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WGU Managing Cloud Security (JY02) Sample Questions (Q39-Q44):

NEW QUESTION # 39

Which option should a cloud architect recommend to an organization looking to simplify development and management of applications?

- A. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)
- **B. Platform as a Service (PaaS)**
- C. Software as a Service (SaaS)

- D. Desktop as a Service (DaaS)

Answer: B

Explanation:

Platform as a Service (PaaS) is the recommended option for organizations seeking to simplify application development and management. Managing Cloud guidance explains that PaaS provides a complete development environment, including operating systems, runtime environments, middleware, databases, and development tools.

By abstracting infrastructure and platform management, PaaS allows developers to focus exclusively on building, testing, and deploying applications. Tasks such as patching, scaling, load balancing, and environment configuration are handled by the cloud provider, reducing complexity and administrative effort.

DaaS focuses on delivering virtual desktops, IaaS requires customers to manage operating systems and applications, and SaaS provides fully developed applications rather than development platforms. Therefore, PaaS best meets the requirement of simplifying development and management.

NEW QUESTION # 40

Which cloud infrastructure risk is the responsibility of the cloud provider?

- A. Data security
- **B. Physical security**
- C. Security governance
- D. Application security

Answer: B

Explanation:

Physical security is a cloud infrastructure risk that is the responsibility of the cloud provider. Managing Cloud principles explain that providers are responsible for securing data center facilities, including buildings, hardware, power systems, and environmental controls.

This includes access controls, surveillance, guards, and protection against physical threats such as theft, vandalism, and natural disasters. Customers do not have physical access to cloud data centers and therefore rely entirely on the provider to manage these risks.

Data security and application security are typically shared responsibilities, while security governance is largely the customer's responsibility. Therefore, physical security is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 41

A warning system identifies an impending disaster. When should failover occur to ensure continuity of operations?

- A. During the resumption of normal activities
- **B. Prior to the crisis event**
- C. Prior to the resumption of normal activities
- D. During the crisis event

Answer: B

Explanation:

Failover should occur prior to the crisis event when an impending disaster is identified. Managing Cloud principles explain that proactive failover allows organizations to maintain service continuity by transitioning operations to alternate systems before disruption occurs.

Early failover reduces downtime, minimizes data loss, and avoids the risks associated with reactive responses during an active crisis. Cloud environments support automated or planned failover mechanisms that can be triggered by warning systems, ensuring seamless continuity.

Failover during or after the crisis increases the likelihood of service interruption. Therefore, initiating failover before the event is the correct approach.

NEW QUESTION # 42

What is the process of identifying and procuring stored data as evidence for legal purposes?

- A. Gap analysis
- B. Chain of custody
- C. Forensic imaging
- **D. Electronic discovery**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct answer is electronic discovery (e-discovery). This process involves identifying, collecting, and producing electronically stored information (ESI) that may serve as evidence in legal proceedings. E-discovery ensures that relevant data such as emails, logs, or documents is preserved and made available in a legally defensible manner.

Chain of custody refers to documenting the handling of evidence once collected, while forensic imaging creates exact copies of digital media. Gap analysis identifies weaknesses in processes but is unrelated to evidence collection.

E-discovery is essential in both corporate and cloud contexts, as data is often distributed across multiple environments. Cloud providers may assist customers with e-discovery by providing tools for searching, tagging, and exporting relevant data. A sound e-discovery process ensures compliance with legal obligations and prevents spoliation of evidence.

NEW QUESTION # 43

Which phase of the cloud data life cycle involves activities such as data categorization and classification, including data labeling, marking, tagging, and assigning metadata?

- A. Destroy
- B. Use
- C. Store
- **D. Create**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The cloud data life cycle defines distinct stages that data goes through from its origin until its disposal. The Create phase is the very first stage, and this is where data is generated or captured by systems, applications, or users. At this point, data does not yet have context for storage or use, so it must be appropriately categorized and classified. Activities like labeling, marking, tagging, and assigning metadata are critical because they establish the foundation for enforcing controls throughout the rest of the life cycle.

Classification ensures that data is aligned with sensitivity levels, regulatory requirements, and business value.

For example, financial records may be labeled "confidential" while general marketing content may be marked "public." These distinctions guide how encryption, access controls, and monitoring will be applied in subsequent phases such as storage, sharing, or use.

According to industry frameworks, starting security at the Create phase ensures that controls "follow the data" across environments. Without proper classification at creation, organizations risk mismanaging sensitive data downstream.

NEW QUESTION # 44

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