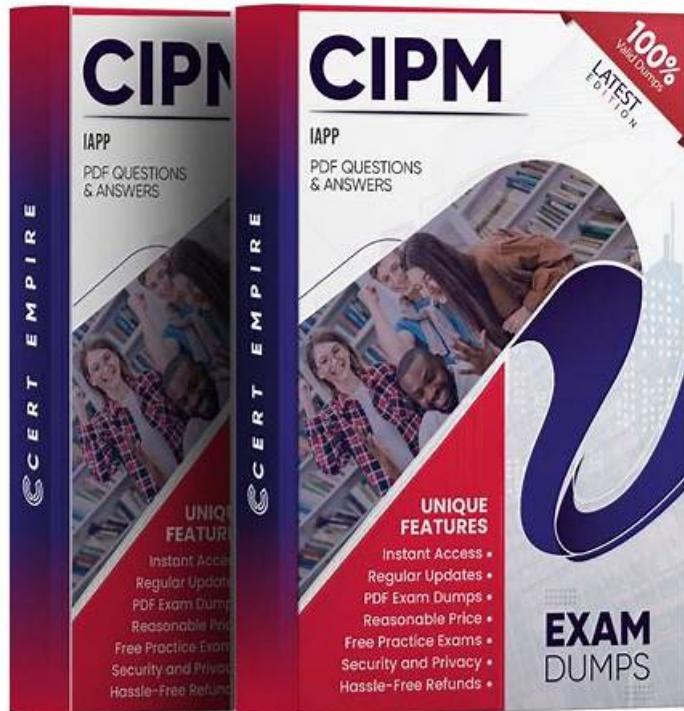


IAPP CIPM PDF Demo - CIPM Übungsmaterialien



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Die IAPP CIPM Zertifizierungsprüfung ist eine der beliebten und wichtigen Prüfung in der IT-Branche. Wir haben die besten Lernhilfe und den besten Online-Service. Wir bieten den IT-Fachleuten eine Abkürzung. Die online Tests zur IAPP CIPM Zertifizierungsprüfung von Zertpruefung enthalten viele Prüfungsinhalte und Antworten, die Sie wollen. Wenn Sie die Simulationsprüfung von Zertpruefung bestehen, dann finden Sie, dass Zertpruefung bietet genau was, was Sie wollen und dass Sie sich gut auf die IAPP CIPM Prüfung vorbereiten können.

Die Prüfung der IAPP CIPM (Certified Information Privacy Manager) ist ein Zertifizierungsprogramm für Fachleute, die im Bereich Datenschutz und Datenschutz arbeiten. Es handelt sich um eine global anerkannte Zertifizierung, die Kenntnisse in der Verwaltung und Implementierung von Datenschutzprogrammen und -praktiken nachweist. Diese Zertifizierung ist ideal für Fachleute, die für die Verwaltung und Implementierung von Datenschutzprogrammen, Richtlinien und Verfahren in ihren Organisationen verantwortlich sind.

>> **IAPP CIPM PDF Demo** <<

IAPP CIPM Übungsmaterialien & CIPM Tests

Zertpruefung ist eine Website voller Zuversicht. Die IT-Profis von Zertpruefung widmen sich der Studie der vielfältigen IT-Zertifizierungsprüfungen, um die Effektivität der Erfolg der IAPP CIPM Zertifizierungsprüfungen zu verbessern. Solange Sie einmal Zertpruefung Unterlagen probieren, wollen Sie unbedingt sie wieder benutzen, weil wir Zertpruefung nicht nur Ihnen die besten IAPP CIPM Zertifizierungsunterlagen, sondern auch den besten Service anbieten. Wenn Sie irgendwelche Meinungen haben, senden Sie bitte Ihre Vorschläge an uns per E-Mail. Wir hoffen, wir helfen Kadidaten Erfolg machen und auch bieten den besten Service.

IAPP Certified Information Privacy Manager (CIPM) CIPM Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q103-Q108):

103. Frage

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next QUESTION:

Martin Briseno is the director of human resources at the Canyon City location of the U.S. hotel chain Pacific Suites. In 1998, Briseno decided to change the hotel's on-the-job mentoring model to a standardized training program for employees who were progressing from line positions into supervisory positions. He developed a curriculum comprising a series of lessons, scenarios, and assessments, which was delivered in-person to small groups. Interest in the training increased, leading Briseno to work with corporate HR specialists and software engineers to offer the program in an online format. The online program saved the cost of a trainer and allowed participants to work through the material at their own pace.

