

便利なL5M5最新関連参考書 & 合格スムーズL5M5受験料 |一生懸命にL5M5認証資格Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5)



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トピック	出題範囲

トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 倫理的かつ持続可能な調達と供給を支えるESG（環境、社会、ガバナンス）関連のイニシアチブと基準を理解する：この試験セクションでは、調達リーダーのスキルを評価し、倫理的な供給慣行を形成するグローバルなフレームワークと基準を網羅します。国連やILOなどの機関が定める国際労働基準、倫理的貿易イニシアチブ（ETI）やSA800などの労働規範についても考察します。受験者はまた、外部の環境フレームワーク、業界認証、そしてそれらがESG目標達成に果たす役割についても検証します。最後に、このセクションでは、フェアトレードの原則、WFTOやフェアトレード・インターナショナルなどの組織、そして社内ガバナンスをグローバル基準に適合させる必要性についても取り上げます。
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 倫理的かつ持続可能な調達・供給体制を実現するために、ESG（環境、社会、ガバナンス）要素への準拠の重要性を理解する：試験のこのセクションでは、サプライチェーンペシャリストのスキルを評価し、調達におけるESG基準への準拠を確保する方法を網羅します。サプライチェーンマッピング、リスク管理、ステークホルダーエンゲージメント、契約条件の活用など、持続可能な慣行を確保するための要素が含まれます。また、サプライヤーのパフォーマンスを監視し、不遵守に対処し、倫理基準を維持するために第三者監査を活用する方法も学びます。サプライヤーがESGの期待に応えることを確実にするために、関係管理戦略、是正措置、エスカレーションプロセスが重視されます。
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESG（環境、社会、ガバナンス）の配慮が倫理的かつ持続可能なサプライチェーンに与える影響を理解する：このセクションでは、調達マネージャーのスキルを評価し、ESG原則が倫理的かつ持続可能なサプライチェーンの確保にどのように適用されるかを網羅します。調達の意思決定における環境、社会、ガバナンスの要素の役割、そしてESG導入のリスクとメリットについて考察します。また、現代の奴隸制、贈収賄、人権といった問題、そして多様性、包摂性、ステークホルダー管理の重要性についても考察します。このセクションでは、グローバル化、文化、労働慣行がサプライ戦略にどのような影響を与えるかに焦点を当て、ESGの優先事項とビジネスニーズのバランスを取る際に生じる可能性のある潜在的な対立を検証します。

>> L5M5最新関連参考書 <<

実用的な-権威のあるL5M5最新関連参考書試験-試験の準備方法L5M5受験料

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CIPS Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5) 認定 L5M5 試験問題 (Q65-Q70):

質問 # 65

Which of the following best defines the concept of total landed costs?

- A. The sum of all product and logistics related cost
- B. The sum of all logistics cost related to a product
- C. The lowest logistics cost of a product
- D. The difference between the product and logistics related cost

正解: A

解説:

According to the study guide, the correct answer is Choice C. Total landed cost refers to the complete cost of delivering a product to its final destination. This includes the original product price, transportation costs, fees, customs and duty charges, currency exchange rates, and handling costs.

Reference:

LO-1.4; Page 107; Demand Management and the need for urgent orders

質問 # 66

Which of the following best defines a cartel, and which party in the supply chain is most impacted by it?

- A. An informal agreement among suppliers to lower costs; primarily affects retailers
- B. A formal agreement between competing firms to set prices and limit production; primarily affects consumers
- C. A coalition of businesses to increase competition; primarily affects shareholders
- D. A collaboration between manufacturers to innovate; primarily affects suppliers

正解: B

解説:

Choice A- This accurately describes a cartel. Firms collude to manipulate the market, resulting in higher prices and limited availability of goods. Consumers are directly impacted as they pay more and have fewer choices. Thus Choice A is the correct answer.

Incorrect answer:

Choice B- This describes a scenario more akin to cooperative pricing or collusion among suppliers, but it doesn't capture the essence of a cartel. While it could affect retailers by changing supply costs, it misses the focus on competition and pricing control typical of cartels.

Choice C- This option suggests a positive collaborative effort aimed at innovation, which is not characteristic of cartels. Cartels are generally about restricting competition rather than fostering innovation. Suppliers might be indirectly affected, but it doesn't align with cartel behavior.

