

# Valid TDA-C01 Exam Camp Pdf | Exam TDA-C01 Cram Questions



BONUS!!! Download part of Test4Engine TDA-C01 dumps for free: [https://drive.google.com/open?id=1z\\_y6OChBuMo40nJZLjrKewM8LyiYP3p5](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1z_y6OChBuMo40nJZLjrKewM8LyiYP3p5)

In this fast-changing world, the requirements for jobs and talents are higher, and if people want to find a job with high salary they must boost varied skills which not only include the good health but also the working abilities. But if you get the TDA-C01 certification, your working abilities will be proved and you will find an ideal job. We provide you with TDA-C01 Exam Materials of high quality which can help you pass the exam easily. It also saves your much time and energy that you only need little time to learn and prepare for exam.

To become Tableau TDA-C01 Certified, candidates must pass a rigorous exam that tests their knowledge and skills in using Tableau. TDA-C01 exam consists of multiple-choice questions, hands-on exercises, and scenario-based questions that test a candidate's ability to apply Tableau to real-world business problems. Candidates must score at least 75% to pass the exam and earn their certification.

[\*\*>> Valid TDA-C01 Exam Camp Pdf <<\*\*](#)

## 100% Free TDA-C01 – 100% Free Valid Exam Camp Pdf | High Pass-Rate Exam Tableau Certified Data Analyst Cram Questions

Everyone wants to succeed. As a worker in IT industry, you know how important the TDA-C01 exam certification is for your career success. There are more and more people to participate in TDA-C01 certification exam, and how to win in the increasingly competitive situation? To chose the right hand is the key. Our Test4Engine team has studies the TDA-C01 Certification Exam for years so that we have in-depth knowledge of the test. We believe that you must be succeed in the exam with the help of TDA-C01 test software provided by our Test4Engine.

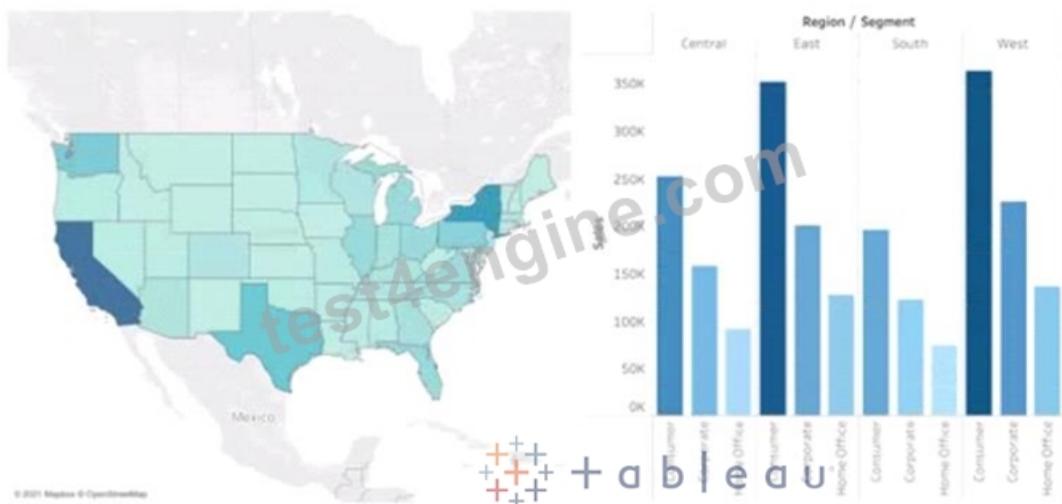
Tableau TDA-C01 certification exam is an essential credential for professionals seeking to advance their careers in data analysis, business intelligence, and data visualization. It validates their proficiency in using Tableau Desktop to connect, visualize, and share data insights. Tableau Certified Data Analyst certification also provides a practical framework for professionals to develop their skills and stay up-to-date with the latest trends and practices in data analytics and visualization.

Tableau TDA-C01 Exam is a computer-based test that consists of multiple-choice questions. TDA-C01 exam is of moderate difficulty and is designed to test the candidate's understanding of Tableau's core concepts and features. TDA-C01 exam covers topics such as data connection, data blending, data analysis, and data visualization. TDA-C01 exam is intended for individuals who have a basic understanding of data analysis and visualization and are looking to enhance their skills in the field.

## Tableau Certified Data Analyst Sample Questions (Q174-Q179):

### NEW QUESTION # 174

You have the following dashboard that contains two visualizations.