Upon hearing about the success of Briseno's program, Pacific Suites corporate Vice President Maryanne Silva-Hayes expanded the training and offered it company-wide. Employees who completed the program received certification as a Pacific Suites Hospitality Supervisor. By 2001, the program had grown to provide industry-wide training. Personnel at hotels across the country could sign up and pay to take the course online. As the program became increasingly profitable, Pacific Suites developed an offshoot business, Pacific Hospitality Training (PHT). The sole focus of PHT was developing and marketing a variety of online courses and course progressions providing a number of professional certifications in the hospitality industry.

By setting up a user account with PHT, course participants could access an information library, sign up for courses, and take end-of-course certification tests. When a user opened a new account, all information was saved by default, including the user's name, date of birth, contact information, credit card information, employer, and job title. The registration page offered an opt-out choice that users could click to not have their credit card numbers saved. Once a user name and password were established, users could return to check their course status, review and reprint their certifications, and sign up and pay for new courses. Between 2002 and 2008, PHT issued more than 700,000 professional certifications.

PHT's profits declined in 2009 and 2010, the victim of industry downsizing and increased competition from e-learning providers. By 2011, Pacific Suites was out of the online certification business and PHT was dissolved. The training program's systems and records remained in Pacific Suites' digital archives, un-accessed and unused. Briseno and Silva-Hayes moved on to work for other companies, and there was no plan for handling the archived data after the program ended. After PHT was dissolved, Pacific Suites executives turned their attention to crucial day-to-day operations. They planned to deal with the PHT materials once resources allowed.

In 2012, the Pacific Suites computer network was hacked. Malware installed on the online reservation system exposed the credit card information of hundreds of hotel guests. While targeting the financial data on the reservation site, hackers also discovered the archived training course data and registration accounts of Pacific Hospitality Training's customers. The result of the hack was the exfiltration of the credit card numbers of recent hotel guests and the exfiltration of the PHT database with all its contents.

A Pacific Suites systems analyst discovered the information security breach in a routine scan of activity reports. Pacific Suites quickly notified credit card companies and recent hotel guests of the breach, attempting to prevent serious harm. Technical security engineers faced a challenge in dealing with the PHT data.

PHT course administrators and the IT engineers did not have a system for tracking, cataloguing, and storing information. Pacific Suites has procedures in place for data access and storage, but those procedures were not implemented when PHT was formed. When the PHT database was acquired by Pacific Suites, it had no owner or oversight. By the time technical security engineers determined what private information was compromised, at least 8,000 credit card holders were potential victims of fraudulent activity.

In the Information Technology engineers had originally set the default for customer credit card information to "Do Not Save," this action would have been in line with what concept?

- A. Harm minimization
- B. Reactive risk management
- C. Use limitation
- D. **Privacy by Design**

Antwort: D

104. Frage

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next QUESTION:

As the Director of data protection for Consolidated Records Corporation, you are justifiably pleased with your accomplishments so far. Your hiring was precipitated by warnings from regulatory agencies following a series of relatively minor data breaches that could easily have been worse. However, you have not had a reportable incident for the three years that you have been with the company. In fact, you consider your program a model that others in the data storage industry may note in their own program development. You started the program at Consolidated from a jumbled mix of policies and procedures and worked toward coherence across departments and throughout operations. You were aided along the way by the program's sponsor, the vice president of operations, as well as by a Privacy Team that started from a clear understanding of the need for change.

Initially, your work was greeted with little confidence or enthusiasm by the company's "old guard" among both the executive team and frontline personnel working with data and interfacing with clients. Through the use of metrics that showed the costs not only of the breaches that had occurred, but also projections of the costs that easily could occur given the current state of operations, you

soon had the leaders and key decision-makers largely on your side. Many of the other employees were more resistant, but face-to-face meetings with each department and the development of a baseline privacy training program achieved sufficient "buy-in" to begin putting the proper procedures into place.

