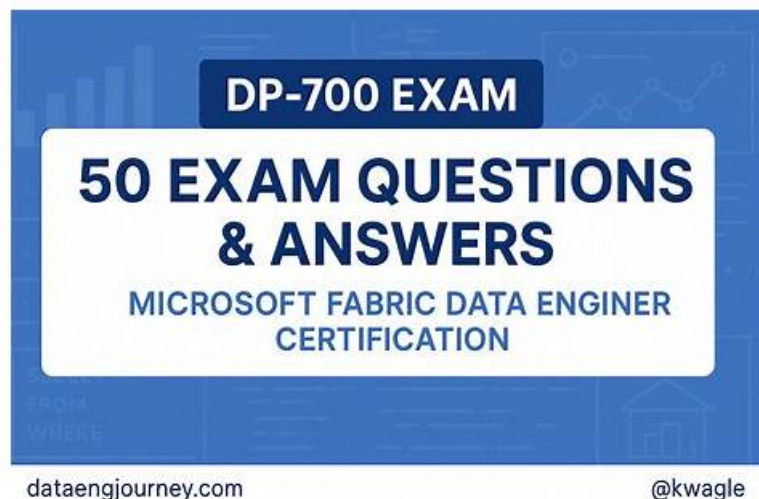


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Microsoft DP-700 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Monitor and optimize an analytics solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Analysts in monitoring various components of analytics solutions in Microsoft Fabric. It focuses on tracking data ingestion, transformation processes, and semantic model refreshes while configuring alerts for error resolution. One skill to be measured is identifying performance bottlenecks in analytics workflows.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ingest and transform data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Engineers that cover designing and implementing data loading patterns. It emphasizes preparing data for loading into dimensional models, handling batch and streaming data ingestion, and transforming data using various methods. A skill to be measured is applying appropriate transformation techniques to ensure data quality.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement and manage an analytics solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of Microsoft Data Analysts regarding configuring various workspace settings in Microsoft Fabric. It focuses on setting up Microsoft Fabric workspaces, including Spark and domain workspace configurations, as well as implementing lifecycle management and version control. One skill to be measured is creating deployment pipelines for analytics solutions.
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Microsoft Implementing Data Engineering Solutions Using Microsoft Fabric Sample Questions (Q16-Q21):

NEW QUESTION # 16

You are implementing the following data entities in a Fabric environment:

Entity1: Available in a lakehouse and contains data that will be used as a core organization entity
Entity2: Available in a semantic model and contains data that meets organizational standards
Entity3: Available in a Microsoft Power BI report and contains data that is ready for sharing and reuse
Entity4: Available in a Power BI dashboard and contains approved data for executive-level decision making
Your company requires that specific governance processes be implemented for the data.

You need to apply endorsement badges to the entities based on each entity's use case.

Which badge should you apply to each entity? To answer, drag the appropriate badges the correct entities.

Each badge may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer:

Explanation:

Explanation:

Badges

Certified

Master data

Promoted

Cannot be endorsed

Answer Area

Entity1:

Master data

Entity2:

Certified

Entity3:

Promoted

Entity4:

Certified

NEW QUESTION # 17

You have a Fabric workspace that contains a Real-Time Intelligence solution and an eventhouse. Users report that from OneLake file explorer, they cannot see the data from the eventhouse. You enable OneLake availability for the eventhouse. What will be copied to OneLake?

- A. no data
- B. both new data and existing data in the eventhouse
- C. only the existing data in the eventhouse
- D. only data added to new databases that are added to the eventhouse
- E. only new data added to the eventhouse

Answer: E

Explanation:

When you enable OneLake availability for an eventhouse, both new and existing data in the eventhouse will be copied to OneLake. This feature ensures that data, whether newly ingested or already present, becomes available for access through OneLake, making it easier for users to interact with and explore the data directly from OneLake file explorer.

NEW QUESTION # 18

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account named storage1 and an Amazon S3 bucket named storage2. You have the Delta Parquet files shown in the following table.

Name	Stored in	Size	Description
ProductFile	storage1	50 MB	Contains a list of products and their details
TripsFile	storage2	2 GB	Contains one month's worth of taxi trip data
StoreFile	storage2	25 MB	Contains a list of stores and their addresses

You have a Fabric workspace named Workspace1 that has the cache for shortcuts enabled. Workspace1 contains a lakehouse named Lakehouse1. Lakehouse1 has the following shortcuts:
The data from which shortcuts will be retrieved from the cache?

- A. Products only
- B. Products and Store only
- C. Stores only
- D. Trips and Stores only
- E. Products, Stores, and Trips

Answer: B

Explanation:

When the cache for shortcuts is enabled in Fabric, the data retrieval is governed by the caching behavior, which generally retains data for a specific period after it was last accessed. The data from the shortcuts will be retrieved from the cache if the data is stored in locations that support caching. Here's a breakdown based on the data's location:

Products: The ProductFile is stored in Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (storage1). Since Azure Data Lake is a supported storage system in Fabric and the file is relatively small (50 MB), this data is most likely cached and can be retrieved from the cache.

Stores: The StoreFile is stored in Amazon S3 (storage2), and even though it is stored in a different cloud provider, Fabric can cache data from Amazon S3 if caching is enabled. This data (25 MB) is likely cached and retrievable.

Trips: The TripsFile is stored in Amazon S3 (storage2) and is significantly larger (2 GB) compared to the other files. While Fabric can cache data from Amazon S3, the larger size of the file (2 GB) may exceed typical cache sizes or retention windows, causing this file to likely be retrieved directly from the source instead of the cache.