You want to show only visualization at time. Users must be able to switch between visualizations. What should you me?

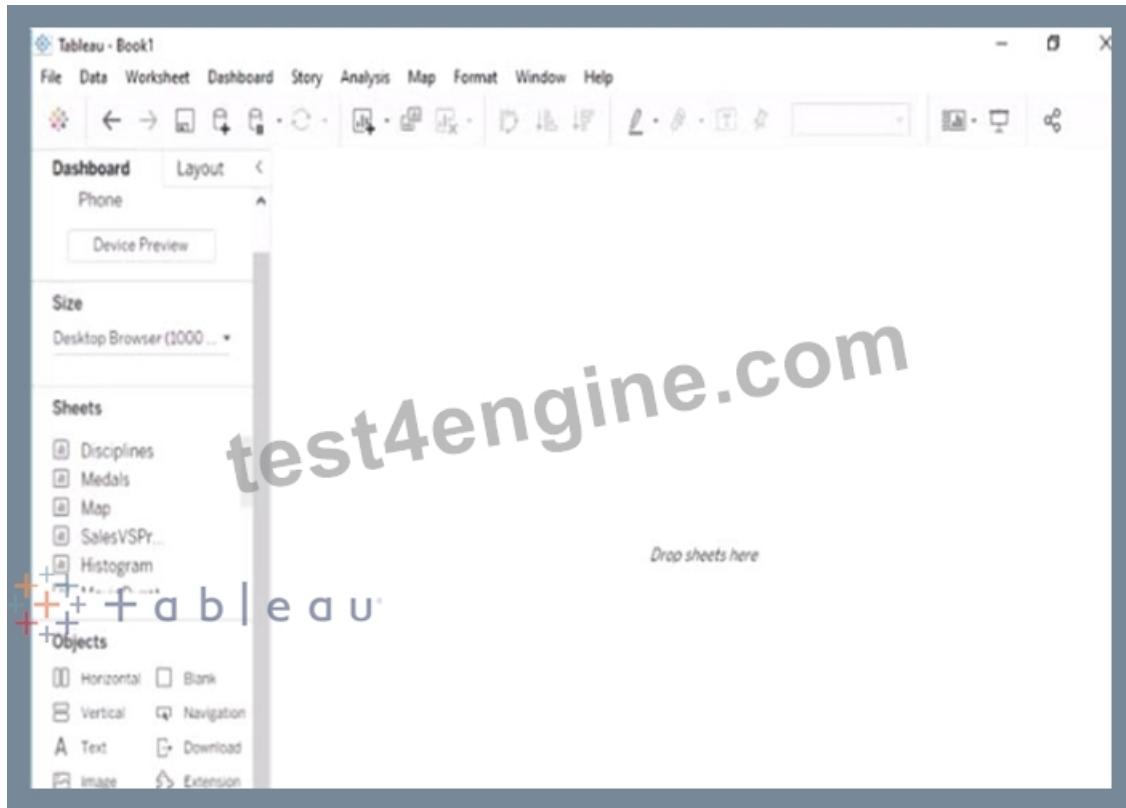
- A. Dashboard actions
- B. A parameter and a calculated filed
- C. Showhide buttons
- D. Worksheet actions

**Answer: A**

### NEW QUESTION # 175

Open the link to Book1 found on the desktop. Open the sales dashboard.

Add the Sales by State sheet in a Show/Hide button to the right side of the dashboard.



- A. Send us your feedback on it.
- B. Send us your

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION # 176

In a worksheet, you have a calculated column named YTD Sales that uses the following formula.

[Order Date] <= TODAY () AND DATETBUNC {"year", [Order Date]} = DATETPUNC "year", TODAY() You want to create a calculated column named Exclude Current Month that will be dragged to the Filters shell. Exclude Current Month will exclude the current month values from YTD Sales.

How should you complete the formula for Exclude Current Month? (Drag the appropriate Options to the Answer Area and drop into the correct locations.)

Options	Answer Area
'Mon'	DATEDIFF( [Order Date], Today() ) > 0
'Month'	AND DATEDIFF( [Order Date], Today() ) = 0
'Quarter'	
'Year'	
'yyyy'	

**Answer:**

Explanation:

Options	Answer Area
'Mon'	DATEDIFF( [Order Date], Today() ) > 0
'Month'	AND DATEDIFF( [Order Date], Today() ) = 0
'Quarter'	
'Year'	
'yyyy'	

## NEW QUESTION # 177

You have a sales dataset that contains the following fields.

