

Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Pro Real Exam Answers - New NetSec-Pro Exam Vce



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Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Pro Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Network Security Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures skills of network security engineers and covers key concepts such as application layer inspection for Strata and SASE products, differentiating between slow and fast path packet inspection, and the use of decryption methods including SSL Forward Proxy, SSL Inbound Inspection, SSH Proxy, and scenarios where no decryption is applied. It also includes applying network hardening techniques like Content-ID, Zero Trust principles, User-ID (including Cloud Identity Engine), Device-ID, and network zoning to enhance security on Strata and SASE platforms.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Platform Solutions, Services, and Tools: This section measures the expertise of security engineers and platform administrators in Palo Alto Networks NGFW and Prisma SASE products. It involves creating security and NAT policies, configuring Cloud-Delivered Security Services (CDSS) such as security profiles, User-ID and App-ID, decryption, and monitoring. It also covers the application of CDSS for IoT security, Enterprise Data Loss Prevention, SaaS Security, SD-WAN, GlobalProtect, Advanced WildFire, Threat Prevention, URL Filtering, and DNS security. Furthermore, it includes aligning AIOps with best practices through administration, dashboards, and Best Practice Assessments.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> GFW and SASE Solution Maintenance and Configuration: This domain evaluates the skills of network security administrators in maintaining and configuring Palo Alto Networks hardware firewalls, VM-Series, CN-Series, and Cloud NGFWs. It includes managing security policies, profiles, updates, and upgrades. It also covers adding, configuring, and maintaining Prisma SD-WAN including initial setup, pathing, monitoring, and logging. Maintaining and configuring Prisma Access with security policies, profiles, updates, upgrades, and monitoring is also assessed.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NGFW and SASE Solution Functionality: This part assesses the knowledge of firewall administrators and network architects on the functions of various Palo Alto Networks firewalls including Cloud NGFWs, PA-Series, CN-Series, and VM-Series. It covers perimeter and core security, zone security and segmentation, high availability, security and NAT policy implementation, as well as monitoring and logging. Additionally, it includes the functionality of Prisma SD-WAN with WAN optimization, path and NAT policies, zone-based firewall, and monitoring, plus Prisma Access features such as remote user and network configuration, application access, policy enforcement, and logging. It also evaluates options for managing Strata and SASE solutions through Panorama and Strata Cloud Manager.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connectivity and Security: This part measures the skills of network engineers and security analysts in maintaining and configuring network security across on-premises, cloud, and hybrid environments. It covers network segmentation, security and network policies, monitoring, logging, and certificate management. It also includes maintaining connectivity and security for remote users through remote access solutions, network segmentation, security policy tuning, monitoring, logging, and certificate usage to ensure secure and reliable remote connections.

Palo Alto Networks Network Security Professional Sample Questions (Q29-Q34):

NEW QUESTION # 29

How does a firewall behave when SSL Inbound Inspection is enabled?

- A. It decrypts traffic between the client and the external server.
- B. It acts transparently between the client and the internal server.
- C. It acts as meddler-in-the-middle between the client and the internal server.**
- D. It decrypts inbound and outbound SSH connections.

Answer: C

Explanation:

SSL Inbound Inspection allows the firewall to decrypt incoming encrypted traffic to internal servers (e.g., web servers) by acting as a man-in-the-middle (MITM). The firewall uses the private key of the server to decrypt the session and apply security policies before re-encrypting the traffic.

"SSL Inbound Inspection requires you to import the server's private key and certificate into the firewall. The firewall then acts as a man-in-the-middle (MITM) to decrypt inbound sessions from external clients to internal servers for inspection." (Source: SSL

Inbound Inspection)

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which two configurations are required when creating deployment profiles to migrate a perpetual VM- Series firewall to a flexible VM? (Choose two.)

- A. Allow only the same security services as the perpetual VM.
- B. Choose 'Fixed vCPU Models' for configuration type.
- C. Allocate the same number of vCPUs as the perpetual VM.
- D. Deploy virtual Panorama for management.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

When migrating from a perpetual VM-Series firewall license to a flexible VM licensing model, two critical steps are needed: Allocate same number of vCPUs- This ensures that the VM-Series capacity remains consistent and avoids resource bottlenecks. "When migrating perpetual VM-Series licenses to flexible VM licensing, allocate the same vCPU and memory resources to ensure equivalent performance." (Source: VM-Series Flexible Licensing Migration) Limit to same security services- Flexible licensing requires maintaining the same security services to preserve licensing compliance.

"Ensure that you allow only the same security services on the flexible VM instance as were licensed on the perpetual VM." (Source: Flexible Licensing and Service Subscriptions)

NEW QUESTION # 31

A network security engineer wants to forward Strata Logging Service data to tools used by the Security Operations Center (SOC) for further investigation. In which best practice step of Palo Alto Networks Zero Trust does this fit?

- A. Standards and Designs
- B. Report and Maintenance
- C. Implementation
- D. Map and Verify Transactions

Answer: B

Explanation:

The "Report and Maintenance" step of the Zero Trust model emphasizes ongoing monitoring, analysis, and reporting to ensure the environment remains secure over time.

"The Report and Maintenance phase includes continuous monitoring, log forwarding, and sharing of security telemetry to third-party tools to maintain and validate Zero Trust implementation." (Source: Zero Trust Best Practices) By forwarding logs to SOC tools, the engineer ensures comprehensive visibility and proactive threat hunting.

NEW QUESTION # 32

After a firewall is associated with Strata Cloud Manager (SCM), which two additional actions are required to enable management of the firewall from SCM? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure NTP and DNS servers for the firewall.
- B. Install a device certificate.
- C. Deploy a service connection for each branch site and connect with SCM.
- D. Configure a Security policy allowing "stratacloudmanager.paloaltonetworks.com" for all users.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

To fully manage a firewall from Strata Cloud Manager (SCM), it's essential to establish trust and ensure reliable connectivity: Configure NTP and DNS servers

The firewall must have accurate time (NTP) and name resolution (DNS) to securely communicate with SCM and related cloud services.

"To ensure successful management, configure the firewall's NTP and DNS settings to synchronize time and resolve domain names such as stratacloudmanager.paloaltonetworks.com" (Source: SCM Onboarding Requirements) Install a device certificate A device

certificate authenticates the firewall's identity when connecting to SCM.

"The device certificate authenticates the firewall to Palo Alto Networks cloud services, including SCM. It's a fundamental requirement to establish secure connectivity." (Source: Device Certificates) These steps ensure trust, secure communication, and successful onboarding into SCM.

NEW QUESTION # 33

Which security profile provides real-time protection against threat actors who exploit the misconfigurations of DNS infrastructure and redirect traffic to malicious domains?

- A. URL Filtering
- B. Antivirus
- C. Anti-spyware
- D. Vulnerability Protection

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Anti-spyware profile includes DNS-based protections like sinkholing and detection of DNS queries to malicious domains, offering real-time protection against attacks that exploit DNS misconfigurations.

"The Anti-Spyware profile protects against DNS-based threats by sinkholing DNS queries to malicious domains and detecting suspicious DNS activity, thus blocking data exfiltration and C2 communication." (Source: Anti-Spyware Profiles)

NEW QUESTION # 34

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