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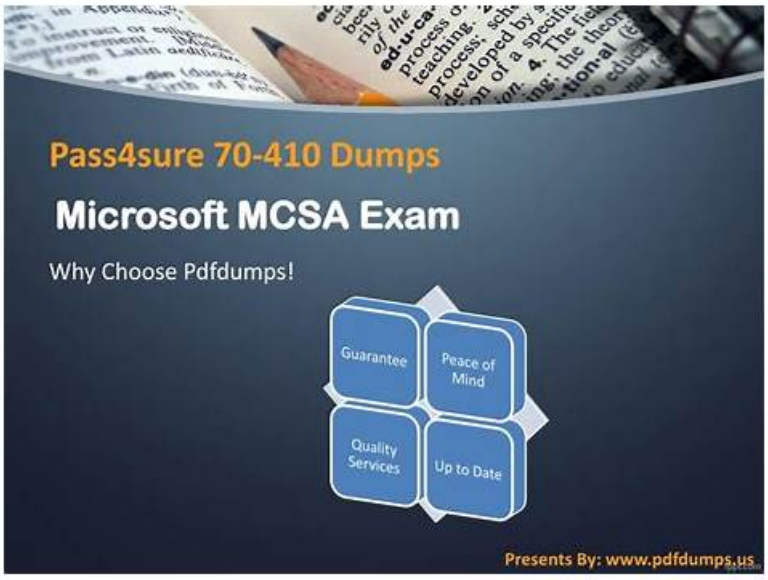

Wie kann man Erfolge erlangen. Es gibt nur eine Ankürzung, nämlich: die Lernhilfe zur Cyber AB CMMC-CCAZertifizierungsprüfung von ITZert zu benutzen. Das ist unser Vorschlag für jeden Kandidaten. Wir hoffen, dass Sie Ihren Traum erfüllen können.

Es ist nicht leicht für ITer, die Cyber AB CMMC-CCA IT-Zertifizierungen zu besitzen. Aber Diese Weise ist am besten für sie, ihre Fähigkeit zu entwickeln und ihren Wert zu beweisen. Deshalb müssen viele Leute die Cyber AB CMMC-CCA Prüfungen anmelden. So, gibt es eine einfache Methode, dass sie diese IT-Zertifizierungsprüfungen sehr leicht bestehen. Selbstverständig! Die ITZert Dumps ist die beste Wahl. Alle Prüfungsunterlagen sind an ITZert vorhanden. Und es kann Ihre Forderungen erfüllen. Sie können sich mehr über die Prüfungsunterlagen an ITZert informieren.

>> CMMC-CCA Fragenpool <<

CMMC-CCA Trainingsmaterialien: Certified CMMC Assessor (CCA) Exam & CMMC-CCA Lernmittel & Cyber AB CMMC-CCA Quiz

ITZert ist eine Website, die Bedürfnisse der Kunden abdecken kann. Diejenigen, die unsere Simulationssoftware zur Cyber AB CMMC-CCA IT-Zertifizierungsprüfung benutzt und die Prüfung betanden haben, sind unsere Stammgäste geworden. ITZert stellt Ihnen die fortschrittliche Ausbildungstechnik zur Verfügung, die Ihnen beim Bestehen der Cyber AB CMMC-CCA Zertifizierungsprüfung hilft.

Cyber AB CMMC-CCA Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	• CMMC Level 2 Assessment Scoping: This section of the exam measures skills of cybersecurity assessors and revolves around determining the proper scope of a CMMC assessment. It involves analyzing and categorizing Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) assets, interpreting the Level 2 scoping guidelines, and making accurate judgments in scenario-based exercises to define what assets and systems fall within assessment boundaries.