Field name	Data type
Order Date	Date
Quantity	Whole number
Revenue	Decimal
Product Name	Text
Customer Region	Geographical

You need to analyze the average revenue per product in different regions over time.

Which two fields should be measures? Choose two.

- A. Customer Region
- B. **Quantity**
- C. Order Date
- D. **Revenue**
- E. Product Name

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:

To analyze the average revenue per product in different regions over time, you need to use two fields that contain numeric, quantitative values that you can measure and aggregate. Quantity and Revenue are both measures that fit this criterion. You can multiply Quantity and Revenue to get the total sales for each product, and then divide by the number of products to get the average revenue. You can also use these measures to create charts and tables that show the trends and comparisons over time and across regions. References:

\* Dimensions and Measures, Blue and Green - Tableau

\* Tableau Certified Data Analyst Study Guide

## NEW QUESTION # 178

You have the following two datasets:

\* A Microsoft Excel worksheet that has two columns named Employee Name and Department

\* A Microsoft SQL Server table that has three columns named Employee Name, Pay Grade and Team Size.

You want to use Tableau Prep to join the two datasets.

Which three actions should you perform in order? (Place the three correct options in order.)

Options

- Specify Department and Team Size as a join condition
- Join both datasets and select the join type
- From the connections pane, connect to both datasets
- Specify Employee Name as the join key
- Open both data sources in Tableau Desktop
- Add a step to aggregate the data in the SQL Server table

Answer Area

From the connections pane, connect to both datasets.

Join both datasets and select the join type

Specify Employee Name as the join key

Up ▲

Down ▼

**Answer:**

Explanation:

Options

- Specify Department and Team Size as a join condition
- Join both datasets and select the join type
- From the connections pane, connect to both datasets
- Specify Employee Name as the join key
- Open both data sources in Tableau Desktop
- Add a step to aggregate the data in the SQL Server table

Answer Area

From the connections pane, connect to both datasets.

Join both datasets and select the join type

Specify Employee Name as the join key

Up ▲

Down ▼

Explanation:

The correct order of the three actions is:

From the connections pane, connect to both data sources

Join both datasets and select the join type

Specify Employee Name as the join key

The first action is to connect to both data sources from the connections pane in Tableau Prep. The connections pane is where you can access and add data sources to your flow. You can connect to various types of data sources, such as Excel, SQL Server, or Tableau Server. In this case, you want to connect to an Excel worksheet and a SQL Server table.

The second action is to join both datasets and select the join type. A join is a way of combining data from two or more tables based on a common field. You can join datasets by dragging one table to the canvas and dropping it on top of another table. This will create a join step in your flow. You can select the join type from the drop-down list on the join step. The join type determines which rows are returned from the tables.

The third action is to specify Employee Name as the join key. A join key is a field that is used to match rows from different tables. You can specify the join key by clicking on the field name in each table and dragging it to the center of the join step. This will create a join clause that shows the field name and the operator. In this case, you want to use Employee Name as the join key, because it is a common field between the two datasets.

The other options are not relevant for this scenario. Specifying Department and Team Size as a join condition will not work, because they are not common fields between the two datasets. Opening both data sources in Tableau Desktop will not help you join them in Tableau Prep. Adding a step to aggregate the data in the SQL Server table will not affect the join, but it may change the level of detail of your data. References:

[https://help.tableau.com/current/prep/en-us/prep\\_connect.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/prep/en-us/prep_connect.htm)

[https://help.tableau.com/current/prep/en-us/prep\\_join.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/prep/en-us/prep_join.htm)

[https://help.tableau.com/current/prep/en-us/prep\\_join\\_types.htm](https://help.tableau.com/current/prep/en-us/prep_join_types.htm)

## NEW QUESTION # 179

• • • • •

**Exam TDA-C01 Cram Questions:** [https://www.test4engine.com/TDA-C01\\_exam-latest-braindumps.html](https://www.test4engine.com/TDA-C01_exam-latest-braindumps.html)

2026 Latest Test4Engine TDA-C01 PDF Dumps and TDA-C01 Exam Engine Free Share: [https://drive.google.com/open?id=1z\\_y6OChBuMo40nJZLjrKewM8LyiYP3p5](https://drive.google.com/open?id=1z_y6OChBuMo40nJZLjrKewM8LyiYP3p5)