer.
Step 2: Add a new data selector that includes criteria matching the logs forwarded by FortiSandbox (e.g., log subtype, malware detection details).
Step 3: Link this data selector to the existing spearphishing event handler.
Step 4: Save the configuration and test to ensure events are now being generated.
Conclusion:
The correct configuration of a FortiSandbox data selector within the event handler ensures that FortiAnalyzer can generate events based on relevant logs.
Reference: Fortinet Documentation on Event Handlers and Data Selectors FortiAnalyzer Event Handlers Fortinet Knowledge Base for Configuring Data Selectors FortiAnalyzer Data Selectors By configuring a FortiSandbox data selector and adding it to the event handler, FortiAnalyzer will be able to accurately generate events based on the appropriate logs.

NEW QUESTION # 26
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