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CIPS Managing Teams and Individuals Sample Questions (Q23-Q28):

NEW QUESTION # 23

Caleb is the newly appointed CEO of Star Fish Limited, a company that manufactures and installs gym equipment. The company employs 100 people and has dedicated teams for Finance, Product Development and Procurement. Some staff work from the office and some staff work remotely from home. Contrast and provide an example of a formal and informal group that may form at this organisation. What factors should Caleb be aware of that can contribute to group formations? (25 points)

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Formal vs Informal Groups (10-12 marks):

Formal groups are those deliberately created by management to achieve organisational objectives. They have defined structures, roles, and reporting lines. In Star Fish Ltd, examples include the Procurement Team, responsible for sourcing suppliers and managing contracts. This group has clear goals, formal leadership, and measurable outputs.

By contrast, informal groups arise naturally among employees based on social interactions, common interests, or personal relationships. They are not officially sanctioned but strongly influence behaviour. At Star Fish Ltd, an example could be a fitness club of employees who exercise together during breaks or a WhatsApp group among remote workers who support each other socially. These groups provide belonging and morale but may also resist management decisions if excluded.

Factors Influencing Group Formation (12-15 marks):

Common goals and tasks - People working on shared objectives, such as the Product Development Team working on new gym equipment, naturally form groups.

Geography and work arrangements - Staff working remotely may form virtual support groups, while office-based staff bond more through daily interactions.

Shared interests and values - Employees passionate about fitness or sustainability may form informal networks within the company.

Friendship and social needs - Based on Maslow's hierarchy, people seek belonging. Friendships often develop into informal groups.

Leadership and influence - Charismatic or respected individuals may attract followers, leading to informal group formation around their personality.

Organisational culture - A collaborative culture encourages group formation for teamwork, while a competitive culture may create cliques or rival groups.

Technology and communication platforms - With remote work, online groups (Teams, Slack, WhatsApp) facilitate informal interaction and knowledge sharing.

Conclusion:

At Star Fish Ltd, formal groups like the Procurement Department are designed to deliver organisational objectives, while informal groups such as fitness clubs or virtual chat groups form naturally. Caleb must recognise that both types of groups are powerful. Formal groups deliver results, but informal groups influence morale, motivation, and resistance to change. By understanding the factors driving group formation, Caleb can harness both to build cohesion, encourage collaboration, and support the organisation's success.

NEW QUESTION # 24

Describe THREE ways in which a procurement professional could be biased when selecting suppliers to work with (15 points).

What are the benefits of remaining unbiased when selecting suppliers? (10 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Part A - Three Ways a Procurement Professional Could Be Biased (15 marks):

Personal Relationships / Conflicts of Interest:

A buyer may favour a supplier due to friendship, family connection, or long-standing personal ties. For example, awarding a contract to a supplier owned by a relative, even if another supplier offers better value. This undermines fairness and can damage organisational reputation.

Preference for Incumbent Suppliers (Status Quo Bias):

Professionals may repeatedly select the same suppliers simply because they are familiar, ignoring new entrants who could provide better innovation, cost savings, or sustainability. This limits competition and supplier diversity.

Cultural or Geographical Bias:

A procurement professional may favour local suppliers over international ones, or show unconscious bias against suppliers from

certain regions. While local sourcing can have benefits, excluding other suppliers without objective evaluation reduces fairness and potentially increases costs.

(Other possible biases include brand preference, ignoring SMEs, or favouring suppliers who provide personal benefits - but only three are required for full marks.) Part B - Benefits of Remaining Unbiased (10 marks):

Remaining unbiased means making supplier decisions based on objective, transparent, and fair criteria such as cost, quality, delivery performance, risk, and sustainability. The benefits include:

Fairness and Transparency: All suppliers have equal opportunity, protecting the organisation's integrity and compliance with regulations.

Best Value for Money: Objective evaluation ensures the chosen supplier offers the best mix of cost, quality, and service.

