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Juniper JN0-351 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Protocol Independent Routing: An essential domain for understanding routing components outside protocol dependencies, this topic enhances expertise in configuring, monitoring, and troubleshooting critical elements.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">BGP: This topic focuses on the operational and conceptual elements of BGP, a cornerstone in enterprise networks.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Tunnels: The fundamentals of IP tunneling are emphasized, highlighting their requirements and functionalities. Mastery in configuring, monitoring, and troubleshooting tunnels equips professionals to meet the demands of the JN0-351 Exam.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">IS-IS: Aspiring Juniper networking professionals enhance their understanding of IS-IS routing protocols. This topic equips candidates with the knowledge to configure and monitor IS-IS systems, addressing specific exam challenges and practical applications.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Layer 2 Security: This topic introduces Layer 2 protection mechanisms and firewall filters to fortify network security. Practical skills in configuring, monitoring, and troubleshooting these features prepare candidates to address exam objectives and real-world challenges effectively.

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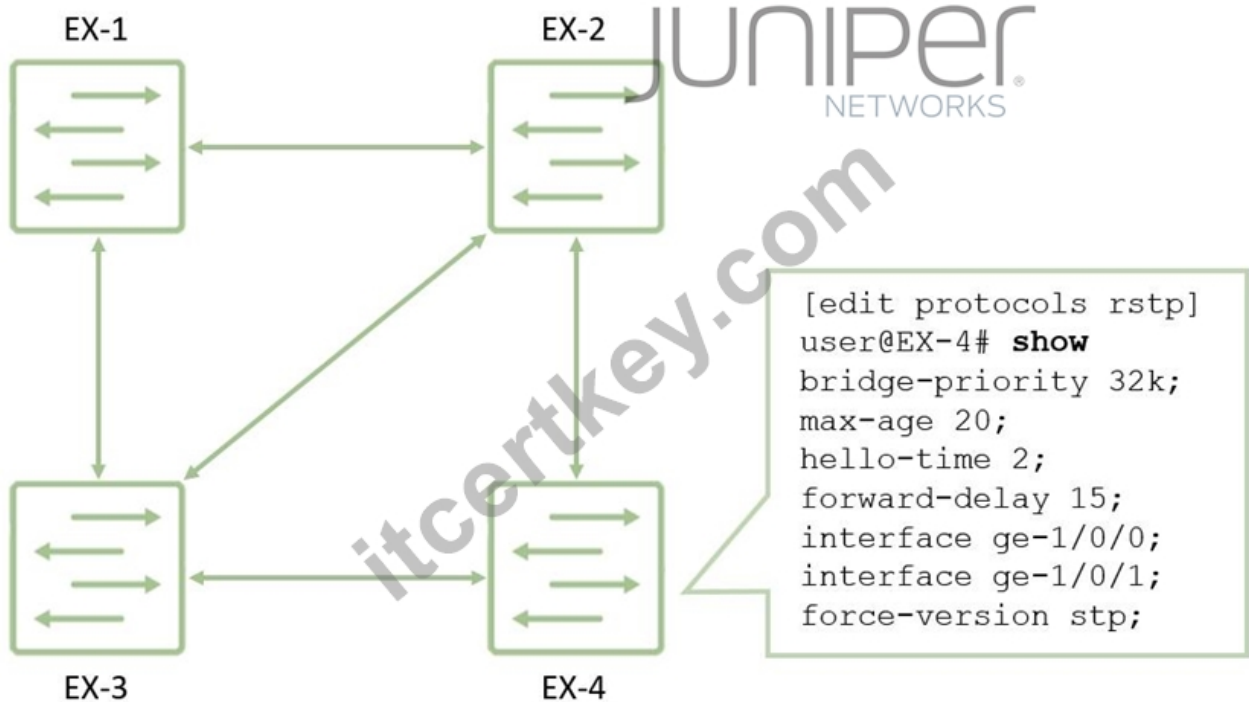
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Juniper Enterprise Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-ENT) Sample Questions (Q147-Q152):

NEW QUESTION # 147

You have configured the four EX Series switches with RSTP, as shown in the exhibit. You discover that whenever a link between switches goes up or down, the switches take longer than expected for RSTP to converge, using the default settings. In this scenario, which action would solve the delay in RSTP convergence?



- A. The hello-time must be increased.
- **B. The force-version must be removed.**
- C. The bridge priority for EX-4 must be set at 4000.
- D. The max-age must be increased to 20

Answer: B

Explanation:

The exhibit shows the configuration of RSTP on EX-4, which has the command `force-version stp`.

This command forces the switch to use the legacy STP protocol instead of RSTP, even though the switch supports RSTP. This means that EX-4 will not be able to take advantage of the faster convergence and enhanced features of RSTP, such as edge ports, link type, and proposal/agreement sequence. The other switches in the network are likely to be running RSTP, as it is the default protocol for EX Series switches. Therefore, there will be a compatibility issue between EX-4 and the other switches, which will result in longer convergence times and suboptimal performance. The switch will also generate a warning message that says "Warning: STP version mismatch with neighbor" when it receives a BPDU from a RSTP neighbor.

To solve this problem, the `force-version` command must be removed from EX-4, so that it can run RSTP natively and interoperate with the other switches in the network. This will enable faster convergence and better stability for the network topology. To remove the command, you can use the `delete protocols rstp force-version` command in configuration mode.

