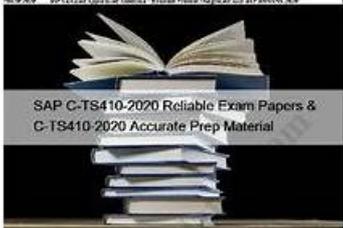


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 The "SAP Certified Application Specialist - Business Process Integration with SAP S/4HANA" certification exam verifies that the candidate has the core knowledge about complex scenarios and their integration in SAP S/4HANA 2020. This certification exam is recommended as an entry-level qualification to allow consultants and application users to get acquainted with SAP S/4HANA and to build business cases for implementation.

**SAP C-TS410-2020 Certification Exam Topics:**

Topic Area	Topic Details, Coverage, Weight
Core Business Processes Accounting (75% - 12%)	Finance and tax of financial accounting and external cost transactions Financial reporting SAP S/4HANA integration

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## Appian ACD301 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Application Design and Development: This section of the exam measures skills of Lead Appian Developers and covers the design and development of applications that meet user needs using Appian functionality. It includes designing for consistency, reusability, and collaboration across teams. Emphasis is placed on applying best practices for building multiple, scalable applications in complex environments.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Project and Resource Management: This section of the exam measures skills of Agile Project Leads and covers interpreting business requirements, recommending design options, and leading Agile teams through technical delivery. It also involves governance, and process standardization.</li> </ul>

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Platform Management: This section of the exam measures skills of Appian System Administrators and covers the ability to manage platform operations such as deploying applications across environments, troubleshooting platform-level issues, configuring environment settings, and understanding platform architecture. Candidates are also expected to know when to involve Appian Support and how to adjust admin console configurations to maintain stability and performance.</li> </ul>
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### Appian Lead Developer Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

#### NEW QUESTION # 22

You are taking your package from the source environment and importing it into the target environment.

Review the errors encountered during inspection:

What is the first action you should take to Investigate the issue?

```

Problems (1):
content_a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821 "TEST_ENTITY_PROFILE_MERGE_HISTORY": The content [id=
uuid-a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821] was not imported because a required precedent is missing: entity
[uuid=a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821] cannot be found. (APX-1-4079-004) (APX-1-4071-006)

Cascading Problems (2):
content_a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821 "TEST_ENTITY_PROFILE_MERGE_HISTORY": The content [id=
uuid-a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821] was not imported because a required precedent is missing: content [
uuid-a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821 location=Expression Rule Definition] cannot be found. (APX-1-4079-001) (
APX-1-4071-006)
processModel_0002e05a-8009-8000-f92f-7f00301427a "SITE Profile Reconciliation": The processModel [id=289
uuid=0002e05a-8009-8000-f92f-7f00301427a] was not imported because a required precedent is missing: content [
uuid-a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48_18028821 location=Process Model Expressions (Rules)] cannot be found. (
APX-1-4079-001) (APX-1-4071-006)

```

- A. Check whether the object (UUID ending in 25606) is included in this package
- B. Check whether the object (UUID ending in 18028821) is included in this package
- C. Check whether the object (UUID ending in 7t00000i4e7a) is included in this package
- D. Check whether the object (UUID ending in 18028931) is included in this package

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

The error log provided indicates issues during the package import into the target environment, with multiple objects failing to import due to missing precedents. The key error messages highlight specific UUIDs associated with objects that cannot be resolved. The first error listed states:

"TEST\_ENTITY\_PROFILE\_MERGE\_HISTORY": The content [id=uuid-a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48, 18028821] was not imported because a required precedent is missing: entity [uuid=a-0000m5fc-f0e6-8000-9b01-011c48011c48, 18028821] cannot be found..." According to Appian's Package Deployment Best Practices, when importing a package, the first step in troubleshooting is to identify the root cause of the failure. The initial error in the log points to an entity object with a UUID ending in 18028821, which failed to import due to a missing precedent. This suggests that the object itself or one of its dependencies (e.g., a data store or related entity) is either missing from the package or not present in the target environment.

Option A (Check whether the object (UUID ending in 18028821) is included in this package): This is the correct first action. Since the first error references this UUID, verifying its inclusion in the package is the logical starting point. If it's missing, the package export from the source environment was incomplete. If it's included but still fails, the precedent issue (e.g., a missing data store) needs further investigation.

Option B (Check whether the object (UUID ending in 7t00000i4e7a) is included in this package): This appears to be a typo or corrupted UUID (likely intended as something like "7t000014e7a" or similar), and it's not referenced in the primary error. It's mentioned later in the log but is not the first issue to address.

Option C (Check whether the object (UUID ending in 25606) is included in this package): This UUID is associated with a data store error later in the log, but it's not the first reported issue.

Option D (Check whether the object (UUID ending in 18028931) is included in this package): This UUID is mentioned in a subsequent error related to a process model or expression rule, but it's not the initial failure point.

Appian recommends addressing errors in the order they appear in the log to systematically resolve dependencies. Thus, starting with the object ending in 18028821 is the priority.

### NEW QUESTION # 23

You are on a protect with an application that has been deployed to Production and is live with users. The client wishes to increase the number of active users.

