

ISTQB-CTFL인기문제모음, ISTQB-CTFL인기시험덤프



ISTQB® Certified Tester AI Testing (CT-AI) Syllabus

Sample Exam 부록 (추가 27문제)

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Korean Software Testing Qualifications Board

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https://drive.google.com/open?id=14Ws8_jBPSOLwEzZ7m4nzd1t8WxYil7qh

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>> ISTQB-CTFL인기문제모음 <<

ISTQB-CTFL인기문제모음최신버전 덤프

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최신 Foundation Level ISTQB-CTFL 무료샘플문제 (Q158-Q163):

질문 # 158

Which ONE of the following statements would you expect to be the MOST DIRECT advantage of the whole- team approach?

- A. Capitalizing on the combined skills of business representatives, testers, and developers working together to contribute to project success.
- B. Having an automated build and test process, at least once a day, that detects integration errors early and quickly.
- C. Reducing the involvement of business representatives because of enhanced communication and collaboration between testers and developers.
- D. Avoiding requirements misunderstandings that may not have been detected until dynamic testing when they are more expensive to fix.

정답: A

설명:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

The whole-team approach promotes collaboration among stakeholders (business representatives, developers, and testers) to ensure better quality and project success (A). This approach allows for early identification of issues, enhances shared responsibility, and improves software quality. Option C is a valid but indirect benefit, while options B and D do not directly describe the core advantage of the whole-team approach.

Reference: ISTQB CTFL v4.0 Syllabus, Section 1.5.2 - The Whole-Team Approach

질문 # 159

Which two of the following statements describe the advantages provided by good traceability between the test basis and test work products?

- i. Analyzing the impact of changes.
- ii. A measure of code quality.
- iii. Accurate test estimation.
- iv. Making testing auditable.

Select the correct answer:

- A. i and iii
- B. i and iv
- C. i and ii
- D. ii and iii

정답: B

설명:

Good traceability between the test basis and test work products provides several advantages: i. Analyzing the impact of changes: Traceability allows for easy identification of which parts of the test work products will be affected by changes in the requirements or design, facilitating impact analysis. iv. Making testing auditable: Traceability ensures that there is a clear connection between the requirements and the test cases, which makes the testing process auditable and provides evidence that all requirements have been tested.

질문 # 160

A system computes prices for bus tickets. The price depends on

- the passenger type (baby, child, adult, senior citizen, student, military)
- the travelling type (as single or in a group)
- the distance (zone 1. 2. 3)
- the kind of transport (ordinary, express)

Which of the following test techniques is the most appropriate one for testing the price computation?

- A. Use case testing
- B. State transition testing
- C. Statement coverage
- D. Equivalence partitioning

정답: D

설명:

Equivalence partitioning is a technique that divides the input data and output results of a software component into partitions of equivalent data. Each partition should contain data that is treated in the same way by the component. Equivalence partitioning can be used to reduce the number of test cases by selecting one representative value from each partition. Equivalence partitioning is suitable for testing the price computation, as it can identify different partitions based on the passenger type, the travelling type, the distance and the kind of transport. Equivalence partitioning is not statement coverage, which is a technique that measures how many executable statements in a source code are executed by a test suite. Statement coverage is not appropriate for testing the price computation, as it does not consider the input data or output results. Equivalence partitioning is not state transition testing, which is a technique that models how a system transitions from one state to another depending on events or conditions. State transition testing is not relevant for testing the price computation, as it does not involve any states or transitions. Equivalence partitioning is not use case testing, which is a technique that tests how users interact with a system to achieve a specific goal. Use case testing is not applicable for testing the price computation, as it does not focus on a single function or component. Verified Reference: [A Study Guide to the ISTQB Foundation Level 2018 Syllabus - Springer], Chapter 4, page 37-38.

질문 # 161

How can testing contribute to higher quality?

- A. Testing help to measure the quality of software.
- B. Testing ensures that remaining defects are documented.
- C. Testing eliminates the risk with software.
- D. Testing removes errors in the software.

정답: A

설명:

Testing can contribute to higher quality by helping to measure the quality of software. Quality is defined as the degree to which a component or system satisfies specified requirements and customer or user needs and expectations. Testing is a process of evaluating a component or system by applying inputs and observing outputs, and comparing them with expected results. Testing can help to measure the quality of software by providing information on its functionality, performance, usability, security, reliability, etc. Testing can also help to identify and report defects in software, which can lead to improvement actions and quality assurance activities. The other options are not accurate descriptions of how testing can contribute to higher quality. Testing does not ensure that remaining defects are documented, but rather that detected defects are reported. Testing does not remove errors in software, but rather finds defects in software behavior or quality. Testing does not eliminate the risk with software, but rather assesses and manages the risk with software. Verified References: A Study Guide to the ISTQB Foundation Level 2018 Syllabus - Springer, page 3.

질문 # 162

From a testing perspective, configuration management

- A. Includes all activities that direct and control an organisation with regard to quality
- B. Focuses on configuring static analysis tools to choose the most suitable breadth and depth of analysis.
- C. Allows the expected results to be compared with the actual results.
- D. Allows the tracking of all changes to versions of the testware.

정답: D

설명:

Configuration management in the context of testing involves the systematic control of changes to the configuration items, including testware such as test scripts, test data, and test environments. It ensures that all changes are tracked and recorded, enabling the version control and management of testware .

Option A is related to test execution rather than configuration management. Option C describes quality management in a broader sense, not specifically configuration management. Option D is specific to the configuration of tools, not the overall management of testware versions.

질문 # 163

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- [illegible]

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