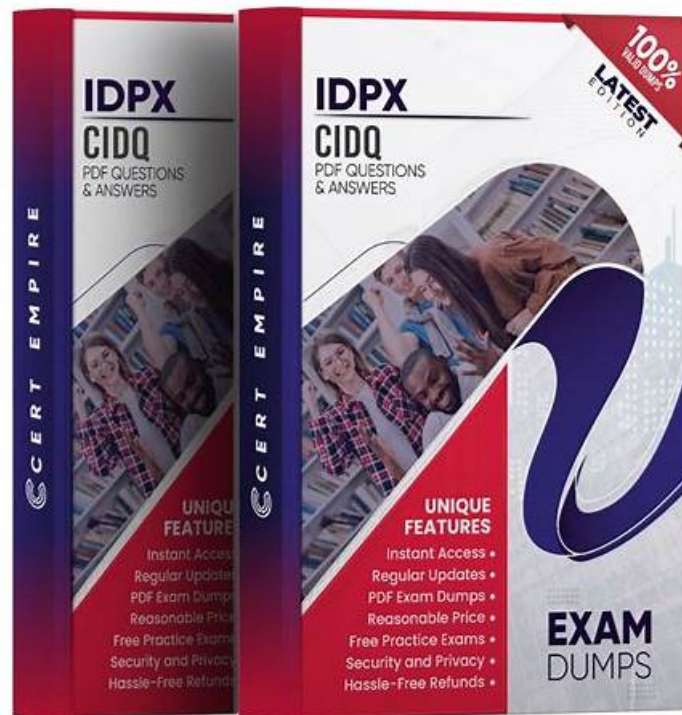


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## CIDQ Interior Design Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q112-Q117):

### NEW QUESTION # 112

When evaluating a finish material's impact on indoor air quality, the interior designer requests

- A. manufacturer's specifications
- B. time for climatization
- C. carbon monoxide sensors
- D. material safety data sheets

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), now Safety Data Sheets (SDS), provide detailed information on a finish material's chemical composition, VOC emissions, and health hazards, critical for assessing indoor air quality (IAQ) per OSHA and EPA standards. Time for climatization (A) is vague and unrelated to IAQ evaluation.

Carbon monoxide sensors (B) detect CO, not material emissions. Manufacturer's specs (D) cover performance, not safety or emissions comprehensively. MSDS/SDS (C) is the designer's key tool for IAQ impact analysis.

Verified Answer from Official Source: C - material safety data sheets

"To evaluate a finish material's impact on indoor air quality, the designer requests material safety data sheets (MSDS) for emission and hazard data." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 2: Materials and Finishes) Explanation from Official Source: The NCIDQ aligns with OSHA and EPA, emphasizing SDS as essential for identifying pollutants like VOCs, ensuring healthy interiors.

**Objectives:**

\* Assess materials for IAQ (IDPX Objective 2.5).

**NEW QUESTION # 113**

Which project delivery method involves two separate contracts: one with the designer and one with the general contractor?

- A. integrated project delivery
- B. design-build
- C. design-bid-build
- D. construction management at risk

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

Design-bid-build (DBB) is a traditional delivery method where the owner holds two separate contracts: one with the designer for design services and one with the general contractor (GC) for construction, selected via bidding. Design-build (A) combines design and construction under one contract. Integrated project delivery (C) uses a single multi-party agreement. Construction management at risk (D) involves a GC early but still typically under one construction contract post-design. DBB's dual-contract structure (B) matches the description.

Verified Answer from Official Source: B - design-bid-build

"Design-bid-build involves two separate contracts: one between the owner and designer, and one between the owner and contractor after bidding." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 3: Contract Administration) Explanation from Official Source: The NCIDQ identifies DBB as the standard method with distinct design and construction phases, ensuring clear contractual separation.

**Objectives:**

\* Understand project delivery methods (IDPX Objective 3.3).

**NEW QUESTION # 114**

Which of the following should be installed at regular intervals to avoid cracking of a GWB ceiling from building structural movement?

- A. U channel
- B. J mold
- C. Elastic sealant
- D. Control joint

**Answer: D**

**Explanation:**

The NCIDQ IDPX exam tests the designer's knowledge of construction detailing, particularly methods to accommodate building movement and prevent damage to finishes like gypsum wallboard (GWB) ceilings.