Now, privacy protection is an accepted component of all current operations involving personal or protected data and must be part of the end product of any process of technological development. While your approach is not systematic, it is fairly effective.

You are left contemplating:

What must be done to maintain the program and develop it beyond just a data breach prevention program?

How can you build on your success?

What are the next action steps?

What process could most effectively be used to add privacy protections to a new, comprehensive program being developed at Consolidated?

- A. Privacy by Design.
- B. Privacy Step Assessment.
- C. **Information Security Planning.**
- D. Innovation Privacy Standards.

Antwort: C

105. Frage

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next QUESTION:

Penny has recently joined Ace Space, a company that sells homeware accessories online, as its new privacy officer. The company is based in California but thanks to some great publicity from a social media influencer last year, the company has received an influx of sales from the EU and has set up a regional office in Ireland to support this expansion. To become familiar with Ace Space's practices and assess what her privacy priorities will be, Penny has set up meetings with a number of colleagues to hear about the work that they have been doing and their compliance efforts.

Penny's colleague in Marketing is excited by the new sales and the company's plans, but is also concerned that Penny may curtail some of the growth opportunities he has planned. He tells her "I heard someone in the breakroom talking about some new privacy laws but I really don't think it affects us. We're just a small company. I mean we just sell accessories online, so what's the real risk?" He has also told her that he works with a number of small companies that help him get projects completed in a hurry. "We've got to meet our deadlines otherwise we lose money. I just sign the contracts and get Jim in finance to push through the payment. Reviewing the contracts takes time that we just don't have." In her meeting with a member of the IT team, Penny has learned that although Ace Space has taken a number of precautions to protect its website from malicious activity, it has not taken the same level of care of its physical files or internal infrastructure. Penny's colleague in IT has told her that a former employee lost an encrypted USB key with financial data on it when he left. The company nearly lost access to their customer database last year after they fell victim to a phishing attack. Penny is told by her IT colleague that the IT team "didn't know what to do or who should do what. We hadn't been trained on it but we're a small team though, so it worked out OK in the end." Penny is concerned that these issues will compromise Ace Space's privacy and data protection.

Penny is aware that the company has solid plans to grow its international sales and will be working closely with the CEO to give the organization a data "shake up". Her mission is to cultivate a strong privacy culture within the company.

Penny has a meeting with Ace Space's CEO today and has been asked to give her first impressions and an overview of her next steps.

What information will be LEAST crucial from a privacy perspective in Penny's review of vendor contracts?

- A. Liability for a data breach
- B. **Pricing for data security protections**
- C. Audit rights
- D. The data a vendor will have access to

Antwort: B

106. Frage

The purpose of a data flow map is to help an organization do all of the following EXCEPT?

- A. Assist compliance with privacy-related laws and regulations.
- B. Identify any.
- C. **Determine unidentified opportunities for information collection.**
- D. Recognize who in the organization has access to what information.

Antwort: C

107. Frage

SCENARIO

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How would a strong data life cycle management policy have helped prevent the breach?

- A. The most sensitive information would have been immediately erased and destroyed
- B. Information would have been ranked according to importance and stored in separate locations
- C. The most important information would have been regularly assessed and tested for security
- D. Information would have been categorized and assigned a deadline for destruction

Antwort: D

108. Frage

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Alle wünschen sich Erfolg. Die im IT-Bereich arbeitende Leute wissen sicherlich die Wichtigkeit der Zertifizierung der IAPP CIPM für die Karriere. Immer mehr Leute nehmen an der IAPP CIPM Prüfung teil. Wie kann man beim immer schweren Wettbewerb noch siegen? Den richtigen Hilfspartner auszuwählen ist am wichtigsten. Zertpruefung hat die IAPP CIPM Prüfung schon mehrere Jahre geforscht. Wir haben gute Kenntnisse in dieser Prüfung. Mit Hilfe der IAPP CIPM Prüfungssoftware von uns wird Ihr Sieg bei

der Prüfung gesichert.

CIPM Übungsmaterialien: https://www.zertpruefung.de/CIPM_exam.html

Außerdem sind jetzt einige Teile dieser Zertprüfung CIPM Prüfungsfragen kostenlos erhältlich: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1h_Z-SXoNKAzMvJ3PtrgB9cGVi9jBX3yQ