

# 2V0-13.25 Exam Questions, 2V0-13.25 Related Exams

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- C. Improved performance
- D. Enhanced security

**Answer:** B, C, D

**Explanation:**

Firmware and driver updates improve performance, fix bugs, and enhance security in VMware environments.

19. Which Broadcom solutions are most important for optimizing network performance in VMware?

- A. Broadcom 25GbE Ethernet Adapter
- B. Broadcom 10GbE Ethernet Adapter
- C. VMware vSwitch
- D. VMware NSX

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

The Broadcom 25GbE Ethernet Adapter is essential for optimizing network performance in VMware.

20. Which Broadcom technologies are vital for improving network connectivity in VMware Cloud Foundation?

- A. Broadcom Ethernet adapters
- B. Broadcom NVMe SSDs
- C. Broadcom Fibre Channel HBAs
- D. Broadcom RAID controllers

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Broadcom Ethernet adapters improve network connectivity in VMware Cloud Foundation.

21. Which troubleshooting steps should be taken when VMware network performance is slow with Broadcom Ethernet adapters?

- A. Check network cable quality
- B. Verify network switch configurations
- C. Check the NIC driver version
- D. Disable network offloading features

**Answer:** A, B, C

**Explanation:**

Checking the NIC driver, switch configurations, and cable quality are essential troubleshooting steps for network performance.

22. Which VMware solutions, combined with Broadcom hardware, are essential for building an efficient storage architecture?

- A. Broadcom NVMe SSD
- B. Broadcom RAID Controller
- C. 25GbE Ethernet Adapter
- D. vSAN

**Answer:** A, B, D

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## VMware 2V0-13.25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plan and Design the VMware Solution: This section measures the skills of Cloud Infrastructure Designers. It focuses on gathering and analyzing business requirements and then transforming them into conceptual, logical, and physical models of VMware Cloud Foundation. Candidates are expected to identify prerequisites and make design decisions across fleet topologies, networking, management domains, workload domains, automation, and operations. The section also includes designing for availability within and across zones, creating strategies for manageability such as lifecycle, scalability, and capacity, and ensuring performance and recoverability through BCDR strategies. Additional emphasis is given to designing secure environments, workload migration strategies, and creating consumption, automation, and monitoring strategies to support modern applications and governance.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Install, Configure, Administrate the VMware Solution: This section of the exam is relevant to System Administrators. Although it has no directly testable objectives, it underlines the expectation that candidates are familiar with installation, configuration, and administration tasks that form the foundation for VMware Cloud Foundation solutions.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Troubleshoot and Optimize the VMware Solution: This section of the exam measures the skills of Operations Engineers. There are no explicitly testable objectives provided in this domain, but candidates are expected to understand troubleshooting and optimization principles to maintain the VMware environment effectively in real-world deployments.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: This section of the exam measures the skills of IT Architects and covers the ability to distinguish business requirements from technical ones. It expects candidates to understand the differences between conceptual, logical, and physical designs while also differentiating requirements, assumptions, constraints, and risks. Core concepts of availability, manageability, performance, recoverability, and security (AMPRS) are tested. Learners also need to document risk mitigation strategies, design decisions, and create a validation strategy that ties requirements to practical implementation.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>VMware Products and Solutions: This section of the exam evaluates the knowledge of VMware Solution Specialists and focuses on VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF). Candidates must be able to identify and differentiate between various VCF architecture options in given scenarios. The emphasis is on understanding the key products and how they integrate into enterprise design choices.</li> </ul>

## VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Architect Sample Questions (Q24-Q29):

### NEW QUESTION # 24

Which Broadcom solutions are most important for optimizing network performance in VMware?

- A. Broadcom 10GbE Ethernet Adapter
- B. VMware NSX
- C. VMware vSwitch
- **D. Broadcom 25GbE Ethernet Adapter**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The Broadcom 25GbE Ethernet Adapter is essential for optimizing network performance in VMware.

### NEW QUESTION # 25

Which Broadcom products are important for managing storage performance in VMware environments?

- A. Broadcom NVMe SSD
- B. Broadcom RAID Controller
- C. vSAN
- D. vSphere DRS

**Answer: A,B,C**

Explanation:

Broadcom RAID Controllers, vSAN, and NVMe SSDs are essential for managing storage performance in VMware environments.

#### NEW QUESTION # 26

Which statement defines the purpose of Business Requirements?

