

Three in-Demand NCLEX NCLEX-RN Exam Questions Formats

NCLEX-RN PRACTICE EXAM

Unit 1

1. Which individual is at greatest risk for developing hypertension?

- A. 45-year-old African American attorney
- B. 60-year-old Asian American shop owner
- C. 40-year-old Caucasian nurse
- D. 55-year-old Hispanic teacher

2. A child who ingested 15 maximum strength acetaminophen tablets 45 minutes ago is seen in the emergency department. Which of these orders should the nurse do first?

- A. Gastric lavage PRN
- B. Acetylcysteine (Mucomyst) for age per pharmacy
- C. Start an IV Dextrose 5% with 0.33% normal saline to keep vein open
- D. Activated charcoal per pharmacy

3. Which complication of cardiac catheterization should the nurse monitor for in the initial 24 hours after the procedure?

- A. angina at rest
- B. thrombus formation
- C. dizziness
- D. falling blood pressure

4. A client is admitted to the emergency room with renal calculi and is complaining of moderate to severe flank pain and nausea. The client's temperature is 100.8 degrees Fahrenheit. The priority nursing goal for this client is:

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The field of NCLEX is growing rapidly and you need the NCLEX NCLEX-RN certification to advance your career in it. But clearing the National Council Licensure Examination(NCLEX-RN) (NCLEX-RN) test is not an easy task. Applicants often don't have enough time to study for the NCLEX-RN Exam. They are in desperate need of real National Council Licensure Examination(NCLEX-RN) (NCLEX-RN) exam questions which can help them prepare for the National Council Licensure Examination(NCLEX-RN) (NCLEX-RN) test successfully in a short time.

Get to know about the prerequisites of NCLEX-RN Exam

There are no prerequisites to take the NCLEX-RN Exam.

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Learning knowledge is not only to increase the knowledge reserve, but also to understand how to apply it, and to carry out the theories and principles that have been learned into the specific answer environment. Studying for attending National Council Licensure Examination(NCLEX-RN) exam pays attention to the method. The good method often can bring the result with half the effort, therefore we in the examination time, and also should know some test-taking skill. The NCLEX-RN Quiz guide on the basis

of summarizing the past years, found that many of the questions, the answers have certain rules can be found, either subjective or objective questions, we can find in the corresponding module of similar things in common.

Passing the NCLEX-RN exam is a critical step in becoming a licensed registered nurse. It is a requirement for licensure in all 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. territories of Guam, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands. Additionally, many Canadian provinces also require the NCLEX-RN for licensure. NCLEX-RN exam is administered year-round, and candidates must register and pay a fee in order to take the exam.

NCLEX National Council Licensure Examination(NCLEX-RN) Sample Questions (Q580-Q585):

NEW QUESTION # 580

Early in her ninth month of pregnancy, a client has been diagnosed as having mild preeclampsia. In counseling her about her diet, the nurse must emphasize the importance of:

- A. Increasing her carbohydrate intake
- B. Decreasing her sodium intake
- C. Eating a moderate to high-protein diet
- D. Decreasing her fluids

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation/Reference:

Explanation:

(A) Women with pregnancy-induced hypertension have a reduced plasma volume secondary to venous vessel constriction, not hypovolemia; therefore, sodium restriction is not recommended. It is suggested that these women avoid extremely salty foods. (B) Drinking six to eight glasses of water per day facilitates optimal fluid volume and renal perfusion, but it will not decrease the venous vessel constriction of pregnancy-induced hypertension. (C) Carbohydrate needs increase during pregnancy, specifically during the second and third trimesters, but they have not been linked to pregnancy-induced hypertension. (D) Loss of urinary protein (proteinuria) is associated with increased permeability of the large protein molecules with pregnancy-induced hypertension. Additional dietary protein also helps increase the plasma colloidal osmotic pressure. Diets deficient in protein have been linked to pregnancy-induced hypertension.

NEW QUESTION # 581

A client's behavior is annoying other clients on the unit. He is meddling with their belongings and dominating the group. The best approach by the nurse is to:

- A. Seclude him in his room.
- B. Have his medication increased.
- C. Ignore him and tell the other clients that these behaviors are due to his illness and that they should understand.
- D. Set limits on his behavior.

Answer: D

Explanation:

(A) This action by the nurse would be punitive. (B) Consistent limit setting will help the client to know what is acceptable behavior. (C) This action is not within the nurse's scope of practice. (D) This could be dangerous to the client and to others and violates other clients' rights.

NEW QUESTION # 582

A female client is concerned that she is in a "high-risk" group for the development of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). She wants to know about the advisability of donating blood. Which of the following responses is correct?

- A. "It's OK for you to donate because the blood bank has a test that is 100% effective."
- B. "It is not a good idea for you to donate. If you have AIDS, the information is made public and could destroy your personal life."
- C. "You should not donate since it takes time to develop antibodies to the AIDS virus. If you donate blood before you

develop the antibody, you could pass it on in the blood."

- D. "Individuals who donate blood are at risk of getting the AIDS virus. You should not donate."

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

(A) The AIDS virus cannot be transmitted to the donor through the blood donation procedure. (B) The test for the AIDS virus is not absolutely foolproof; therefore, it is not wise for a person with known risk factors to donate blood. (C) It takes time for antibodies to the AIDS virus to develop. An infected individual could donate contaminated blood without it testing positive for the virus. (D) For reasons of confidentiality, information about individuals infected with AIDS is not made public.

NEW QUESTION # 583

A client's renal calculi are identified as consisting of calcium phosphate. Which of the following diets would be appropriate?

- A. High calcium, low phosphorus
- B. Two-gram sodium diet
- C. Low calcium, high phosphorus
- D. Low calcium and phosphorus, acid ash

Answer: D

Explanation:

(A) The stones consist of calcium and phosphorus; therefore, these minerals should be avoided. A high-calcium diet is contraindicated. (B) A high-phosphorus diet is contraindicated. (C) A 2-g sodium diet is a cardiac diet. (D) A low-calcium and phosphorus diet will reduce further calculi formation.

NEW QUESTION # 584

A female client at 36 weeks' gestation has been treated successfully for premature labor for 4 weeks. She has begun having uterine contractions today and has been admitted to the labor and delivery suite. Her amniocentesis results reveal a lecithin/sphingomyelin (L/S) ratio of 2 and positive phosphatidylglycerol (PG). These lab values indicate:

- A. Placental maturity
- B. Fetal lung maturity
- C. Cord compression
- D. Suspected chronic asphyxia

Answer: B

Explanation:

(A) Placental maturity is assessed by a biophysical profile. (B) L/S ratio and presence of phosphatidylglycerol are not used to determine fetal asphyxia. A biophysical profile score of 6 may indicate this condition. (C) Cord compression is not reflected by the L/S ratio or presence of phosphatidylglycerol. Variable decelerations observed through electronic fetal monitoring could reflect umbilical cord compression. (D) An L/S ratio > 2 and the presence of phosphatidylglycerol in amniotic fluid indicate fetal lung maturity.

NEW QUESTION # 585

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