NEW QUESTION # 19

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a KQL database that contains two tables named Stream and Reference. Stream contains streaming data in the following format.

Column name	Data type
Timestamp	Datetime
GeoLocation	Dynamic
Temperature	Decimal
DeviceId	Int

Reference contains reference data in the following format.

Column name	Data type
DeviceId	Int
DeviceName	String

Both tables contain millions of rows.

You have the following KQL queryset.

```
01 Stream
02 | extend lat = todecimal(GeoLocation.Latitude), long = todecimal(GeoLocation.Longitude)
03 | join kind=inner Reference on DeviceId
04 | project Timestamp, lat, long, Temperature, DeviceName
05 | filter Temperature >= 10
06 | render scatterchart with (kind = map)
```

You need to reduce how long it takes to run the KQL queryset.

Solution: You change project to extend.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. No
- B. Yes

Answer: A

Explanation:

Using extend retains all columns in the table, potentially increasing the size of the output unnecessarily.

project is more efficient because it selects only the required columns.

NEW QUESTION # 20

You need to create the product dimension.

How should you complete the Apache Spark SQL code? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

SELECT ProductID, ProductNumber, ProductName, ModelName, SubCategoryName, CategoryName

FROM ContosoLake.Products p

ContosoLake.ProductSubCategories s ON p.SubCategoryID = s.SubCategoryID

FULL JOIN
INNER JOIN
LEFT ANTI JOIN
LEFT OUTER JOIN
OUTER JOIN

ContosoLake.ProductCategories c ON c.CategoryID = s.CategoryID

FULL JOIN
INNER JOIN
LEFT ANTI JOIN
LEFT OUTER JOIN
OUTER JOIN

WHERE

CategoryID = 1;
CategoryName is not null;
IsActive = 1;
IsActive is not null;
ProductNumber is not null;
SubCategoryID = 1;
SubCategoryName is not null;



Answer:

Explanation:

SELECT ProductID, ProductNumber, ProductName, ModelName, SubCategoryName, CategoryName

FROM ContosoLake.Products p

ContosoLake.ProductSubCategories s ON p.SubCategoryID = s.SubCategoryID

FULL JOIN
INNER JOIN
LEFT ANTI JOIN
LEFT OUTER JOIN
OUTER JOIN

ContosoLake.ProductCategories c ON c.CategoryID = s.CategoryID

FULL JOIN
INNER JOIN
LEFT ANTI JOIN
LEFT OUTER JOIN
OUTER JOIN

WHERE

CategoryID = 1;
CategoryName is not null;
IsActive = 1;
IsActive is not null;
ProductNumber is not null;
SubCategoryID = 1;
SubCategoryName is not null;

Topic 2, Litware, Inc

Overview

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes

before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the Next button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirements, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an All Information tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the Question button to return to the question.

Overview

Litware, Inc. is a publishing company that has an online bookstore and several retail bookstores worldwide. Litware also manages an online advertising business for the authors it represents.

Existing Environment. Fabric Environment

Litware has a Fabric workspace named Workspace1. High concurrency is enabled for Workspace1.

The company has a data engineering team that uses Python for data processing.

Existing Environment. Data Processing

The retail bookstores send sales data at the end of each business day, while the online bookstore constantly provides logs and sales data to a central enterprise resource planning (ERP) system.

Litware implements a medallion architecture by using the following three layers: bronze, silver, and gold. The sales data is ingested from the ERP system as Parquet files that land in the Files folder in a lakehouse. Notebooks are used to transform the files in a Delta table for the bronze and silver layers. The gold layer is in a warehouse that has V-Order disabled.

Litware has image files of book covers in Azure Blob Storage. The files are loaded into the Files folder.

Existing Environment. Sales Data

Month-end sales data is processed on the first calendar day of each month. Data that is older than one month never changes.

In the source system, the sales data refreshes every six hours starting at midnight each day.

The sales data is captured in a Dataflow Gen1 dataflow. When the dataflow runs, new and historical data is captured. The dataflow captures the following fields of the source:

Sales Date

Author

Price

Units

SKU

A table named AuthorSales stores the sales data that relates to each author. The table contains a column named AuthorEmail.

Authors authenticate to a guest Fabric tenant by using their email address.

Existing Environment. Security Groups

Litware has the following security groups:

Sales

Fabric Admins

Streaming Admins

Existing Environment. Performance Issues

Business users perform ad-hoc queries against the warehouse. The business users indicate that reports against the warehouse sometimes run for two hours and fail to load as expected. Upon further investigation, the data engineering team receives the following error message when the reports fail to load: "The SQL query failed while running." The data engineering team wants to debug the issue and find queries that cause more than one failure.

When the authors have new book releases, there is often an increase in sales activity. This increase slows the data ingestion process.

The company's sales team reports that during the last month, the sales data has NOT been up-to-date when they arrive at work in the morning.

Requirements. Planned Changes

Litware recently signed a contract to receive book reviews. The provider of the reviews exposes the data in Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) buckets.

Litware plans to manage Search Engine Optimization (SEO) for the authors. The SEO data will be streamed from a REST API.

Requirements. Version Control

Litware plans to implement a version control solution in Fabric that will use GitHub integration and follow the principle of least privilege.

Requirements. Governance Requirements

To control data platform costs, the data platform must use only Fabric services and items. Additional Azure resources must NOT be provisioned.

Requirements. Data Requirements

Litware identifies the following data requirements:

Process the SEO data in near-real-time (NRT).

Make the book reviews available in the lakehouse without making a copy of the data.

When a new book cover image arrives in the Files folder, process the image as soon as possible.

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