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CompTIA PT0-003 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	• Post-exploitation and Lateral Movement: Cybersecurity analysts will gain skills in establishing and maintaining persistence within a system. This topic also covers lateral movement within an environment and introduces concepts of staging and exfiltration. Lastly, it highlights cleanup and restoration activities, ensuring analysts understand the post-exploitation phase's responsibilities.
Topic 2	• Reconnaissance and Enumeration: This topic focuses on applying information gathering and enumeration techniques. Cybersecurity analysts will learn how to modify scripts for reconnaissance and enumeration purposes. They will also understand which tools to use for these stages, essential for gathering crucial information before performing deeper penetration tests.
Topic 3	• Vulnerability Discovery and Analysis: In this section, cybersecurity analysts will learn various techniques to discover vulnerabilities. Analysts will also analyze data from reconnaissance, scanning, and enumeration phases to identify threats. Additionally, it covers physical security concepts, enabling analysts to understand security gaps beyond just the digital landscape.
Topic 4	• Attacks and Exploits: This extensive topic trains cybersecurity analysts to analyze data and prioritize attacks. Analysts will learn how to conduct network, authentication, host-based, web application, cloud, wireless, and social engineering attacks using appropriate tools. Understanding specialized systems and automating attacks with scripting will also be emphasized.
Topic 5	• Engagement Management: In this topic, cybersecurity analysts learn about pre-engagement activities, collaboration, and communication in a penetration testing environment. The topic covers testing frameworks, methodologies, and penetration test reports. It also explains how to analyze findings and recommend remediation effectively within reports, crucial for real-world testing scenarios.

CompTIA PenTest+ Exam Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

NEW QUESTION # 29
A penetration tester completed OSINT work and needs to identify all subdomains for mydomain.com. Which of the following is the best command for the tester to use?

- A. dig @8.8.8.8 mydomain.com ANY » /path/to/results.txt
- B. nslookup mydomain.com » /path/to/results.txt
- C. crunch 1 2 | xargs -n 1 -I 'X' nslookup X.mydomain.com
- D. cat wordlist.txt | xargs -n 1 -I 'X' dig X.mydomain.com

Answer: D

Explanation:
Using dig with a wordlist to identify subdomains is an effective method for subdomain enumeration. The command cat wordlist.txt | xargs -n 1 -I 'X' dig X.mydomain.com reads each line from wordlist.txt and performs a DNS lookup for each potential subdomain.
* Command Breakdown:
* cat wordlist.txt: Reads the contents of wordlist.txt, which contains a list of potential subdomains.
* xargs -n 1 -I 'X': Takes each line from wordlist.txt and passes it to dig one at a time.
* dig X.mydomain.com: Performs a DNS lookup for each subdomain.
* Why This is the Best Choice:
* Efficiency: xargs efficiently processes each line from the wordlist and passes it to dig for DNS resolution.
* Automation: Automates the enumeration of subdomains, making it a practical choice for large lists.
* Benefits:
* Automates the process of subdomain enumeration using a wordlist.
* Efficiently handles a large number of subdomains.
* References from Pentesting Literature:
* Subdomain enumeration is a critical part of the reconnaissance phase in penetration testing. Tools like dig and techniques involving wordlists are commonly discussed in penetration testing guides.
* HTB write-ups often detail the use of similar commands for efficient subdomain enumeration.
Step-by-Step ExplanationReferences:
* Penetration Testing - A Hands-on Introduction to Hacking
* HTB Official Writeups

NEW QUESTION # 30
Which of the following would MOST likely be included in the final report of a static application-security test that was written with a team of application developers as the intended audience?

- A. Code context for instances of unsafe type-casting operations
- B. Executive summary of the penetration-testing methods used
- C. Quantitative impact assessments given a successful software compromise
- D. Bill of materials including supplies, subcontracts, and costs incurred during assessment

Answer: A

Explanation:
Code context for instances of unsafe type-casting operations would most likely be included in the final report of a static application-security test that was written with a team of application developers as the intended audience, as it would provide relevant and actionable information for the developers to fix the vulnerabilities.
Type-casting is the process of converting one data type to another, such as an integer to a string. Unsafe type-casting can lead to errors, crashes, or security issues, such as buffer overflows or code injection.

NEW QUESTION # 31
Which of the following factors would a penetration tester most likely consider when testing at a location?

- A. Establish the time of the day when a test can occur.
- B. Determine if visas are required.
- C. Ensure all testers can access all sites.
- D. Verify the tools being used are legal for use at all sites.

Answer: A

Explanation:
One of the factors that a penetration tester would most likely consider when testing at a location is to establish the time of day when a test can occur. This factor can affect the scope, duration, and impact of the test, as well as the availability and response of the client and the testers. Testing at different times of day can have different advantages and disadvantages, such as testing during business hours to simulate realistic scenarios and traffic patterns, or testing after hours to reduce disruption and interference. Testing at different locations may also require adjusting for different time zones and daylight saving times. Establishing the time of day when a test can occur can help plan and coordinate the test effectively and avoid confusion or conflict with the client or other parties involved in the test. The other options are not factors that a penetration tester would most likely consider when testing at a location.

NEW QUESTION # 32
A penetration tester performs a service enumeration process and receives the following result after scanning a server using the Nmap tool:
PORT STATE SERVICE
22/tcp open ssh
25/tcp filtered smtp
111/tcp open rpcbind
2049/tcp open nfs
Based on the output, which of the following services provides the best target for launching an attack?

- A. Database
- B. Remote access
- C. Email
- D. File sharing

Answer: D

Explanation:
The open port 2049/tcp indicates that the Network File System (NFS) service is running. NFS is commonly used for file sharing in Unix/Linux environments. If not properly secured, NFS can be vulnerable to a variety of attacks, such as unauthorized access to shared files and directories, or privilege escalation by exploiting misconfigurations or vulnerabilities within the NFS service. This

makes it a prime target for attackers.

NEW QUESTION # 33
Which of the following frameworks can be used to classify threats?

- A. OCTAVE
- B. OSSTMM
- C. STRIDE
- D. PTES

Answer: C

Explanation:
STRIDE is a threat classification model created by Microsoft that breaks down threats into six categories:
Spoofing
Tampering
Repudiation
Information disclosure
Denial of Service
Elevation of privilege
It is specifically designed for threat modeling.
PTES is a general pentesting methodology.
OSSTMM is a framework for operational security testing.
OCTAVE is a risk assessment methodology, not focused on threat classification.
Reference: PT0-003 Objective 3.1 - Understand and apply threat modeling methodologies like STRIDE.

NEW QUESTION # 34
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