Encouraging Innovation: By considering a wider pool of suppliers, procurement can benefit from new ideas and technologies.

Ethical Compliance: Avoids corruption, fraud, or bribery, maintaining alignment with the CIPS Code of Conduct.

Reputation and Trust: Stakeholders and the market see the organisation as professional and ethical, which strengthens long-term supplier relationships.

Conclusion:

Procurement professionals may show bias through personal relationships, favouring incumbents, or cultural preferences. Remaining unbiased ensures decisions are fair, transparent, and ethical, leading to better value, innovation, and stronger supplier trust. This supports both organisational objectives and the professional standards of procurement.

NEW QUESTION # 25

Buttons Ltd is a clothing manufacturer. It began as a very small enterprise but over the last 3 years it has grown and has become very successful. The company has decided it needs a dedicated procurement and supply chain function to help source materials for its clothing. Describe the scope of the procurement and supply chain function (10 points) and explain what knowledge, behaviours and skills will be required by those recruited to work in the department (15 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Part A - Scope of Procurement and Supply Chain (10 points):

The scope of procurement and supply chain at Buttons Ltd will cover all activities involved in sourcing, purchasing, and managing the flow of materials needed for clothing production.

This includes sourcing raw materials such as fabrics, zips, and buttons from reliable suppliers, ensuring cost efficiency and quality. It also covers supplier selection and management, including contract negotiation and supplier relationship management. The function will ensure compliance with ethical and sustainable sourcing standards, which are increasingly important in the fashion industry.

The supply chain scope also involves logistics and inventory management, ensuring that materials are delivered on time to support production schedules and that stock levels are optimised to avoid delays or overstocking. Additionally, procurement must manage risk and continuity of supply, identifying alternative sources in case of disruptions. Finally, procurement contributes to strategic decisions by aligning sourcing activities with company objectives such as cost reduction, sustainability, and innovation.

Part B - Knowledge, Behaviours and Skills Required (15 points):

Knowledge:

Understanding of sourcing and supply chain processes (tenders, contracts, logistics).

Knowledge of ethical and sustainable procurement, ensuring materials are responsibly sourced.

Awareness of fashion industry requirements such as lead times, quality standards, and supplier markets.

Behaviours:

Professional integrity and ethics, ensuring fair treatment of suppliers and compliance with standards.

Collaboration and teamwork, working across departments (design, finance, production).

Adaptability and resilience, since the clothing industry faces rapid changes in demand and supply risks.

Skills:

Negotiation skills to secure best value while maintaining supplier relationships.

Analytical skills to assess supplier performance, costs, and risks.

Communication skills to liaise with suppliers and internal stakeholders effectively.

Problem-solving skills to manage supply chain disruptions and ensure continuity.

For example, a procurement professional at Buttons Ltd might need to negotiate fabric supply contracts while ensuring the supplier meets sustainability standards and delivers within tight production deadlines.

Conclusion:

The procurement and supply chain function at Buttons Ltd will be responsible for sourcing, supplier management, logistics, and risk management, supporting the company's growth and competitiveness. To succeed, staff must demonstrate strong knowledge of procurement processes, ethical behaviours, and key skills such as negotiation, analysis, and communication. Together, these ensure the function delivers value and supports the company's long-term goals.

NEW QUESTION # 26

Explain what is meant by a heterogeneous / diverse workforce and explain one personality model that a manager could use to investigate the personalities within his/her team (25 points)

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

A heterogeneous or diverse workforce refers to a group of employees with varied characteristics, backgrounds, and perspectives. Diversity can relate to visible differences such as age, gender, ethnicity, or disability, as well as invisible factors like personality, values, experiences, and thinking styles. A diverse workforce is valuable because it brings multiple perspectives, creativity, and innovation, which can improve decision-making and problem-solving. However, it can also create challenges in communication, conflict management, and team cohesion if not managed effectively.

