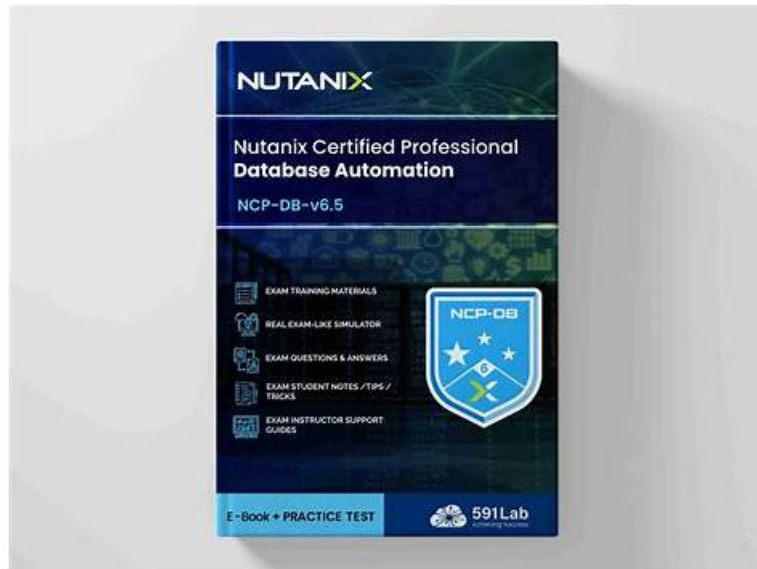


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Nutanix NCP-DB Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Deploy and Configure an NDB Solution: This topic discusses how to deploy, configure, and NDB Instance.
Topic 2	• Protect NDB-managed Databases Using Time Machine: SLA retention policies, source databases, clones, protection of databases, and Data Access Management (DAM) policies are discussed in this topic.
Topic 3	• Administer an NDB Environment: While focusing on the administration of an NDB environment, this topic focuses on managing NDB profiles, applying procedural concepts, and managing networks in NDB. Lastly, the topic explains sub-topics of managing access controls in NDB and identifying how to use NDB APIs and CLI.
Topic 4	• Monitor Alerts and Storage Usage Within an NDB Implementation: It is all about monitoring alerts and management of storage usage.
Topic 5	• Describe NDB Concepts: It defines database and NDB terminology. The topic also explains benefits and features of NDB.

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Nutanix Certified Professional - Database Automation (NCP-DB) v6.5 Sample Questions (Q144-Q149):

NEW QUESTION # 144

An administrator created a database clone that is scheduled for removal on the last day of the month.

A request has been received to keep the clone for an additional 14 days.

After selecting the desired clone, how should the administrator satisfy this task?

- A. Update the Removal schedule to the desired date.
- B. Update the Removal schedule to the end of the month.
- **C. Select Update and modify the Removal schedule.**
- D. Remove the Removal schedule, then add the desired removal schedule.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Removal schedule is a feature of Nutanix Era that allows you to specify when a database clone will be automatically deleted. You can modify the Removal schedule of an existing clone by selecting the clone from the Clones page, clicking on the Update button, and changing the Removal schedule option to the desired date. This way, you can extend or shorten the lifespan of a clone as per your requirements. You do not need to remove the existing Removal schedule and add a new one, as this would be an unnecessary step. You also do not need to update the Removal schedule to the end of the month, as this would not meet the request of keeping the clone for an additional 14 days. References:

* Nutanix Database Management & Automation Training Course, Module 4: Protecting Databases Using Time Machine, Lesson 3: Cloning Databases, Slide 10: Clone Removal Schedule

* Nutanix Certified Professional - Database Automation (NCP-DB) 5 Exam, Section 5: Protect NDB- managed Databases Using Time Machine, Objective 5.3: Given business requirements, perform a database clone

NEW QUESTION # 145

Which two statements best describe the features and functionality of Era Oracle patching? (Choose two.)

- **A. Era patching for Oracle databases has automatic rollback if any of the steps in the patching workflow fails.**
- B. Era Oracle fleet patching can be rolled back if issues are encountered after successful patching.
- **C. Era patching can be automated using REST API/CLI for scheduled patching many Oracle servers in a fleet patching scenario,**
- D. Era does not require native Oracle Utility OpatchAuto to create the patch profile,

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Nutanix Era provides a unified database operating model that delivers simplicity, performance, availability, and security across private and public clouds¹. It standardizes your Oracle database ecosystem by mass patching the databases with one-click simplicity². This includes the following features:

* Automated Patching: Era patching can be automated using REST API/CLI for scheduled patching many Oracle servers in a fleet patching scenario¹. This allows for the standardization of your Oracle database ecosystem by mass patching the databases with one-click simplicity².

* Automatic Rollback: Era patching for Oracle databases has automatic rollback if any of the steps in the patching workflow fails¹. This ensures that your databases remain secure and functional even if an issue arises during the patching process¹.

NEW QUESTION # 146

An administrator needs to maintain five days of time-travel capability to any second, plus an additional seven days of discrete

recovery at a daily interval.

How should the administrator define the Frequency and retention on the SLA?

