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Google Associate Cloud Engineer Exam Sample Questions (Q239-Q244):

NEW QUESTION # 239

The storage costs for your application logs have far exceeded the project budget. The logs are currently being retained indefinitely in the Cloud Storage bucket `myapp-gcp-ace-logs`. You have been asked to remove logs older than 90 days from your Cloud Storage bucket. You want to optimize ongoing Cloud Storage spend. What should you do?

- A. Write a lifecycle management rule in JSON and push it to the bucket with `gsutil lifecycle set config-json-file`.
- B. Write a lifecycle management rule in XML and push it to the bucket with `gsutil lifecycle set config-xml-file`.
- C. Write a script that runs `gsutil ls -lr gs://myapp-gcp-ace-logs/**` to find and remove items older than 90 days. Repeat this process every morning.
- D. Write a script that runs `gsutil ls -l - gs://myapp-gcp-ace-logs/**` to find and remove items older than 90 days. Schedule the script with cron.

Answer: A

Explanation:

You write a lifecycle management rule in XML and push it to the bucket with `gsutil lifecycle set config-xml-file`. is not right. `gsutil lifecycle set` enables you to set the lifecycle configuration on one or more buckets based on the configuration file provided. However, XML is not a valid supported type for the configuration file.

Ref: <https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/gsutil/commands/lifecycle>

Write a script that runs `gsutil ls -lr gs://myapp-gcp-ace-logs/**` to find and remove items older than 90 days. Repeat this process every morning. is not right.

This manual approach is error-prone, time-consuming and expensive. GCP Cloud Storage provides lifecycle management rules that let you achieve this with minimal effort.

Write a script that runs `gsutil ls -l gs://myapp-gcp-ace-logs/**` to find and remove items older than 90 days. Schedule the script with cron. is not right.

This manual approach is error-prone, time-consuming and expensive. GCP Cloud Storage provides lifecycle management rules that let you achieve this with minimal effort.

Write a lifecycle management rule in JSON and push it to the bucket with `gsutil lifecycle set config-json-file`. is the right answer.

You can assign a lifecycle management configuration to a bucket. The configuration contains a set of rules which apply to current and future objects in the bucket. When an object meets the criteria of one of the rules, Cloud Storage automatically performs a specified action on the object. One of the supported actions is to Delete objects. You can set up a lifecycle management to delete objects older than 90 days. `gsutil lifecycle set` enables you to set the lifecycle configuration on the bucket based on the configuration file. JSON is the only supported type for the configuration file. The `config-json-file` specified on the command line should be a path to a local file containing the lifecycle configuration JSON document.

Ref: <https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/gsutil/commands/lifecycle>

Ref: <https://cloud.google.com/storage/docs/lifecycle>

NEW QUESTION # 240

During a recent audit of your existing Google Cloud resources, you discovered several users with email addresses outside of your Google Workspace domain.

You want to ensure that your resources are only shared with users whose email addresses match your domain. You need to remove any mismatched users, and you want to avoid having to audit your resources to identify mismatched users. What should you do?

- A. Create a Cloud Scheduler task to regularly scan your projects and delete mismatched users.
- B. Set an organizational policy constraint to limit identities by domain, and then retroactively remove the existing mismatched users.
- C. Create a Cloud Scheduler task to regularly scan your resources and delete mismatched users.
- D. Set an organizational policy constraint to limit identities by domain to automatically remove mismatched users.

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/resource-manager/docs/organization-policy/org-policy-constraints> This list constraint defines the set of domains that email addresses added to Essential Contacts can have. By default, email addresses with any domain can be added to Essential Contacts. The allowed/denied list must specify one or more domains of the form `@example.com`. If this constraint is active and configured with allowed values, only email addresses with a suffix matching one of the entries from the list of allowed domains can be added in Essential Contacts. This constraint has no effect on updating or removing existing contacts.
`constraints/essentialcontacts.allowedContactDomains`

NEW QUESTION # 241

Your team has developed a stateless application which requires it to be run directly on virtual machines. The application is expected to receive a fluctuating amount of traffic and needs to scale automatically. You need to deploy the application. What should you do?

- A. Deploy the application on a managed instance group and configure autoscaling.
- B. Deploy the application on Cloud Functions and configure the maximum number instances.
- C. Deploy the application on a Kubernetes Engine cluster and configure node pool autoscaling.
- D. Deploy the application on Cloud Run and configure autoscaling.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 242

You are using Deployment Manager to create a Google Kubernetes Engine cluster. Using the same Deployment Manager deployment, you also want to create a DaemonSet in the kube-system namespace of the cluster. You want a solution that uses the fewest possible services. What should you do?

- A. Use the Deployment Manager Runtime Configurator to create a new Config resource that contains the DaemonSet definition.
- B. In the cluster's definition in Deployment Manager, add a metadata that has kube-system as key and the DaemonSet manifest as value.
- C. With Deployment Manager, create a Compute Engine instance with a startup script that uses kubectl to create the DaemonSet.
- D. Add the cluster's API as a new Type Provider in Deployment Manager, and use the new type to create the DaemonSet.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Adding an API as a type provider

This page describes how to add an API to Google Cloud Deployment Manager as a type provider. To learn more about types and type providers, read the Types overview documentation.

A type provider exposes all of the resources of a third-party API to Deployment Manager as base types that you can use in your configurations. These types must be directly served by a RESTful API that supports Create, Read, Update, and Delete (CRUD). If you want to use an API that is not automatically provided by Google with Deployment Manager, you must add the API as a type provider.

<https://cloud.google.com/deployment-manager/docs/configuration/type-providers/creating-type-provider>

NEW QUESTION # 243

You need to reduce GCP service costs for a division of your company using the fewest possible steps. You need to turn off all configured services in an existing GCP project. What should you do?

- A. 1. Verify that you are assigned the Project Owners IAM role for this project. 2. Locate the project in the GCP console, click Shut down and then enter the project ID.
- B. 1. Verify that you are assigned the Organizational Administrators IAM role for this project. 2. Switch to the project in the GCP console, locate the resources and delete them.
- C. 1. Verify that you are assigned the Organizational Administrator IAM role for this project. 2. Locate the project in the GCP console, enter the project ID and then click Shut down.
- D. 1. Verify that you are assigned the Project Owners IAM role for this project. 2. Switch to the project in the GCP console, locate the resources and delete them.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://cloud.google.com/run/docs/tutorials/gcloud>

<https://cloud.google.com/resource-manager/docs/creating-managing-projects>

https://cloud.google.com/iam/docs/understanding-roles#primitive_roles

You can shut down projects using the Cloud Console. When you shut down a project, this immediately happens: All billing and traffic serving stops, You lose access to the project, The owners of the project will be notified and can stop the deletion within 30 days, The project will be scheduled to be deleted after 30 days.

However, some resources may be deleted much earlier.

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