Die seit kurzem aktuellsten Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Prüfungsunterlagen, 100% Garantie für Ihen Erfolg in der Fortinet NSE 7 - Enterprise Firewall 7.2 Prüfungen!

Wenn Sie sich noch anstrengend um die NSE7_EFW-7.2 Zertifizierungsprüfung bemühen, dann kann Fast2test in diesem Moment Ihnen helfen, Problem zu lösen. Fast2test bietet Ihnen Schulungsunterlagen von hoher Qualität, damit Sie die Prüfung bestehen und exzellentes Mitglied der Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Zertifizierung werden können. Wenn Sie sich entscheiden, durch die Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Zertifizierungsprüfung sich zu verbessern, dann wählen Sie bitte Fast2test. Fast2test zu wählen ist keinesfalls nicht falsch. Unser Fast2test verspricht, dass Sie beim ersten Versuch die Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Zertifizierungsprüfung bestehen und somit das Zertifikat bekommen können. So können Sie sich sicher verbessern.

Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	• Routing: It covers implementing OSPF to route enterprise traffic and Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) to route enterprise traffic.
Thema 2	• Central management: The topic of Central management covers implementing central management.
Thema 3	• System configuration: This topic discusses Fortinet Security Fabric and hardware acceleration. Furthermore, it delves into configuring various operation modes for an HA cluster.
Thema 4	• VPN: Implementing IPsec VPN IKE version 2 is discussed in this topic. Additionally, it delves into implementing auto-discovery VPN (ADVPN) to enable on-demand VPN tunnels between sites.
Thema 5	• Security profiles: Using FortiManager as a local FortiGuard server is discussed in this topic. Moreover, it delves into configuring web filtering, application control, and the intrusion prevention system (IPS) in an enterprise network.

>> NSE7_EFW-7.2 Deutsch Prüfungsfragen <<

NSE7_EFW-7.2 Originale Fragen, NSE7_EFW-7.2 Lernressourcen

Wenn Sie deprimiert sind, sollen Sie am besten etwas lernen. Lernen werden Sie unbesiegbar machen. Die Fragenkataloge zur Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Zertifizierungsprüfung von Fast2test werden Sie sicher unbesiegbar machen. Mit diesen Fragenkataloge können Sie sicher das internationale akzeptierte Fortinet NSE7_EFW-7.2 Zertifikat bekommen. Sie können deshalb viel Geld verdienen und Ihre Lebensumstände werden sicher gründlich verbessert. Werden Sie noch deprimiert? Nein, Sie werden sicher stolz darauf. Sie sollen Fast2test danken, die Ihnen so gute Fragenkataloge bietet. Fast2test hilft Ihnen, wenn Sie deprimiert sind. Er hilft Ihnen, Ihre Qualität zu verbessern und Ihren perfekten Lebenswert zu repräsentieren.

Fortinet NSE 7 - Enterprise Firewall 7.2 NSE7_EFW-7.2 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q14-Q19):

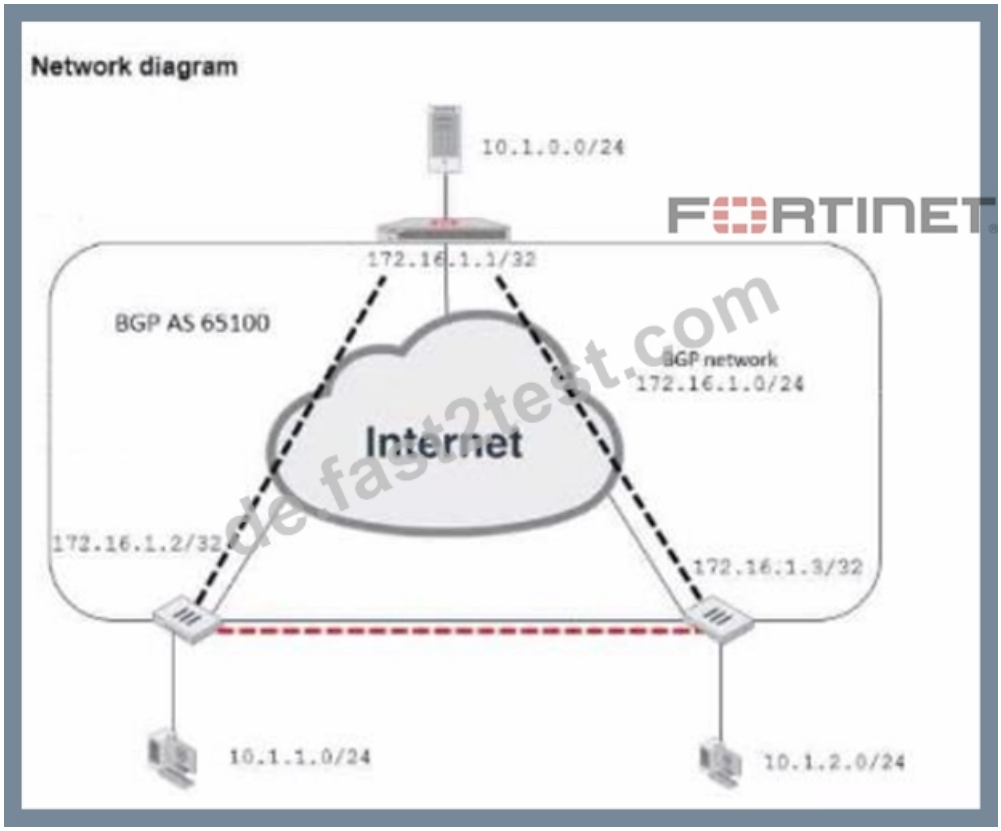
14. Frage
Refer to the exhibit, which shows a partial routing table.