Thema 2	• Evaluating Organizations Seeking Certification (OSC) against CMMC Level 2 Requirements: This section of the exam measures skills of cybersecurity assessors and focuses on evaluating the environments of organizations seeking certification at CMMC Level 2. It covers understanding differences between logical and physical settings, recognizing constraints in cloud, hybrid, on-premises, single, and multi-site environments, and knowing what environmental exclusions apply for Level 2 assessments.
Thema 3	• Assessing CMMC Level 2 Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of cybersecurity assessors in evaluating whether organizations meet the required practices of CMMC Level 2. It emphasizes applying CMMC model constructs, understanding model levels, domains, and implementation, and using evidence to determine compliance with established cybersecurity practices.
Thema 4	• CMMC Assessment Process (CAP): This section of the exam measures skills of compliance professionals and tests knowledge of the full assessment lifecycle. It covers the steps needed to plan, prepare, conduct, and report on a CMMC Level 2 assessment, including the phases of execution and how to document and follow up on findings in alignment with DoD and CMMC-AB expectations.

Cyber AB Certified CMMC Assessor (CCA) Exam CMMC-CCA Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q18-Q23):

18. Frage
A CCA is assessing the implementation of the Incident Reporting practice. To validate the control, what MUST the CCA ensure about the OSC?

- A. Incident sources are configured and tuned
- B. Law enforcement officials are automatically notified during an incident
- C. Incidents are tracked and documented
- D. Forensic investigations are performed to determine the impact of the incident

Antwort: C

Begründung:
* Applicable Requirement: IR.L2-3.6.1 - "Establish an operational incident-handling capability for organizational systems that includes preparation, detection, analysis, containment, recovery, and user response activities."
* Validation Expectation: For this practice, the CCA must confirm that the OSC:
* Tracks incidents consistently,
* Documents incident details (who, what, when, where, and how), and
* Maintains incident records to support analysis and corrective action.
* Why A is Correct: Tracking and documenting incidents demonstrates that the OSC has an operational incident-handling capability and provides objective evidence of detection, response, and lessons learned.
Why Other Options Are Insufficient:
* B (Sources configured/tuned): Helpful for detection, but not sufficient by itself.
* C (Law enforcement notified): This may occur in certain cases, but it is not required by CMMC Level 2.
* D (Forensics): Deep forensic investigation may be useful, but CMMC requires incident response capability, not mandatory forensic-level activities.
References (CCA Official Sources):
* NIST SP 800-171 Rev. 2 - IR.L2-3.6.1
* NIST SP 800-171A - IR.L2-3.6.1 Assessment Objectives (tracking, documenting, handling incidents)
* CMMC Assessment Guide - Level 2 - Incident Reporting

19. Frage
The Certification Assessment Readiness Review (CA-RR) aims to determine whether the OSC and the Assessment Team are ready to conduct the assessment as planned and within the allocated time. It addresses all of the following aspects of readiness to conduct the assessment except which one?

- A. Logistics.
- B. Assessment risk status.
- C. OSC cybersecurity posture.

- D. Assessment readiness.

Antwort: C

Begründung:
Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:
The CA-RR focuses on logistical and procedural readiness (Options B, C, D), not the OSC's cybersecurity posture (Option A), which is assessed during the actual assessment.
Extract from Official Document (CAP v1.0):
* Section 1.6 - Prepare for Assessment (pg. 18):"The CA-RR addresses assessment readiness, risk status, and logistics, not OSC cybersecurity posture." References:
CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) v1.0, Section 1.6.

20. Frage
During a CMMC assessment, the CCAs, CCPs, and Lead Assessor validate the assessment scope provided by the OSC. They must review documents and records specific to the agreed-upon scope and boundaries of the assessment. There are several documents the Assessment Team may review or analyze; some are required, and others not. Which of the following documents is NOT required when scoping a CMMC Assessment for Level 2 maturity?

