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CrowdStrike CCCS-203b Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cloud Account Registration: This domain focuses on selecting secure registration methods for cloud environments, understanding required roles, organizing resources into cloud groups, configuring scan exclusions, and troubleshooting registration issues.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Remediating and Reporting Issues: This domain addresses identifying remediation steps for findings, using scheduled reports for cloud security, and utilizing Falcon Fusion SOAR workflows for automated notifications.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Findings and Detection Analysis: This domain covers evaluating security controls to identify IOMs, vulnerabilities, suspicious activity, and persistence mechanisms, auditing user permissions, comparing configurations to benchmarks, and discovering unmanaged public-facing assets.

- Pre-Runtime Protection: This domain covers managing registry connections, selecting image assessment methods, and analyzing assessment reports to identify malware, CVEs, leaked secrets, Dockerfile misconfigurations, and vulnerabilities before deployment.

CrowdStrike Certified Cloud Specialist Sample Questions (Q339-Q344):

NEW QUESTION # 339

An organization is planning to deploy the CrowdStrike Kubernetes protection agent to secure their containerized workloads. Which of the following is a prerequisite for deploying the Kubernetes protection agent?

- A. The Kubernetes cluster must have internet access to connect to CrowdStrike's cloud.
- B. Each Kubernetes node must have Docker installed as the only supported container runtime.
- C. The Kubernetes cluster must be running on bare-metal hardware, as cloud-based clusters are unsupported.
- D. The organization must enable automatic pod scaling before installing the Kubernetes protection agent.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Option A: This is incorrect because CrowdStrike supports Kubernetes clusters running in both on-premises and cloud-based environments, including managed services like Amazon EKS, Azure AKS, and Google GKE.

Option B: This is incorrect because while Docker is supported, the Kubernetes protection agent also supports other container runtimes like containerd. Requiring Docker exclusively is a misconception.

Option C: This is incorrect as automatic pod scaling is unrelated to the deployment of the Kubernetes protection agent. It is not a requirement and has no impact on the agent's functionality.

Option D: CrowdStrike's Kubernetes protection agent communicates with the CrowdStrike Falcon platform in the cloud. Internet access is a critical requirement to enable this communication.

Without it, the agent cannot send telemetry data or receive updates.

NEW QUESTION # 340

Which of the following is a correct example of using automated remediation in the CrowdStrike Falcon platform to address a cloud-related security incident?

- A. Quarantining a compromised virtual machine automatically upon detection of malware
- B. Notifying an administrator to review suspicious activity manually
- C. Disabling unused user accounts in the cloud environment weekly
- D. Sending compliance violation logs to a third-party monitoring system

Answer: A

Explanation:

Option A: This action is an example of a maintenance task, not automated remediation.

Automated remediation focuses on dynamic responses to detected threats or incidents rather than routine administrative tasks.

Option B: This action is part of logging and monitoring, not remediation. Automated remediation involves direct actions to mitigate or eliminate threats rather than just reporting or logging violations.

Option C: Automated remediation in the CrowdStrike Falcon platform includes the ability to isolate or quarantine compromised resources, such as virtual machines, to prevent further spread of malware or threats. This action happens automatically based on predefined policies and is a hallmark of automated remediation. It ensures immediate containment without waiting for manual intervention.

Option D: While notification is an essential part of incident response, it is not an example of automated remediation. Automated remediation involves taking direct action, such as isolating or removing a threat, rather than relying on manual review or follow-up.

NEW QUESTION # 341

Which feature of Falcon Horizon allows users to identify exposed cloud services and workloads running without requiring the deployment of a Falcon sensor?

- A. Vulnerability patching orchestration
- B. API-driven cloud workload discovery

- C. Real-time behavioral monitoring
- D. Deployment of lightweight monitoring agents

Answer: B

Explanation:

Option A: Patching orchestration is not part of Falcon Horizon's functionality. It focuses on remediation rather than workload discovery or runtime protection.

Option B: While lightweight monitoring agents can provide visibility, this contradicts the requirement of finding workloads without deploying a Falcon sensor. Falcon Horizon's agentless approach eliminates this dependency.

Option C: Real-time behavioral monitoring is a feature of Falcon modules like Falcon Prevent or Falcon Insight, which require sensors to monitor and analyze workload behavior. This is not applicable to environments without sensor deployment.

Option D: Falcon Horizon uses API-driven cloud workload discovery to analyze the state of resources in the cloud environment. By leveraging APIs provided by cloud service providers, Falcon Horizon gathers data on running workloads, exposed services, and misconfigurations without needing to deploy agents or sensors on individual workloads. This approach is efficient and does not require intrusive installation processes.

NEW QUESTION # 342

What cloud-conscious attacker behavior is used to allow them to stay hidden in the environment?

- A. CloudTrail logging disabled
- B. Storage Account Networking changed to All Networks
- C. Certificate added to an application registration
- D. EC2 Default security group does not block all traffic

Answer: A

Explanation:

A common cloud-conscious attacker technique used to remain hidden in a compromised environment is disabling CloudTrail logging. AWS CloudTrail records API activity across an account, providing critical visibility into actions taken by users, roles, and services. By disabling or tampering with CloudTrail, attackers significantly reduce the likelihood of detection.

CrowdStrike Falcon Cloud Security classifies this behavior as a high-risk indicator because it directly impacts monitoring, forensics, and incident response. Without CloudTrail logs, security teams lose audit trails that are essential for identifying malicious actions such as privilege escalation, data exfiltration, or persistence mechanisms.

Other options represent misconfigurations or changes that may increase exposure but do not directly suppress visibility. For example, modifying storage networking or security groups increases attack surface, while adding certificates may support persistence—but none are as directly linked to stealth as disabling logging.

Therefore, CloudTrail logging disabled is the correct answer and a well-documented cloud attack tactic used to evade detection.

NEW QUESTION # 343

Your team wants to review container vulnerabilities on a weekly basis. Not all members of the team reviewing the information will have access to the Falcon console.

How can you automatically distribute the vulnerable container information from Cloud Security?

- A. Create a query using Advanced Event Search and run the query once a week
- B. Create a scheduled report to list vulnerable container data from the last 24 hours
- C. Create a dashboard displaying the vulnerable container information and share the link
- D. Create a scheduled report to list vulnerable container data from the last 7 days

Answer: D

Explanation:

CrowdStrike Falcon Cloud Security supports scheduled reporting as the preferred mechanism for automatically distributing security findings to stakeholders who may not have direct access to the Falcon console. When container vulnerabilities need to be reviewed on a weekly basis, the correct and most operationally efficient approach is to create a scheduled report covering the last 7 days.

Scheduled reports can be configured to run automatically and delivered via email to designated recipients, including users without Falcon console access. This makes them ideal for cross-functional teams, auditors, or management who require regular visibility into container risk without interactive access.

Using Advanced Event Search requires console access and manual execution, which does not meet the requirement for automatic