- A. * Daily snapshot retention (days): 7
* Continuous log retention (days): 5
- B. * Weekly snapshot retention (weeks): 1
* Continuous log retention (days): 7
- C. * Continuous log retention (days): 7
* Daily snapshot retention (days): 5
- D. * Continuous log retention (days): 5
* Weekly snapshot retention (weeks): 1

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct answer is D because it meets the requirements of maintaining five days of time-travel capability to any second and an additional seven days of discrete recovery at a daily interval. Continuous log retention allows the administrator to restore the database to any point in time within the specified number of days, while snapshot retention allows the administrator to restore the database to a specific point in time at a fixed interval. Therefore, by setting the daily snapshot retention to 7 days, the administrator can ensure that there is a discrete recovery point for each day of the week. By setting the continuous log retention to 5 days, the administrator can ensure that there is a time-travel capability to any second within the last five days. The other options do not meet the requirements because they either have less than five days of continuous log retention or less than seven days of snapshot retention. References: Nutanix Database Management & Automation (NDMA) course, Nutanix Certified Professional - Database Automation (NCP-DB) certification, Nutanix NCP-DB Certification Exam Syllabus and Study Guide, Nutanix Certified Professional - Database Automation (NCP-DB) datasheet

NEW QUESTION # 147

Enable Multi-Cluster ? X

⚠ An NDB managed static vLAN is required to provision the NDB Agent VM. Add an NDB managed static vLAN using the Networks page to continue.

Before another Nutanix Cluster can be registered in NDB, the NDB Agent must be installed on a new VM.

Warning:

- This operation will quiesce NDB Service for approximately 10 minutes
- This operation may not be undone

Provision Agent VM

Name Prefix

Nutanix

EraAgent

vCPU: **4**

Storage: **50 GiB**

vLAN

Select a vLAN

Nothing found

API Equivalent

Cancel

Enable Multi-Cluster

An administrator has opened the Enable Multi-Cluster configuration for an NDB instance, but the wizard does not present the VLAN, as shown in the exhibit.

Which configuration allows to choose a VLAN in the drop-down box?

- A. A network profile must be created first.
- B. IP address pool must be managed in NDB.
- C. Verify if subnet leverages advanced network control.
- D. VLAN subnet must use IP address management.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The provided exhibit shows the "Enable Multi-Cluster" configuration wizard in NDB, where the VLAN dropdown is empty with a "Nothing found" message, indicating that no VLANs are available for selection.

This issue arises because NDB requires a network profile to be created before provisioning the NDB Agent VM and enabling multi-cluster support. A network profile defines the static VLANs managed by NDB, which are essential for network configuration during multi-cluster setup. The warning in the exhibit ("An NDB managed static vLAN is required to provision the NDB Agent VM. Add an NDB managed static vLAN using the Networks page to continue.") reinforces that the administrator must create a network profile via the Networks page to populate the VLAN dropdown.

* Option A (A network profile must be created first) is correct as it addresses the root cause by ensuring VLANs are defined in a network profile.

* Option B (Verify if subnet leverages advanced network control) is incorrect because advanced network control is not a prerequisite for VLAN selection in this context.

* Option C (IP address pool must be managed in NDB) is incorrect because IP address pools are managed separately and not required for VLAN selection at this stage.

* Option D (VLAN subnet must use IP address management) is incorrect because IP address management is not a direct requirement for enabling VLAN selection in the wizard.

After creating the network profile, the administrator can proceed with the multi-cluster enablement.

References

* Nutanix Database Service (NDB) User Guide, Chapter 3: Configuring an NDB Environment, Section: Configuring Network Profiles for Multi-Cluster

* Nutanix Support & Insights, Knowledge Base Article: "Troubleshooting VLAN Issues in NDB Multi- Cluster Setup"

* Nutanix Certified Professional - Database Automation (NCP-DB) v6.5 Blueprint, Section 3: Configure an NDB Environment

NEW QUESTION # 148

An administrator needs to protect a database with a Point In Time Recovery (PITR) SLA that provides a minimum of seven days of log recovery.

What is the minimum Default SLA that meets this requirement?

- A. DEFAULT_008 BRONZE SLA
- B. DEFAULT_008 GOLD SLA
- C. DEFAULT_008 SILVER SLA
- D. DEFAULT_008 BRASS SLA

Answer: C

Explanation:

Nutanix Era (NDB) utilizes DEFAULT_008 SLAs with varying frequencies for snapshots and log backups to achieve different recovery point objectives (RPOs). Here's how they compare:

* DEFAULT_008 GOLD SLA: Typically has frequent log backups (e.g., every 15 minutes) and snapshots every few hours. This is designed for critical databases with very low RPOs.

* DEFAULT_008 SILVER SLA: Offers a balance between protection and resource usage. Log backups might occur every hour with snapshots less frequently. This SLA is often suitable for databases requiring a good RPO without being overly resource-intensive.

* DEFAULT_008 BRONZE SLA: Has less frequent log backups (e.g., every few hours) and less frequent snapshots. This is used for databases with less stringent RPO requirements.

* DEFAULT_008 BRASS SLA: This has infrequent log backups and is usually considered the least protective SLA with the longest potential RPO Reasoning:

Since the requirement is to have at least a 7-day log recovery period, any SLA with more frequent log backups than daily is excessive. The DEFAULT_008 SILVER SLA, with its hourly log backups, easily satisfies this requirement, offering the ability to restore to a point in time within the last hour of the past seven days.

References:

* Nutanix Era User Guide/SLA Management:

https://portal.nutanix.com/page/documents/details?targetId=Nutanix-NDB-User-Guide-v2_5:top-sla-mana

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