- A. Business requirements define which goals and objectives can be achieved.
- B. Business requirements define what goals and objectives need to be achieved.
- C. Business requirements define how the goals and objectives can be achieved.
- D. Business requirements define which audience needs to be involved.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In the context of VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) 5.2 and IT architecture design, business requirements articulate the high-level needs and expectations of the organization that the solution must address. They serve as the foundation for the architectural design process, guiding the development of technical solutions to meet specific organizational goals. According to VMware's architectural methodology and standard IT frameworks (e.g., TOGAF, which aligns with VMware's design principles), business requirements focus on what the organization aims to accomplish rather than how it will be accomplished or who will be involved. Let's evaluate each option:

Option A: Business requirements define which audience needs to be involved.

This statement is incorrect. Identifying the audience or stakeholders (e.g., end users, IT staff, or management) is part of stakeholder analysis or requirements gathering, not the purpose of business requirements themselves. Business requirements focus on the goals and objectives of the organization, not the specific people involved in the process. This option misaligns with the role of business requirements in VCF design.

Option B: Business requirements define how the goals and objectives can be achieved.

This statement is incorrect. The how aspect-detailing the methods, technologies, or processes to achieve goals-falls under the purview of functional requirements or technical design specifications, not business requirements. For example, in VCF 5.2, deciding to use vSAN for storage or NSX for networking is a technical decision, not a business requirement. Business requirements remain agnostic to implementation details, making this option invalid.

Option C: Business requirements define which goals and objectives can be achieved.

This statement is misleading. Business requirements do not determine which goals are achievable (implying a feasibility assessment); rather, they state what the organization intends or needs to achieve. Assessing feasibility comes later in the design process (e.g., during risk analysis or solution validation). In VCF, business requirements might specify the need for high availability or scalability, but they don't evaluate whether those are possible-that's a technical consideration. Thus, this option is incorrect.

Option D: Business requirements define what goals and objectives need to be achieved.

This is the correct answer. Business requirements articulate what the organization seeks to accomplish with the solution, such as improving application performance, ensuring disaster recovery, or supporting a specific number of workloads. In the context of VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2, examples might include "the solution must support 500 virtual machines" or "the environment must provide 99.99% uptime." These statements define the goals and objectives without specifying how they will be met (e.g., via vSphere HA or vSAN) or who will implement them. This aligns with VMware's design methodology, where business requirements drive the creation of subsequent functional and non-functional requirements.

In VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2, the architectural design process begins with capturing business requirements to ensure the solution aligns with organizational needs. The VMware Cloud Foundation Planning and Preparation Guide emphasizes that business requirements establish the "what" (e.g., desired outcomes like cost reduction or workload consolidation), which then informs the technical architecture, such as the sizing of VI Workload Domains or the deployment of management components.

Reference: VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2 Planning and Preparation Guide (Section: Requirements Gathering) VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2 Architecture and Deployment Guide (Section: Design Methodology Overview) VMware Validated Design Documentation (Business Requirements Definition, applicable to VCF 5.2 principles)

#### NEW QUESTION # 27

An Architect has been tasked with reviewing a VMware Cloud Foundation design document.

Observe the following requirements:

REQ01: The solution must support the private cloud cybersecurity industry and local standards and controls.

REQ02: The solution must ensure that the cloud services are transitioned to operation teams.

REQ03: The solution must provide a self-service portal.

REQ04: The solution must provide the ability to consume storage based on policies.

REQ05: The solution should provide the ability to extend networks between different availability zones.

REQ06: The solution should allow only supported versions of management solutions to be deployed.

Observe the following design decisions:

DD01: There will be a clustered deployment of Aria Automation.

DD02: There will be an integration between Aria Automation and multiple geo-located vCenter Servers.

DD03: Aria Suite Lifecycle will be deployed to provide lifecycle management of Aria Suite components.

Based on the stated requirements, what are the three implications for taking the stated design decisions? (Choose three.)

- A. The latency between the Aria Automation Appliances must be less than 2ms.
- **B. Aria Automation must have network access to all vCenter Servers.**
- **C. A load balancer is required for Aria Automation high availability.**
- D. The vCenter Servers must have network access to each other.
- **E. An external database is required for Aria Automation clustering.**
- F. Aria Suite Lifecycle should be deployed through the SDDC Manager.

**Answer: B,C,E**

Explanation:

The design decisions (DD01, DD02, DD03) must align with the requirements (REQ01-REQ06) in a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) 5.2 context, and the implications must reflect architectural necessities or dependencies introduced by these decisions. Let's evaluate each option based on the requirements and decisions:

Option A: Aria Automation must have network access to all vCenter Servers Relevance: DD02 states integration between Aria Automation and multiple geo-located vCenter Servers, supporting REQ03 (self-service portal), REQ04 (policy-based storage), and REQ05 (network extension across availability zones).

