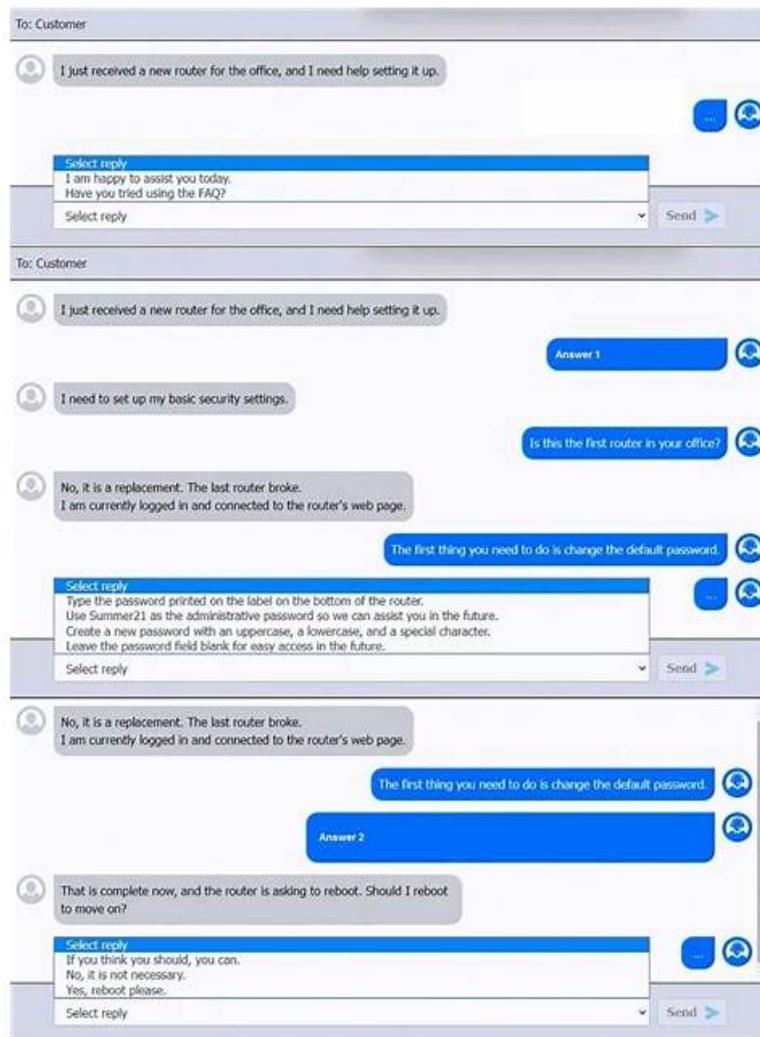


# 220-1202難易度 & 220-1202無料過去問



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>> 220-1202難易度 <<

## 220-1202難易度 & 正確的な 220-1202無料過去問 準備するために少しの時間とエネルギーを費やす

テスト220-1202認定の取得は、学習プロセスの目標を達成するために必要であり、労働者のために働いており、開発のためのより広いスペースを提供できるより多くの資格を持っています。220-1202の実際の試験ガイドは、効率的で便利な学習プラットフォームを提供するため、できるだけ早く認定を取得できます。高い学位は能力の表れかもしれませんが、テスト220-1202認定を取得することも良い選択です。220-1202証明書を取得すると、より良い未来を創造するための選択肢が増えます。

## CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 2 認定 220-1202 試験問題 (Q130-Q135):

### 質問 # 130

Company employees do not have assigned workspaces and regularly work at different computers and physical locations. Which of the following should the company implement to maintain data security and minimize the amount of user data that needs to be transferred?

- A. Centralized certificate storage
- B. Cloud email
- C. Portable drives
- D. Roaming profiles

正解: D

解説:

The correct answer is D. Roaming profiles, because roaming profiles allow users to log in to any domain-joined workstation and automatically access their personal settings, documents, and configuration without storing data locally on each machine. This is ideal for environments with hot-desking or shared workstations.

According to the Quentin Docter - CompTIA A+ Complete Study Guide, roaming profiles store user data centrally on a server rather than on individual computers. When a user logs in, their profile is loaded; when they log out, changes are saved back to the server. This minimizes data duplication and reduces the risk of data being left behind on shared systems.