What two conclusions can you draw from the FortiGate output shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate creates separate virtual interfaces for each VPN client.
- B. FortiGate is not using the destination subnets of the quick mode selectors to populate the routing table.
- C. net-device is disabled in the tunnel IPSec phase 1 configuration.
- D. add-route is enabled in the tunnel IPSec phase 1 configuration.

Antwort: B,C

15. Frage
Exhibit.



Refer to the exhibit, which contains an ADVPN network diagram and a partial BGP con figuration Which two parameters Should you configure in config neighbor range? (Choose two.)

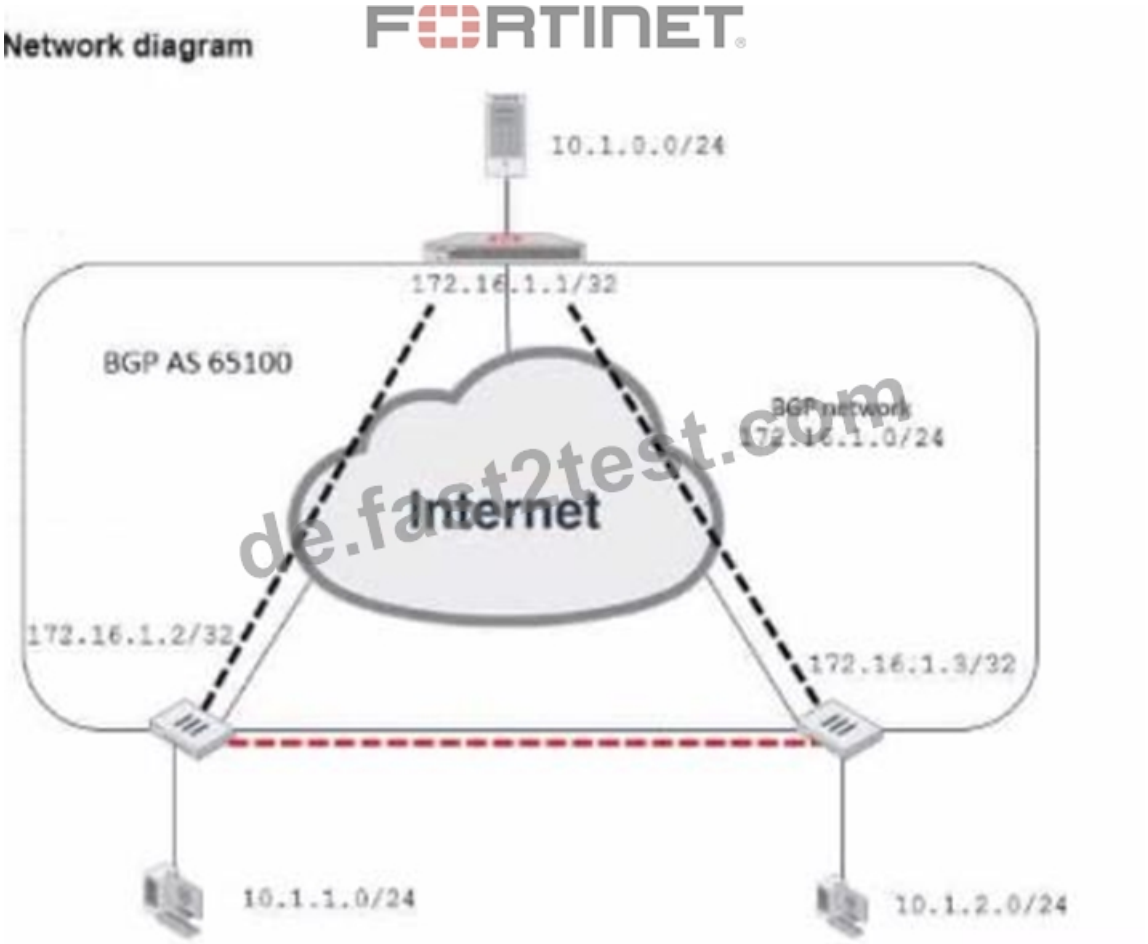
- A. set neighbor-group advpn
- B. set route reflector-client enable
- C. set prefix 10.1.0 255.255.254.0
- D. set prefix 172.16.1.0 255.255.255.0

