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Palo Alto Networks PCCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Endpoint Security: This domain is aimed at an Endpoint Security Analyst and covers identifying indicators of compromise (IOCs) and understanding the limits of signature-based anti-malware. It includes concepts like User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA), endpoint detection and response (EDR), and extended detection and response (XDR). It also describes behavioral threat prevention and endpoint security technologies such as host-based firewalls, intrusion prevention systems, device control, application control, disk encryption, patch management, and features of Cortex XDR.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cybersecurity: This section of the exam measures skills of a Cybersecurity Practitioner and covers fundamental concepts of cybersecurity, including the components of the authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) framework, attacker techniques as defined by the MITRE ATT&CK framework, and key principles of Zero Trust such as continuous monitoring and least privilege access. It also addresses understanding advanced persistent threats (APT) and common security technologies like identity and access management (IAM), multi-factor authentication (MFA), mobile device and application management, and email security.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security Operations: This final section measures skills of a Security Operations Analyst and covers key characteristics and practices of threat hunting and incident response processes. It explains functions and benefits of security information and event management (SIEM) platforms, security orchestration, automation, and response (SOAR) tools, and attack surface management (ASM) platforms. It also highlights the functionalities of Cortex solutions, including XSOAR, Xpanse, and XSIAM, and describes services offered by Palo Alto Networks' Unit 42.

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Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Practitioner Sample Questions (Q62-Q67):

NEW QUESTION # 62

Which of the following is a service that allows you to control permissions assigned to users in order for them to access and utilize cloud resources?

- A. User-ID
- B. **Identity and Access Management (IAM)**
- C. User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)
- D. Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)

Answer: B

Explanation:

Identity and access management (IAM) is a software service or framework that allows organizations to define user or group identities within software environments, then associate permissions with them. The identities and permissions are usually spelled out in a text file, which is referred to as an IAM policy.

NEW QUESTION # 63

Which activity is a technique in the MITRE ATT&CK framework?

- A. Credential access
- B. Lateral movement
- C. **Account discovery**
- D. Resource development

Answer: C

Explanation:

Account discovery is a technique in the MITRE ATT&CK framework under the Discovery tactic. It involves adversaries attempting to identify user accounts on a system or network.

Credential access, lateral movement, and resource development are tactics - high-level objectives an attacker is trying to achieve.

NEW QUESTION # 64

Which component of cloud security is used to identify misconfigurations during the development process?

- A. Container security
- B. **Code security**
- C. SaaS security
- D. Network security

Answer: B

Explanation:

Code security focuses on identifying vulnerabilities and misconfigurations early in the development process. It uses tools like static code analysis and infrastructure-as-code (IaC) scanning to ensure secure coding and configuration before deployment.

NEW QUESTION # 65

How can local systems eliminate vulnerabilities?

- A. Perform an attack on local systems.
- B. Test and deploy patches on a focused set of systems.
- C. Create preventative memory-corruption techniques.
- D. **Patch systems and software effectively and continuously.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Local systems can eliminate vulnerabilities by patching systems and software effectively and continuously.

Patching is the process of applying updates or fixes to software or hardware components that have known vulnerabilities or bugs.

Patching can prevent attackers from exploiting these vulnerabilities and compromising the security or functionality of the systems.

Patching should be done regularly and promptly, as new vulnerabilities are constantly discovered and exploited by cybercriminals.

Patching should also be done effectively, meaning that the patches are tested and verified before deployment, and that they do not introduce new vulnerabilities or issues. Patching should also be done continuously, meaning that the systems are monitored for new vulnerabilities and patches are applied as soon as they are available. Continuous patching can reduce the window of opportunity for attackers to exploit unpatched vulnerabilities and cause damage or data breaches. References:

*1: What is Patch Management? | Palo Alto Networks

*2: Patch Management Best Practices: How to Keep Your Systems Secure | Snyk

*3: Vulnerability Remediation Process - 4 Steps to Remediation | Snyk

NEW QUESTION # 66

Which option would be an example of PII that you need to prevent from leaving your enterprise network?

- A. **Credit card number**
- B. A symmetric encryption key
- C. Trade secret
- D. National security information

Answer: A

Explanation:

A credit card number is an example of PII that you need to prevent from leaving your enterprise network. PII, or personally identifiable information, is any information that can be used to identify an individual, either alone or in combination with other data. PII can be sensitive or non-sensitive, depending on the level of protection required and the potential harm if exposed. Sensitive PII includes data that can directly identify an individual and cause significant harm if leaked or stolen, such as financial information, medical records, or government-issued ID numbers. Non-sensitive PII includes data that is easily accessible from public sources and does not pose a high risk of identity theft, such as zip code, race, or gender. A credit card number is a sensitive PII because it can be used to access the cardholder's account, make fraudulent transactions, or steal their identity. Therefore, it is important to prevent credit card numbers from leaving the enterprise network, where they could be intercepted by hackers, malicious insiders, or third parties. To protect credit card numbers and other sensitive PII, enterprises should implement data security measures such as encryption, tokenization, masking, access control, auditing, and monitoring. Additionally, enterprises should comply with data privacy laws and standards that regulate the collection, use, and protection of PII, such as the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS), the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), or the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA).

References:

- * What is PII? Examples, laws, and standards | CSO Online
- * What is Personally Identifiable Information (PII)? | IBM
- * What Is Personally Identifiable Information (PII)? Types and Examples
- * What is PII (personally identifiable information)? - Cloudflare
- * What is Personally Identifiable Information (PII)? - Data Privacy Manager

NEW QUESTION # 67

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