NEW QUESTION # 148

You must implement filter-based forwarding. You need to direct traffic from the 192.168.1.0/24 through vr1 and traffic from 10.210.0.128/26 through vr2.

Which configuration is correct in this scenario?

```

firewall {
  family inet {
    filter fbf-filter1 {
      term match-192-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            192.168.1.0/26;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr2;
        }
      }
      term match-10-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            10.210.0.128/26;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr1;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

- A.


```

firewall {
  family inet {
    filter fbf-filter1 {
      term match-192-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            192.168.2.0/26;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr2;
        }
      }
      term match-10-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            10.210.1.128/26;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr1;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```
- B.

```

firewall {
  family inet {
    filter fbf-filter1 {
      term match-192-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            192.168.0.0/24;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr1;
        }
      }
      term match-10-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            10.210.0.128/27;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr2;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

- C.

```

firewall {
  family inet {
    filter fbf-filter1 {
      term match-192-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            192.168.1.0/24;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr1;
        }
      }
      term match-10-subnet {
        from {
          source-address {
            10.210.0.128/26;
          }
        }
        then {
          routing-instance vr2;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

- D.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 149

Exhibit

Exhibit

Routing table: default.ethernet-switching

ETHERNET-SWITCHING:

Destination	Type	RtRef	Next hop	Type	Index	NhRef	Netif
default	perm	0		dscd	66	1	
2, *	user	0		comp	1304	2	
2, *	intf	0		rslv	1302	1	
2, 00:26:88:02:74:86	user	0		ucst	1303	3	ge-0/0/6.0
2, 00:26:88:02:74:87	user	0		ucst	1305	3	ge-0/0/7.0
2, 00:26:88:02:74:88	user	0		ucst	1306	3	ge-0/0/8.0

Which command displays the output shown in the exhibit?

- A. show ethernet-switching table extensive
- B. show ethernet-switching table
- C. show route forwarding-table family ethernet-switching
- D. show route forwarding-table

Answer: B

Explanation:

The output shown in the exhibit is a brief display of the Ethernet switching table, which shows the learned Layer 2 MAC addresses for each VLAN and interface1.

The command show ethernet-switching table displays the Ethernet switching table with brief information, such as the destination MAC address, the VLAN name, the forwarding state, and the interface name1.

The command show route forwarding-table displays the routing table information for each protocol family, such as inet, inet6, mpls, iso, and so on2. It does not show the Ethernet switching table or the MAC addresses.

The command show ethernet-switching table extensive displays the Ethernet switching table with extensive information, such as the destination MAC address, the VLAN name, the forwarding state, the interface name, the VLAN index, and the tag type1. It shows more details than the brief output shown in the exhibit.

The command show route forwarding-table family ethernet-switching displays the routing table information for the ethernet-switching protocol family, which shows the destination MAC address, the next-hop MAC address, and the interface name3. It does not show the VLAN name or the forwarding state.

NEW QUESTION # 150

Which two statements are correct about using firewall filters on EX Series switches? (Choose two.)

- A. You can apply firewall filters to both Layer 2 and Layer 3 traffic on an EX Series switch.
- B. You can only apply firewall filters to Layer 2 traffic on an EX Series switch.
- C. You can deploy both stateless and stateful firewall filters on an EX Series switch.
- D. You can deploy only stateless firewall filters on an EX Series switch.

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

A is correct because you can deploy only stateless firewall filters on an EX Series switch. A stateless firewall filter is a filter that evaluates each packet individually based on the header information, such as source and destination addresses, protocol, and port

numbers. A stateless firewall filter does not keep track of the state or context of a packet flow, such as the sequence number, flags, or session information. EX Series switches support only stateless firewall filters, which are also called access control lists (ACLs) or packet filters.

C is correct because you can apply firewall filters to both Layer 2 and Layer 3 traffic on an EX Series switch. Layer 2 traffic is traffic that is switched within a VLAN or a bridge domain, while Layer 3 traffic is traffic that is routed between VLANs or networks. EX Series switches support three types of firewall filters: port (Layer 2) firewall filters, VLAN firewall filters, and router (Layer 3) firewall filters. You can apply these filters to different interfaces and directions to control the traffic entering or exiting the switch.

NEW QUESTION # 151

You are an operator for a network running IS-IS. Two routers are failing to form an adjacency. What are two reasons for this problem? (Choose two.)

- A. There are mismatched router IDs on the L2 routers.
- B. The family iso configuration is missing from the adjacency interface.
- C. There is no configured ISO address on any IS-IS interface.
- D. There is a mismatched area ID between the L2 routers.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

The two reasons for the failure to form an adjacency in a network running IS-IS could be:

B) There is no configured ISO address on any IS-IS interface. IS-IS requires each router interface to have an ISO address configured. Without this address, the routers cannot form an adjacency.

D) The family iso configuration is missing from the adjacency interface. The 'family iso' configuration is essential for IS-IS to function correctly. If this configuration is missing from the adjacency interface, it could prevent the formation of an adjacency.

These explanations are based on the Enterprise Routing and Switching Specialist (JNCIS-ENT) documents and learning resources available at Juniper Networks.

NEW QUESTION # 152

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