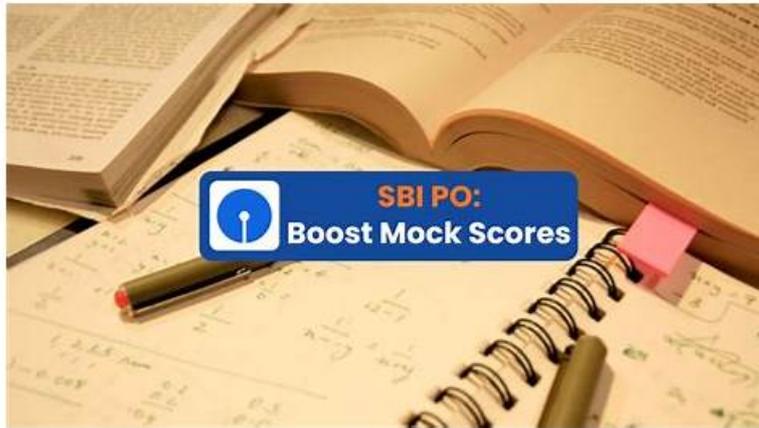


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IBM watsonx Generative AI Engineer - Associate Sample Questions (Q240-Q245):

NEW QUESTION # 240

You are implementing techniques to ensure that an IBM Watsonx Generative AI model does not expose any personal or sensitive information (PII) in its outputs.

What is the most effective technique for excluding personal information during the inference stage of the generative AI process?

- A. Use a greedy decoding strategy to limit the creativity of the model and prevent unexpected outputs.
- B. Use temperature tuning to control the diversity of outputs, reducing the likelihood of personal information being revealed.
- C. Train the model on synthetic data that does not include any personal information.
- **D. Implement real-time filtering of model outputs using regular expressions to detect and mask personal information.**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 241

A company is considering using IBM Watsonx for two different use cases: (1) automating email responses for routine inquiries from customers, and (2) generating creative marketing copy for new product campaigns.

Which of the following best describes the model selection process for these use cases?

- A. Use a large language model fine-tuned for email response generation for both tasks, as the fine-tuning process will enable the model to handle creative tasks as well.
- B. A single model should be used for both use cases since Watsonx can handle any type of text generation task equally well.
- C. Use the smallest possible model to reduce computational costs, regardless of the use case.
- **D. Choose a domain-specific model for automating email responses and a more generalized model with creative capabilities for generating marketing copy.**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 242

You are tasked with generating creative text outputs using an AI language model for a marketing campaign. You want to ensure that the responses are diverse and unexpected but still somewhat relevant to the prompt.

Which combination of temperature and random seed should you use to achieve this?

- A. Temperature: 1.0, Random Seed: 0
- B. Temperature: 1.5, Random Seed: 123
- C. Temperature: 0.1, Random Seed: 42
- **D. Temperature: 0.7, Random Seed: None**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 243

In which scenario would using a soft prompt be more beneficial than a hard prompt in optimizing generative AI outputs?

- **A. When fine-tuning a pre-trained model for domain-specific tasks, allowing the system to adapt its understanding through learned embeddings.**
- B. When the task requires explicit and consistent user instructions to ensure deterministic outcomes.
- C. When the prompt needs to be manually adjusted by the user in real time during interaction with the AI.
- D. When the model needs to generate a strictly factual output with minimal deviation from the prompt.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 244

You are building a Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) system where documents are converted into embeddings. You decide to use a transformer-based model to convert your text into embeddings. The embeddings will later be used in a vector search engine. After generating the embeddings, you observe that similar documents are not being clustered closely in the vector space, leading to poor retrieval.

What could be a likely reason for this behavior, and how can you address it?

- A. The vector search algorithm is using Euclidean distance, which is inappropriate for high-dimensional embedding spaces.
- B. The embedding vectors are being generated using sentence-level embeddings instead of word-level embeddings.
- **C. The model's output is not normalized, which can cause issues during the vector search process.**
- D. The model has not been fine-tuned for generating document embeddings, leading to inaccurate representations.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 245

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