You need to conduct load testing to ensure Production can handle the increased usage Review the specs for four environments in the following image.



Cloud Environment	Purpose	Disk (GB)	Memory (GB)	vCPUs
acmedev.appiancloud.com	Non-production	30	16	2
acmetest.appiancloud.com	Non-production	75	32	4
acmeuat.appiancloud.com	Non-production	75	64	8
acme.appiancloud.com	Production	75	32	4

Which environment should you use for load testing?

- A. acmeuat
- B. acmetest
- C. acmedev
- D. acme

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The image provides the specifications for four environments in the Appian Cloud:

acmedev.appiancloud.com (acmedev): Non-production, Disk: 30 GB, Memory: 16 GB, vCPUs: 2  
acmetest.appiancloud.com (acmetest): Non-production, Disk: 75 GB, Memory: 32 GB, vCPUs: 4  
acmeuat.appiancloud.com (acmeuat): Non-production, Disk: 75 GB, Memory: 64 GB, vCPUs: 8  
acme.appiancloud.com (acme): Production, Disk: 75 GB, Memory: 32 GB, vCPUs: 4  
Load testing assesses an application's performance under increased user load to ensure scalability and stability. Appian's Performance Testing Guidelines emphasize using an environment that mirrors Production as closely as possible to obtain accurate results, while avoiding direct impact on live systems.

Option A (acmeuat):

This is the best choice. The UAT (User Acceptance Testing) environment (acmeuat) has the highest resources (64 GB memory, 8 vCPUs) among the non-production environments, closely aligning with Production's capabilities (32 GB memory, 4 vCPUs) but with greater capacity to handle simulated loads. UAT environments are designed to validate the application with real-world usage scenarios, making them ideal for load testing. The higher resources also allow testing beyond current Production limits to predict future scalability, meeting the client's goal of increasing active users without risking live data.

Option B (acmedev):

The development environment (acmedev) has the lowest resources (16 GB memory, 2 vCPUs), which is insufficient for load testing. It's optimized for development, not performance simulation, and results would not reflect Production behavior accurately.

Option C (acme):

The Production environment (acme) is live with users, and load testing here would disrupt service, violate Appian's Production Safety Guidelines, and risk data integrity. It should never be used for testing.

Option D (acmetest):

The test environment (acmetest) has moderate resources (32 GB memory, 4 vCPUs), matching Production's memory and vCPUs. However, it's typically used for SIT (System Integration Testing) and has less capacity than acmeuat. While viable, it's less ideal than acmeuat for simulating higher user loads due to its resource constraints.

Appian recommends using a UAT environment for load testing when it closely mirrors Production and can handle simulated traffic, making acmeuat the optimal choice given its superior resources and non-production status.

### NEW QUESTION # 24

You need to export data using an out-of-the-box Appian smart service. Which two formats are available (or data generation)?

- A. CSV
- B. XML
- C. JSDN

- D. Excel

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

The two formats that are available for data generation using an out-of-the-box Appian smart service are:

\* A. CSV. This is a comma-separated values format that can be used to export data in a tabular form, such as records, reports, or grids. CSV files can be easily opened and manipulated by spreadsheet applications such as Excel or Google Sheets.

\* C. Excel. This is a format that can be used to export data in a spreadsheet form, with multiple worksheets, formatting, formulas, charts, and other features. Excel files can be opened by Excel or other compatible applications.

The other options are incorrect for the following reasons:

\* B. XML. This is a format that can be used to export data in a hierarchical form, using tags and attributes to define the structure and content of the data. XML files can be opened by text editors or XML parsers, but they are not supported by the out-of-the-box Appian smart service for data generation.

\* D. JSON. This is a format that can be used to export data in a structured form, using objects and arrays to represent the data. JSON files can be opened by text editors or JSON parsers, but they are not supported by the out-of-the-box Appian smart service for data generation. Verified References: Appian Documentation, section "Write to Data Store Entity" and "Write to Multiple Data Store Entities".

### NEW QUESTION # 25

An Appian application contains an integration used to send a JSON, called at the end of a form submission, returning the created code of the user request as the response. To be able to efficiently follow their case, the user needs to be informed of that code at the end of the process. The JSON contains case fields (such as text, dates, and numeric fields) to a customer's API. What should be your two primary considerations when building this integration?

- A. The request must be a multi-part POST.
- B. A dictionary that matches the expected request body must be manually constructed.
- C. The size limit of the body needs to be carefully followed to avoid an error.
- D. A process must be built to retrieve the API response afterwards so that the user experience is not impacted.

**Answer: B,C**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:As an Appian Lead Developer, building an integration to send JSON to a customer's API and return a code to the user involves balancing usability, performance, and reliability. The integration is triggered at form submission, and the user must see the response (case code) efficiently. The JSON includes standard fields (text, dates, numbers), and the focus is on primary considerations for the integration itself. Let's evaluate each option based on Appian's official documentation and best practices:

\* A. A process must be built to retrieve the API response afterwards so that the user experience is not impacted:This suggests making the integration asynchronous by calling it in a process model (e.g., via a Start Process smart service) and retrieving the response later, avoiding delays in the UI. While this improves user experience for slow APIs (e.g., by showing a "Processing" message), it contradicts the requirement that the user is "informed of that code at the end of the process." Asynchronous processing would delay the code display, requiring additional steps (e.g., a follow-up task), which isn't efficient for this use case. Appian's default integration pattern (synchronous call in an Integration object) is suitable unless latency is a known issue, making this a secondary-not primary-consideration.