Antwort: A,D

Begründung:
In the ADVPN configuration for BGP, you should specify the prefix that the neighbors can advertise. Option A is correct as you would configure the BGP network prefix that should be advertised to the neighbors, which matches the BGP network in the diagram. Option C is also correct since you should reference the neighbor group configured for the ADVPN setup within the BGP configuration.

16. Frage
Exhibit.

Network diagram



Partial BGP configuration

```
Hub # show router bgp
config router bgp
    set as 65100
    set router-id 172.16.1.1
    config neighbor-group
        edit "advpn"
            set remote-as 65100
            ...
        next
    end
....
end
```

Refer to the exhibit, which contains an ADVPN network diagram and a partial BGP con figuration Which two parameters Should you configure in config neighbor range? (Choose two.)

- A. set neighbor-group advpn
- B. set prefix 10.1.0 255.255.255.0
- C. set route reflector-client enable
- D. set prefix 172.16.1.0 255.255.255.0

Antwort: A,B

Begründung:
The config neighbor range command is used to configure a range of IP addresses for BGP neighbors in an ADVPN scenario. The two parameters that should be configured are the neighbor-group and the prefix. The neighbor-group specifies the name of the

neighbor group that the range belongs to, which in this case is "advpn". The prefix specifies the IP address range of the BGP neighbors, which in this case is 10.1.0.0/24, as shown in the network diagram. Reference: You can find more information about ADVPN and BGP configuration in the following Fortinet Enterprise Firewall 7.2 documents:
ADVPN
BGP
ADVPN with BGP as the routing protocol

17. Frage
Refer to the exhibit, which shows a routing table.

What two options can you configure in OSPF to block the advertisement of the 10.1.10.0 prefix? (Choose two.)

- A. Disable Redistribute Connected
- B. Remove the 16.1.10.C prefix from the OSPF network
- C. Configure a distribute-list-out
- D. Configure a route-map out

Antwort: C,D

Begründung:
To block the advertisement of the 10.1.10.0 prefix in OSPF, you can configure a distribute-list-out or a route- map out. A distribute-list-out is used to filter outgoing routing updates from being advertised to OSPF neighbors1. A route-map out can also be used for filtering and is applied to outbound routing updates2. References ≔ Technical Tip: Inbound route filtering in OSPF usi ... - Fortinet Community, OSPF | FortiGate / FortiOS 7.2.2 - Fortinet Documentation

18. Frage
Exhibit.

Refer to the exhibit, which contains a partial VPN configuration.
What can you conclude from this configuration1?

- A. The routing table shows a single IPSec virtual interface.
- B. The VPN should use the dynamic routing protocol to exchange routing information Through the tunnels.
- C. Dead peer detection s disabled.
- D. FortiGate creates separate virtual interfaces for each dial up client.

Antwort: C

Begründung:
The configuration line "set dpd on-idle" indicates that dead peer detection (DPD) is set to trigger only when the tunnel is idle, not actively disabled1. References: FortiGate IPSec VPN User Guide - Fortinet Document Library From the given VPN configuration, dead peer detection (DPD) is set to 'on-idle', indicating that DPD is enabled and will be used to detect if the other end of the VPN tunnel is still alive when no traffic is detected.
Hence, option C is incorrect. The configuration shows the tunnel set to type 'dynamic', which does not create separate virtual interfaces for each dial-up client (A), and it is not specified that dynamic routing will be used (B). Since this is a phase 1 configuration snippet, the routing table aspect (D) cannot be concluded from this alone.

19. Frage
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