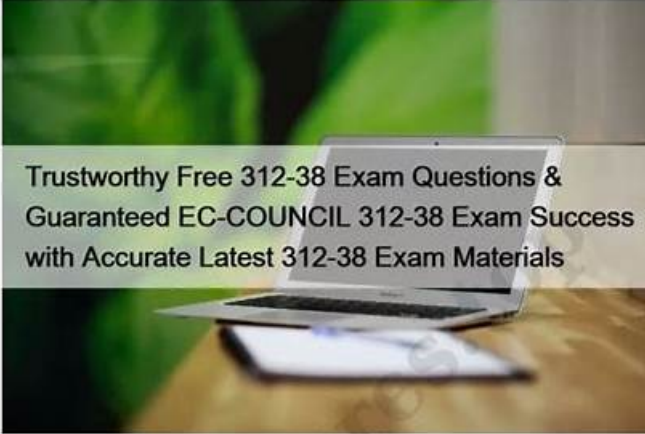


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EC-COUNCIL 312-38

EC-Council Certified Network Defender CND

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The EC-Council Certified Network Defender (CND) certification exam is designed to test the knowledge and skills of IT security professionals who are responsible for protecting and securing networks. 312-38 exam covers a wide range of topics, including network security, network defense and countermeasures, vulnerability assessment and management, and incident response.

EC-COUNCIL 312-38 exam is a comprehensive exam that covers a broad range of topics related to network security. It requires individuals to have a deep understanding of network security concepts, as well as the ability to apply those concepts in real-world situations. 312-38 exam is designed to test individuals' knowledge and skills in a variety of areas, including network security design, implementation, and management.

The EC-Council CND certification is ideal for professionals who are responsible for managing and protecting network infrastructures. EC-Council Certified Network Defender CND certification covers a variety of topics, including network security, network protocols, and network defense technologies. 312-38 Exam is designed to test the candidate's ability to identify and

mitigate potential threats to network infrastructure, as well as their ability to implement security measures that can prevent attacks.

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## EC-COUNCIL EC-Council Certified Network Defender CND Sample Questions (Q23-Q28):

### NEW QUESTION # 23

Match the following NIST security life cycle components with their activities:

□

- A. 1-i,2-v,3-iii,4-ii
- B. 1-iv, 2- iii,3-v,4-i
- C. 1-iii,2-iv,3-v,4-i
- D. 1-ii,2-i,3-v,4-iv

**Answer: B**

### NEW QUESTION # 24

Which of the following standards is an amendment to the original IEEE 802.11 and specifies security mechanisms for wireless networks?

- A. 802.11b
- B. 802.11e
- C. 802.11i
- D. 802.11a

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

802.11i is an amendment to the original IEEE 802.11. This standard specifies security mechanisms for wireless networks. It replaced the short Authentication and privacy clause of the original standard with a detailed Security clause. In the process, it deprecated the broken WEP. 802.11i supersedes the previous security specification, Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), which was shown to have severe security weaknesses. Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) had previously been introduced by the Wi-Fi Alliance as an intermediate solution to WEP insecurities. The Wi-Fi Alliance refers to their approved, interoperable implementation of the full 802.11i as WPA2, also called RSN (Robust Security Network). 802.11i makes use of the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) block cipher, whereas WEP and WPA use the RC4 stream cipher. Answer option D is incorrect. 802.11a is an amendment to the IEEE 802.11 specification that added a higher data rate of up to 54 Mbit/s using the 5 GHz band. It has seen widespread worldwide implementation, particularly within the corporate workspace. Using the 5 GHz band gives 802.11a a significant advantage, since the 2.4 GHz band is heavily used to the point of being crowded. Degradation caused by such conflicts can cause frequent dropped connections and degradation of service. Answer option A is incorrect. 802.11b is an amendment to the IEEE 802.11 specification that extended throughput up to 11 Mbit/s using the same 2.4 GHz band. This specification under the marketing name of Wi-Fi has been implemented all over the world. 802.11b is used in a point-to-multipoint configuration, wherein an access point communicates via an omni-directional antenna with one or more nomadic or mobile clients that are located in a coverage area around the access point. Answer option B is incorrect. The 802.11e standard is a proposed enhancement to the 802.11a and 802.11b wireless LAN (WLAN) specifications. It offers quality of service (QoS) features, including the prioritization of data, voice, and video transmissions. 802.11e enhances the 802.11 Media Access Control layer (MAC layer) with a coordinated time division multiple access (TDMA) construct, and adds error-correcting mechanisms for delay-sensitive applications such as voice and video.

### NEW QUESTION # 25

Which of the following firewalls are used to track the state of active connections and determine the network packets allowed to enter through the firewall? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

- A. Stateful
- B. Proxy server
- C. Dynamic packet-filtering
- D. Circuit-level gateway

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:

A dynamic packet-filtering firewall is a fourth generation firewall technology. It is also known as a stateful firewall. It tracks the state of active connections and determines which network packets are allowed to enter through the firewall. It records session information, such as IP addresses and port numbers to implement a more secure network. The dynamic packet-filtering firewall operates at Layer3, Layer4, and Layer5.

Answer option A is incorrect. A circuit-level gateway is a type of firewall that works at the session layer of the OSI model between the application layer and the transport layer of the TCP/IP stack. They monitor TCP handshaking between packets to determine whether a requested session is legitimate. Information passed to a remote computer through a circuit level gateway appears to have originated from the gateway. This is useful for hiding information about protected networks. Circuit-level gateways are relatively inexpensive and have the advantage of hiding information about the private network they protect.

Answer option C is incorrect. A proxy server firewall intercepts all messages entering and leaving the network. The proxy server effectively hides the true network addresses.

### NEW QUESTION # 26

Who is an IR custodian?

- A. An individual who receives the initial IR alerts and leads the IR team in all the IR activities
- B. An individual responsible for conveying company details after an incident
- C. An individual who makes a decision on the classifications and the severity of the incident identified
- D. An individual responsible for the remediation and resolution of the incident that occurred

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

An IR custodian is typically responsible for making decisions on the classifications and the severity of the incident identified. This role involves determining the impact of the incident, categorizing its severity, and guiding the appropriate response according to the organization's incident response plan. The custodian plays a critical role in the incident response process by ensuring that incidents are properly identified, classified, and escalated to the relevant parties for further action.

References: The information provided aligns with the objectives and documents of the EC-Council's Certified Network Defender (CND) program, which includes understanding the roles and responsibilities within an incident response team. For more detailed information, refer to the official CND study guide and materials provided by the EC-Council.

### NEW QUESTION # 27

Stephanie is currently setting up email security so all company data is secured when passed through email. Stephanie first sets up encryption to make sure that a specific user's email is protected. Next, she needs to ensure that the incoming and the outgoing mail has not been modified or altered using digital signatures. What is Stephanie working on?

- A. Availability
- B. Confidentiality
- C. Usability
- D. Data Integrity

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Stephanie is working on ensuring Data Integrity, which is a critical aspect of information security.

It involves maintaining and assuring the accuracy and consistency of data over its entire lifecycle.

By setting up digital signatures, Stephanie ensures that the data, in this case, the email content, has not been altered or tampered with.

during transit. This process provides a means to verify the origin of the message and confirms that the message received is the same as the message sent, thereby safeguarding the integrity of the data.

### NEW QUESTION # 28

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