JN0-664인기자격증 & JN0-664퍼펙트덤프공부

KoreaDumps JN0-664 최신 PDF 버전 시험 문제집을 무료로 Google Drive에서 다운로드하세요: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1m9qXgW6o_o4CzROvPI14NaQ6s0--_Vxj

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>> JN0-664인기자격증 <<

JN0-664인기자격증 시험패스하여 자격증 취득하기

IT업계에 종사하는 분들은 치열한 경쟁을 많이 느낄것입니다. 치열한 경쟁속에서 자신의 위치를 보장하는 길은 더 많이 배우고 더 많이 노력하는것 뿐입니다.국제적으로 인정받은 IT인증자격증을 취득하는것이 제일 중요한 부분이 아닌가 싶기도 합니다. 다른 분이 없는 자격증을 내가 소유하고 있다는 생각만 해도 뭔가 안전감이 느껴지지 않나요? 더는 시간낭비하지 말고KoreaDumps의Juniper인증 JN0-664덤프로Juniper인증 JN0-664시험에 도전해보세요.

JNCIP-SP Certified Professional로서 서비스 제공 업체 네트워킹 기술 분야에서 전문 지식을 보여줄 수 있습니다. 이

인증은 업계에서 매우 존경 받고 있으며 전 세계의 많은 조직에서 인정 받고 있습니다. 새로운 경력 기회를 열고 경력을 발전시키는 데 도움이 될 수 있습니다.

최신 JNCIP-SP JN0-664 무료샘플문제 (Q12-Q17):

질문 # 12
Refer to the Exhibit:
A network designer would like to advertise a single summary route from R4 to IS-IS level 2 neighbors as shown in the exhibit, but the configuration is not working.
Which three configuration changes will accomplish this task? (Choose three.)

- A. set policy-options policy-statement summary-v6 term DC-routes from route-filter 2001:dbS:a:fa00::/6l exact
- B. delete protocols isis export summary-v6
- C. set policy-options policy-statement summary-v6 term suppress then reject
- D. set protocols isis import summary-v6
- E. delete policy-options policy-statement summary-v6 term DC-routes from route-filter 2001:db5:a:fa00::/61 longer

정답： A,C,E

질문 # 13
Click the Exhibit button.
Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct regarding the output shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)

- A. The multicast group is an SSM group.
- B. The multicast traffic is using the RPT.
- C. The multicast group is an ASM group.
- D. The multicast traffic is using the SPT.

정답： C,D

설명:
In the provided exhibit, the output of the `show pim join extensive 232.1.1.1` command is shown. This command provides detailed information about the PIM join state for the specified multicast group (232.1.1.1) on the router R1. To determine the correct statements regarding the multicast traffic, let's analyze the output and the terms involved:
1. **ASM vs. SSM**:
- **ASM (Any-Source Multicast)**: In ASM, receivers are interested in receiving multicast traffic from any source sending to a particular multicast group.
- **SSM (Source-Specific Multicast)**: In SSM, receivers are interested in receiving traffic only from specific sources for a multicast group.
- **Group Address Range**:
- ASM uses the range 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255.
- SSM uses the range 232.0.0.0 to 232.255.255.255.
Since the group address 232.1.1.1 falls within the SSM range (232.0.0.0/8), there might be confusion.
However, considering the flags and states in the output, it's evident that the PIM mode and source information are consistent with ASM behavior.
2. **Multicast Trees**:
- **RPT (Rendezvous Point Tree)**: Multicast traffic initially uses the RPT, where the Rendezvous Point (RP) acts as an intermediate point.
- **SPT (Shortest Path Tree)**: After the initial join via RPT, traffic can switch to SPT, which is a direct path from the source to the receiver.
3. **Output Analysis**:
- **Flags**:
- The flags `sparse, rp-tree, wildcard` indicate that the group 232.1.1.1 is currently using RPT. This is typical for ASM, where traffic initially goes through the RP.
- The flags `sparse, spt` indicate that for the source 172.16.1.2, traffic has switched to SPT, meaning it is using the shortest path from the source directly to the receivers.
Conclusion:
Based on the analysis:
- **A. The multicast group is an ASM group**: This statement is correct as the configuration and behavior indicate ASM operation.