Implication: Aria Automation (formerly vRealize Automation) requires network connectivity to manage vCenter Servers for workload provisioning, policy enforcement (e.g., vSphere Storage Profiles), and network extension (e.g., via NSX). The VMware Aria Automation Installation Guide mandates that Aria Automation appliances have TCP/IP access to vCenter instances over specific ports (e.g., 443). This is a direct implication of DD02 and is critical for multi-site integration.

Conclusion: This is a necessary implication.

Option B: Aria Suite Lifecycle should be deployed through the SDDC Manager Relevance: DD03 involves deploying Aria Suite Lifecycle for lifecycle management, aligning with REQ06 (supported versions of management solutions).

Implication: While SDDC Manager in VCF can deploy and manage Aria Suite components, the VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2 Administration Guide indicates that Aria Suite Lifecycle can be deployed standalone or via SDDC Manager, depending on the design. It's not a strict requirement (implication) of DD03—rather, it's a deployment choice. REQ06 is satisfied by Aria Suite Lifecycle's version control, regardless of deployment method.

Conclusion: This is not a mandatory implication, as it's not enforced by the design decisions.

Option C: An external database is required for Aria Automation clustering Relevance: DD01 specifies a clustered deployment of Aria Automation, supporting REQ03 (self-service portal) and REQ02 (transition to operations via a robust platform).

Implication: For high availability (HA) clustering, Aria Automation requires an external PostgreSQL database to synchronize state across appliances. The VMware Aria Automation Installation Guide explicitly states that clustering (three-node HA) mandates an external database (e.g., PostgreSQL 13) rather than the embedded one used in single-node setups. This ensures data consistency and failover, making it a direct implication of DD01.

Conclusion: This is a necessary implication.

Option D: A load balancer is required for Aria Automation high availability Relevance: DD01 involves a clustered deployment, supporting REQ03 and REQ02.

Implication: Aria Automation clustering for HA requires a load balancer (e.g., VMware NSX Advanced Load Balancer or third-party) to distribute traffic across the three appliances and provide a single access point. The VMware Aria Automation Installation Guide mandates a load balancer for HA configurations to ensure availability and seamless failover, directly tied to DD01. This also supports operational transition (REQ02) by ensuring a reliable self-service portal (REQ03).

Conclusion: This is a necessary implication.

Option E: The latency between the Aria Automation Appliances must be less than 2ms Relevance: DD01 (clustered deployment).

Implication: Aria Automation clustering requires low latency between appliances for database replication and cluster health. However, the VMware Aria Automation Installation Guide specifies a maximum latency of 10ms between nodes (not 2ms), with 2ms being a recommendation for optimal performance, not a strict requirement. In a VCF context, this isn't a mandated implication unless specified by additional constraints not present here.

Conclusion: This is not a precise implication based on standard requirements.

Option F: The vCenter Servers must have network access to each other

Relevance: DD02 (integration with multiple geo-located vCenter Servers).

Implication: While Aria Automation integrates with vCenter Servers, there's no requirement in VCF or Aria Automation for vCenter Servers to communicate directly with each other across sites unless Enhanced Linked Mode or a specific multi-site feature (e.g., stretched clusters) is in use, which isn't indicated by the requirements or decisions. REQ05 (network extension) is managed by NSX, not vCenter-to-vCenter connectivity. The VCF 5.2 Architectural Guide confirms vCenter Servers can operate independently under Aria Automation.

Conclusion: This is not an implication of the stated decisions.

Conclusion:

The three implications are:

A: Network access from Aria Automation to vCenter Servers is required for DD02.

C: An external database is mandatory for Aria Automation clustering per DD01.

D: A load balancer is essential for HA in Aria Automation clustering per DD01. These align with the requirements and design decisions in a VCF 5.2 context.

Reference: VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2 Architectural Guide (docs.vmware.com): Aria Suite Integration and Multi-Site Design.

VMware Aria Automation Installation Guide (docs.vmware.com): Clustering Prerequisites (Database, Load Balancer, Latency).

VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2 Administration Guide (docs.vmware.com): Aria Suite Lifecycle Deployment Options.

### NEW QUESTION # 28

Which VMware Cloud Foundation components are essential for automating and managing infrastructure in hybrid cloud environments?

- A. VMware vSAN
- B. VMware NSX
- C. VMware vSphere
- D. VMware vRealize Automation

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

VMware vRealize Automation and vSphere are key for automation and infrastructure management in hybrid cloud environments.

### NEW QUESTION # 29

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