\* B. The request must be a multi-part POST:A multi-part POST (e.g., multipart/form-data) is used for sending mixed content, like files and text, in a single request. Here, the payload is a JSON containing case fields (text, dates, numbers)-no files are mentioned. Appian's HTTP Connected System and Integration objects default to application/json for JSON payloads via a standard POST, which aligns with REST API norms. Forcing a multi-part POST adds unnecessary complexity and is incompatible with most APIs expecting JSON. Appian documentation confirms this isn't required for JSON-only data, ruling it out as a primary consideration.

\* C. The size limit of the body needs to be carefully followed to avoid an error:This is a primary consideration. Appian's Integration object has a payload size limit (approximately 10 MB, though exact limits depend on the environment and API), and exceeding it causes errors (e.g., 413 Payload Too Large). The JSON includes multiple case fields, and while "hundreds of thousands" isn't specified, large datasets could approach this limit. Additionally, the customer's API may impose its own size restrictions (common in REST APIs). Appian Lead Developer training emphasizes validating payload size during design-e.g., testing with maximum expected data-to prevent runtime failures. This ensures reliability and is critical for production success.

\* D. A dictionary that matches the expected request body must be manually constructed:This is also a primary consideration. The integration sends a JSON payload to the customer's API, which expects a specific structure (e.g., { "field1": "text", "field2": "date" }). In Appian, the Integration object requires a dictionary (key-value pairs) to construct the JSON body, manually built to match the API's schema.

Mismatches (e.g., wrong field names, types) cause errors (e.g., 400 Bad Request) or silent failures.

Appian's documentation stresses defining the request body accurately-e.g., mapping form data to a CDT or dictionary-ensuring the API accepts the payload and returns the case code correctly. This is foundational to the integration's functionality.

Conclusion: The two primary considerations are C (size limit of the body) and D (constructing a matching dictionary). These ensure the integration works reliably (C) and meets the API's expectations (D), directly enabling the user to receive the case code at submission end. Size limits prevent technical failures, while the dictionary ensures data integrity-both are critical for a synchronous JSON POST in Appian. Option A could be relevant for performance but isn't primary given the requirement, and B is irrelevant to the scenario.

References:

\* Appian Documentation: "Integration Object" (Request Body Configuration and Size Limits).

\* Appian Lead Developer Certification: Integration Module (Building REST API Integrations).

\* Appian Best Practices: "Designing Reliable Integrations" (Payload Validation and Error Handling).

## NEW QUESTION # 26

You are in a backlog refinement meeting with the development team and the product owner. You review a story for an integration involving a third-party system. A payload will be sent from the Appian system through the integration to the third-party system. The story is 21 points on a Fibonacci scale and requires development from your Appian team as well as technical resources from the third-party system. This item is crucial to your project's success. What are the two recommended steps to ensure this story can be developed effectively?

- A. Maintain a communication schedule with the third-party resources.
- B. Break down the item into smaller stories.
- C. Identify subject matter experts (SMEs) to perform user acceptance testing (UAT).
- D. Acquire testing steps from QA resources.

**Answer: A,B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

This question involves a complex integration story rated at 21 points on the Fibonacci scale, indicating significant complexity and effort. Appian Lead Developer best practices emphasize effective collaboration, risk mitigation, and manageable development scopes for such scenarios. The two most critical steps are:

Option C (Maintain a communication schedule with the third-party resources):

Integrations with third-party systems require close coordination, as Appian developers depend on external teams for endpoint specifications, payload formats, authentication details, and testing support. Establishing a regular communication schedule ensures alignment on requirements, timelines, and issue resolution. Appian's Integration Best Practices documentation highlights the importance of proactive communication with external stakeholders to prevent delays and misunderstandings, especially for critical project components.

Option D (Break down the item into smaller stories):

A 21-point story is considered large by Agile standards (Fibonacci scale typically flags anything above 13 as complex). Appian's Agile Development Guide recommends decomposing large stories into smaller, independently deliverable pieces to reduce risk, improve testability, and enable iterative progress. For example, the integration could be split into tasks like designing the payload structure, building the integration object, and testing the connection-each manageable within a sprint. This approach aligns with the principle of delivering value incrementally while maintaining quality.

Option A (Acquire testing steps from QA resources): While QA involvement is valuable, this step is more relevant during the testing phase rather than backlog refinement or development preparation. It's not a primary step for ensuring effective development of the story.

Option B (Identify SMEs for UAT): User acceptance testing occurs after development, during the validation phase. Identifying SMEs is important but not a key step in ensuring the story is developed effectively during the refinement and coding stages.

By choosing C and D, you address both the external dependency (third-party coordination) and internal complexity (story size), ensuring a smoother development process for this critical integration.

## NEW QUESTION # 27

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