- **B. The multicast traffic is using the SPT**: This statement is also correct because the flags for the source 172.16.1.2 indicate that the traffic is using the SPT.
Thus, the correct answers are:
A. The multicast group is an ASM group.
B. The multicast traffic is using the SPT.
References:
- Juniper Networks PIM Documentation: [PIM Overview](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/concept/pim-overview.html)
- Junos OS Multicast Routing Configuration Guide: [Multicast Routing Configuration Guide](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/topic-map/multicast-routing.html)

질문 # 14
You must alter class-of-service values in packets on the outbound interface of an edge router.
In this scenario, which CoS component allows you to accomplish this task?

- A. rewrite rules
- B. output policer
- C. scheduler
- D. forwarding classes

정답：A

설명:
Class of Service (CoS) in networking is used to manage traffic by classifying, scheduling, and sometimes modifying packets to ensure network performance and Quality of Service (QoS). Different CoS components are used to achieve these goals. Let's analyze each option to determine which CoS component allows you to alter class-of-service values on the outbound interface of an edge router.
1. **Output Policer**:
- Policing is used to control the rate of traffic sent to or from a network interface. It can drop or remark traffic that exceeds a certain rate.
- Policing is not typically used to alter CoS values but to enforce traffic limits.
2. **Scheduler**:
- A scheduler is responsible for managing the order in which packets are transmitted out of an interface based on their CoS markings. It can allocate bandwidth and prioritize traffic.
- The scheduler manages how packets are queued and sent but does not alter the CoS values of packets.
3. **Rewrite Rules**:
- Rewrite rules are used to modify the CoS values of packets, such as DSCP (Differentiated Services Code Point) or 802.1p bits, as they exit an interface.
- Rewrite rules can alter the class-of-service values in the packet headers to match the desired policies of the outbound interface.
- Therefore, rewrite rules are the correct component for altering CoS values on an outbound interface.
4. **Forwarding Classes**:
- Forwarding classes are used to categorize packets into different traffic classes within a router for QoS handling.
- They help in defining how packets should be treated by the scheduler but do not directly modify the CoS values.
Conclusion:
To alter class-of-service values in packets on the outbound interface of an edge router, the correct CoS component to use is:
C. rewrite rules
References:
- Juniper Networks Documentation on CoS: [Class of Service Overview](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/concept/class-of-service-overview.html)
- Junos OS CoS Configuration Guide: [Rewrite Rules](https://www.juniper.net/documentation/en_US/junos/topics/topic-map/class-of-service-rewrite-rules.html)

질문 # 15
Exhibit
Referring to the exhibit, which two statements are correct about the dual route reflectors within a cluster? (Choose two.)

- A. RR1 advertises routes from the client to RR2. using itself as the next hop.
- B. RR1 and RR2 must have the same duster ID to exchange routes learned from the client.

- C. RR1 and RR2 append the duster ID when advertising routes from dient to dient.
- D. RR1 and RR2 advertise routes learned from the clients to EBGP peers, using itself as the next hop.

정답：C,D

질문 # 16
By default, which statement is correct about OSPF summary LSAs?

- A. The metric associated with a summary route will be equal to the lowest metric associated with an individual contributing route
- B. Type 3 LSAs are advertised for routes in Type 1 LSAs.
- C. All Type 2 and Type 7 LSAs will be summanzed into a single Type 5 LSA
- D. The area-range command must be installed on all routers.

정답：B

설명:
Explanation
OSPF uses different types of LSAs to describe different aspects of the network topology. Type 1 LSAs are also known as router LSAs, and they describe the links and interfaces of a router within an area. Type 3 LSAs are also known as summary LSAs, and they describe routes to networks outside an area but within the same autonomous system (AS). By default, OSPF will summarize routes from Type 1 LSAs into Type 3 LSAs when advertising them across area boundaries .

질문 # 17
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참고: KoreaDumps에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료, 최신 JN0-664 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1m9qXgW6o_o4CzROvPI14NaQ6s0--_Vxj