In procurement and supply management, diversity can mean having team members from different professional disciplines, cultural backgrounds, or experience levels. This mix can lead to better supplier negotiations, innovation in category strategies, and greater sensitivity to global ethical standards. For managers, the challenge lies in understanding and leveraging individual differences to build cohesive, high-performing teams.

One useful personality model for understanding team members is the Big Five Personality Traits (OCEAN model). This model is widely accepted in psychology and provides a framework for identifying personality differences across five dimensions:

Openness to Experience - measures creativity, curiosity, and willingness to try new things. In procurement, high openness could support innovation in supplier strategies.

Conscientiousness - relates to organisation, responsibility, and dependability. A conscientious buyer is likely to follow compliance rules and deliver accurate work.

Extraversion - reflects sociability, assertiveness, and energy. Extroverts may excel in supplier negotiations and stakeholder engagement.

Agreeableness - indicates cooperation, empathy, and trust. Highly agreeable individuals may be effective in collaboration but could avoid conflict even when necessary.

Neuroticism (Emotional Stability) - refers to sensitivity to stress and emotional control. Low neuroticism (high stability) is ideal in high-pressure procurement negotiations.

By applying this model, a manager can gain insights into the personalities of their team, allocate roles effectively, and provide tailored support. For example, a procurement leader may assign highly conscientious individuals to compliance-heavy processes, while extroverts may be placed in supplier-facing roles.

The use of the Big Five also helps managers balance team dynamics, identify potential conflict, and design training or coaching interventions. Understanding personality traits supports motivation strategies (e.g., Herzberg, Maslow), builds stronger communication, and enhances trust within diverse teams.

In conclusion, a heterogeneous workforce brings significant benefits but requires skilful management to harness its potential. The Big Five Personality Traits provide a structured and evidence-based tool for understanding individuals, enabling managers to lead diverse teams more effectively and align strengths with organisational goals.

NEW QUESTION # 27

What is meant by group conformity? In what ways can 'Groupthink' affect the behaviour of a group? (25 points)

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Group Conformity (10 marks):

Group conformity refers to the tendency of individuals to align their attitudes, beliefs, and behaviours with the norms of the group to which they belong. People conform because they want acceptance, fear rejection, or assume the group's judgement is correct.

Conformity ensures cohesion and cooperation but may limit creativity. For example, in procurement, a junior buyer may adopt the team's approach to negotiations, even if they personally believe another method could achieve better results.

Groupthink and its Effects (15 marks):

'Groupthink', a term developed by Irving Janis, occurs when the desire for consensus overrides realistic appraisal of alternatives.

Members suppress doubts, ignore risks, and fail to voice disagreements to maintain harmony. This can seriously affect group behaviour in several ways:

Illusion of invulnerability - Groups may become overconfident and underestimate risks. For example, a procurement team might agree to single-source a supplier without considering supply chain risks.

Suppression of dissent - Members may withhold concerns to avoid conflict. This stifles creativity and prevents better solutions from being considered.

Pressure for uniformity - Individuals may feel obliged to agree even when they disagree. A buyer may stay silent when senior managers push for a supplier contract, even if they know the supplier has performance issues.

Biased decision-making - Groups may ignore warning signs or alternative perspectives, leading to flawed decisions. In procurement, this could mean overlooking ethical issues in a supplier relationship to maintain harmony with stakeholders.

Reduced accountability - Responsibility is shared across the group, so individuals may feel less accountable for poor decisions.

Groupthink can therefore lead to poor decision-making, increased risk, and lost opportunities. It is particularly dangerous in high-stakes environments like procurement, where mistakes in supplier selection or contract negotiation can damage cost, quality, and reputation.

Conclusion:

Group conformity means individuals adapt to group norms to gain acceptance, while groupthink is a negative consequence where consensus is prioritised over critical evaluation. For managers, recognising the risk of groupthink is vital. By encouraging open discussion, appointing a "devil's advocate," and welcoming diverse views, leaders can ensure group decisions are both inclusive and effective.

NEW QUESTION # 28

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