Choice D- This is the opposite of what a cartel does. Cartels reduce competition by collaborating to control prices and production. While shareholders may be affected by cartel activities, the primary impact is felt by consumers and the market as a whole.

Reference:

LO-1.1; Page 43; Issues impacting ethical and sustainable procurement and supply: modern slavery, bribery, corruption, fraud and human rights infringements

質問 # 67

Marge is reading a government-issued statement which helps a company decide which course of action to take but is not legally binding. What type of document is Marge reading?

- A. Guideline
- B. Regulation
- C. Directive
- D. Statute

正解: A

解説:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Documents:

The L5M5 study guide (p.185) explains the distinction between regulatory documents. Guidelines are advisory documents providing best practice but are not legally binding. Regulations and statutes (A and C) are legally binding, and directives (B) are binding once incorporated into national legislation. Procurement professionals must be able to differentiate between binding legislation and advisory guidelines to ensure compliance. While guidelines help shape ethical practices, failure to follow them usually does not carry legal penalties.

Reference: Managing Ethical Procurement and Supply (L5M5) Study Guide, p.185

質問 # 68

The ILO's fundamental principles and rights at work are binding on which countries?

- A. Only developed countries
- B. All member states of the ILO
- C. Only those that have ratified the ILO conventions
- D. Only countries with high labor standards

正解: B

解説:

Choice B- This is the correct answer. The International Labor Organization (ILO) requires all member states to uphold its

fundamental principles and rights at work, even if they have not ratified the specific conventions associated with these principles. These fundamental principles are part of the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work (1998), which includes: Freedom of association and the right to collective bargaining. Elimination of forced or compulsory labor. Abolition of child labor.

Elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

When a country joins the ILO, it automatically accepts an obligation to respect, promote, and realize these fundamental principles, regardless of whether it has formally ratified the associated conventions. This reflects the ILO's commitment to promoting universal labor standards and protecting workers' rights globally.

Incorrect answer:

Choice A- This is incorrect because the fundamental principles apply to all member states, not just those that ratified specific conventions.

Choice C- The principles are universal and apply to all member states, regardless of economic status.

Choice D- Even countries with weak labor standards are obligated to promote these principles as ILO members. So, this is not the answer.

Reference:

LO-3.1; Page 248-249; Standards set by the United Nations (UN) and the International Labor Organization (ILO)

質問 #69

A small-scale cocoa farmer in a developing country is a member of a Fair Trade cooperative, which benefits from a guaranteed minimum price for cocoa and a Fairtrade Premium. However, some members have expressed concerns about the system. Which of the following is a common criticism of the Fair Trade standard that might explain their dissatisfaction?

- A. All of the above
- B. The administrative costs of certification and compliance reduce the net income for farmers
- C. The Fairtrade Premium is too small to make a meaningful impact on the community
- D. Farmers who are not part of the cooperative cannot access the benefits of Fair Trade

正解: A

解説:

Choice A- Critics argue that while the premium is helpful, it may not always be sufficient to address significant challenges like poverty or infrastructure gaps in the community.

Choice B- Fair Trade certification often requires membership in a cooperative, which excludes independent farmers or those unable to join due to geographic or financial barriers.

Choice C- Fair Trade certification comes with costs and stringent requirements, which can burden farmers and cooperatives, sometimes negating the financial benefits of participation.

Choice D- This is the correct answer because all the options accurately highlight potential limitations of the Fair Trade system.

Reference:

LO-3.3; Page 306; Fairtrade standards that affect the workplace and producers and their implications for procurement and supply

質問 #70

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L5M5受験料:<https://www.mogixam.com/L5M5-exam.html>

- 完璧なL5M5最新関連参考書 - 資格試験におけるリーダーオファー - 有用なL5M5受験料 □ [www.passtest.jp]には無料の「L5M5」問題集がありますL5M5試験情報
- 試験の準備方法-ユニークなL5M5最新関連参考書試験-ハイパスレートのL5M5受験料 □▶ www.goshiken.com▶を開いて[L5M5]を検索し、試験資料を無料でダウンロードしてくださいL5M5認定資格
- 試験の準備方法-ユニークなL5M5最新関連参考書試験-ハイパスレートのL5M5受験料 □● www.jpshiken.com□●には無料の{ L5M5 }問題集がありますL5M5日本語版
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