Building structural movement, such as expansion, contraction, or settling, can cause cracking in rigid materials like GWB if not properly addressed.

\* Option A (J mold): J mold is a trim piece used to finish the edge of GWB, typically where it meets another surface (e.g., a window frame). It does not address structural movement or prevent cracking within the ceiling plane.

\* Option B (U channel): A U channel is often used to frame or support GWB at edges, but it is not specifically designed to accommodate movement within the ceiling. It does not prevent cracking due to structural movement.

\* Option C (Control joint): This is the correct choice. A control joint (also called an expansion joint) is a deliberate break or seam in the GWB ceiling that allows for controlled movement. Installed at regular intervals (e.g., every 30 feet or as specified by the Gypsum

Association), control joints absorb stresses from structural movement, preventing random cracking by directing movement to these predetermined locations.

\* Option D (Elastic sealant): Elastic sealant is used to fill gaps or joints and can accommodate some movement, but it is not typically used within a GWB ceiling plane to prevent cracking. It is more commonly used at perimeter joints or between dissimilar materials.

Verified Answer from Official Source:

The correct answer is verified from NCIDQ's official study materials on construction detailing and GWB installation standards, referencing guidelines from the Gypsum Association.

"To prevent cracking in GWB ceilings due to building structural movement, control joints should be installed at regular intervals to absorb stresses and allow for controlled movement." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Detailing and Construction Section) The NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, supported by Gypsum Association standards, specifies that control joints are the appropriate method to prevent cracking in GWB ceilings by accommodating structural movement. This aligns with Option C, making it the correct answer.

Objectives:

\* Understand construction detailing to prevent material damage (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Detailing and Construction).

\* Apply knowledge of building movement to design durable interiors (NCIDQ IDPX Objective: Building Systems).

### NEW QUESTION # 115

Which item causes the MOST issues when planning for systems workstations in an office space?

- A. The electrical outlets are not maintained at the correct height to accommodate equipment
- B. The workstation cost is too expensive for the client's budget
- C. The height of the panels is too low to reduce sound from traveling between workstations
- D. The thickness of the panels was not considered when maintaining clearances

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Systems workstations (modular furniture) require careful spatial planning. Panel thickness impacts clearances (e.g., ADA 36" min. pathways), and overlooking this causes significant issues—layout conflicts, code violations, and rework—more than cost (A), which is budgetary, not planning-related. Low panel height (C) affects acoustics but is adjustable. Outlet height (D) is an electrical issue, less disruptive to initial planning.

Thickness (B) directly affects physical layout and compliance, making it the most critical planning challenge.

Verified Answer from Official Source: B - The thickness of the panels was not considered when maintaining clearances

"The most common planning issue with systems workstations is failing to account for panel thickness, affecting required clearances and code compliance." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 2: Project Coordination) Explanation from Official Source: The NCIDQ stresses that dimensional oversight, like panel thickness, disrupts workstation layouts and accessibility, a frequent design error.

Objectives:

\* Plan furniture layouts for compliance (IDPX Objective 2.1).

### NEW QUESTION # 116

On a small project with an unclear scope involving multiple stakeholders, which fee method would be BEST utilized by the designer?

- A. fixed-fee
- B. cost-plus
- C. square footage
- D. hourly

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

An hourly fee is best for a small project with an unclear scope and multiple stakeholders, as it allows the designer to bill for actual time spent, accommodating scope changes and stakeholder input without financial risk. A fixed-fee (B) requires a defined scope, risky here due to uncertainty. Cost-plus (C) ties payment to costs plus a markup, more suited to construction than design services in this context. Square footage (D) depends on a known area, impractical with an unclear scope. Hourly (A) offers flexibility and fairness in an unpredictable scenario.

Verified Answer from Official Source: A - hourly

"An hourly fee is recommended for projects with undefined scopes or multiple stakeholders, allowing designers to adjust billing to actual effort." (NCIDQ IDPX Study Guide, Section 5: Professional Practice) Explanation from Official Source: The NCIDQ

Objectives:

### NEW QUESTION # 117

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