- A. Preliminary List of Evidence
- B. Network diagrams
- C. System Security Plan (SSP)
- D. System Design documentation

Antwort: D

Begründung:
Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:
The CMMC Assessment Guide Level 2 mandates network diagrams, SSP, and asset inventories (implied in preliminary evidence) to define scope. System design documentation (Option D) is useful but not required for initial scoping, per CAP and Level 2 guidance. Options A, B, and C are essential, making Option D the correct answer.
Reference Extract:
* CMMC AG Level 2, Section 1.3:"Required scoping documents include SSP, network diagrams, and asset inventories; system design is optional."Resources:https://dodcio.defense.gov/Portals/0/Documents
/CMMC/AG_Level2_MasterV2.0_FINAL_202112016_508.pdf

21. Frage
You are the Lead Assessor for a CMMC Assessment engagement with an OSC for CMMC Level 2. The OSC has provided you with their proposed CMMC Assessment Scope, which includes a network schematic diagram, their SSP, relevant policies, and organizational charts. During your review of the documentation, you notice they have excluded a subsidiary company's network and assets from the proposed CMMC Assessment Scope despite the subsidiary being involved in handling CUI related to federal contracts. If the OSC shares proprietary information with the Lead Assessor during the assessment engagement, what is the C3PAO's responsibility regarding this information after the completion of the assessment?

- A. The C3PAO can retain the OSC's proprietary information for future reference and use.
- B. The C3PAO must return and/or destroy any OSC proprietary information.
- C. The C3PAO can share the OSC's proprietary information with other clients for benchmarking purposes.
- D. The C3PAO is not responsible for the OSC's proprietary information once the Assessment is completed.

Antwort: B

Begründung:
Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:
The CAP and CoPC mandate that proprietary information be returned or destroyed post-assessment to protect OSC confidentiality, making Option D correct. Options A, B, and C violate these requirements.
Extract from Official Document (CAP v1.0):
* Section 3.5 - Archive Assessment Artifacts (pg. 36):"The C3PAO must return and/or destroy any OSC proprietary information after the engagement." References:
CMMC Assessment Process (CAP) v1.0, Section 3.5; CoPC Paragraph 3.2.

22. Frage
A company has a CUI enclave for handling all CUI processed, stored, and transmitted through the organization. While interviewing the IT manager, the CCA asks how assets that can, but are not intended to, handle CUI are identified. The IT manager refers to the CUI system's network diagram (which includes these assets) as well as the asset inventory (which lists these assets as Contractor Risk Managed Assets). Which other artifact MUST also mention these assets?

- A. The awareness and training program should include these assets so they are covered for all employees.
- B. The SSP should show these assets are managed using the company's risk-based security policies, procedures, and practices.
- C. The physical protection policy should list these assets as being part of the physical environment of the organization.
- D. The identification and authentication policy should show how these assets are identified.

Antwort: B

Begründung:
Contractor Risk Managed Assets (CRMA) are required to be identified in the System Security Plan (SSP) because the SSP must describe how each in-scope asset category is managed, including risk-based policies, procedures, and practices. Network diagrams and inventories alone are insufficient without documentation in the SSP.
Exact Extracts:
* CMMC Scoping Guide: "Contractor Risk Managed Assets are part of the CMMC Assessment Scope and must be identified in the OSC's SSP and supporting documentation."
* "The SSP must describe how the contractor manages risk for Contractor Risk Managed Assets."
* "The asset categories (CUI assets, Security Protection Assets, Contractor Risk Managed Assets, Specialized Assets) must be included in the SSP with supporting evidence." Why the other options are not correct:
* A: Identification/authentication policy does not specifically require mention of CRMAs.
* B: Physical protection policies address facility controls, not risk-managed assets.
* C: Awareness training covers employees, not technical classification of assets.
* D: Correct, because the SSP must explicitly document how CRMAs are managed using risk-based approaches.
References:
CMMC Assessment Scope - Level 2, Version 2.13: Asset categories and documentation requirements for CRMAs (pp. 6-10).
CMMC Assessment Guide - Level 2, Version 2.13: SSP documentation requirements (pp. 12-14).

23. Frage
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