The Travis Everett & Andrew Hutz - All-in-One Exam Guide emphasizes that roaming profiles improve security by preventing sensitive user data from being permanently stored on multiple endpoints. This also simplifies backup and recovery, since user data resides in a centralized location.

The Mike Meyers / Mark Soper Lab Manual clarifies that portable drives introduce data loss risks, cloud email only addresses messaging data, and certificate storage does not manage user profiles or documents.

Because the goal is to maintain data security while allowing mobility and minimizing data transfer, roaming profiles are the most appropriate solution, making D the correct answer.

### 質問 # 131

Welcome to your first day as a Fictional Company, LLC helpdesk employee. Please work the tickets in your helpdesk ticket queue.

INSTRUCTIONS

Click on individual tickets to see the ticket details, and view applicable attachments to determine the problem.

Select the appropriate issue from the ' Issue ' drop-down menu. Then, select the most efficient resolution from the ' Resolution ' drop-down menu. Finally, select the proper command or verification to remediate or confirm your fix of the issue from the ' Verify/Resolve ' drop-down menu.

□

正解:

解説:

□ Explanation:

Issue: Limited network connectivity

Resolution: Refresh DHCP

Verify/Resolve: ipconfig

Issue (drop-down)

Limited network connectivity

Why this matches:

"Internet Down" most commonly indicates the workstation has lost valid Layer 3 connectivity (bad/expired DHCP lease, APIPA address, wrong gateway, etc.). In CompTIA A+ terms, this aligns best with limited connectivity symptoms (can't reach internet resources).

Resolution (drop-down)

Refresh DHCP

Why this is the most efficient fix:

If the client has:

- \* an expired lease
- \* an APIPA address (169.254.x.x) because DHCP failed
- \* an incorrect IP/gateway from a bad lease

...then the fastest first remediation is to renew DHCP to obtain a correct IP address, default gateway, and DNS servers. This is a

standard CompTIA A+ troubleshooting action (quick, low-risk, high-success).

Verify/Resolve (drop-down)

ipconfig

Why this is the correct verification tool:

ipconfig is the primary Windows CLI tool to:

- \* check current IP settings (ipconfig /all)
- \* release/renew DHCP (ipconfig /release and ipconfig /renew)
- \* confirm you received a valid IP + gateway + DNS , which is required for internet access.

What you would do (mapped to those choices)

Using ipconfig to complete "Refresh DHCP" and confirm the fix:

- \* Check current addressing
- \* ipconfig /all
- \* Look for:
- \* Valid IPv4 (not 169.254.x.x )
- \* Valid Default Gateway
- \* DNS servers present
- \* Refresh the DHCP lease
- \* ipconfig /release
- \* ipconfig /renew
- \* Verify outcome
- \* Run ipconfig again to confirm:
- \* You now have a correct IP for the network
- \* Default gateway is populated
- \* If the gateway/DNS populate correctly, internet access typically returns.

### 質問 # 132

Welcome to your first day as a Fictional Company, LLC helpdesk employee. Please work the tickets in your helpdesk ticket queue.

INSTRUCTIONS

Click on individual tickets to see the ticket details, and view applicable attachments to determine the problem.

Select the appropriate issue from the ' Issue ' drop-down menu. Then, select the most efficient resolution from the ' Resolution ' drop-down menu. Finally, select the proper command or verification to remediate or confirm your fix of the issue from the ' Verify/Resolve ' drop-down menu.

正解:

解説:

Explanation:

Ticket #8675310

- \* Issue: Limited network connectivity
- \* Resolution: Refresh DHCP
- \* Verify/Resolve: ipconfig /renew

For the Low priority ticket #8675310 (" A small yellow triangle appeared in the taskbar. I am no longer able to access network resources. "), the Windows yellow triangle on the network icon is the classic indicator of limited connectivity (often caused by a bad/expired DHCP lease, APIPA address, missing default gateway, or DNS info not being assigned).

Correct PBQ Selections (Ticket #8675310)

Issue

Limited network connectivity

Why (CompTIA logic):

That yellow warning triangle means the NIC is connected at Layer 2 (link is up), but the system likely doesn't have valid Layer 3 config (IP/gateway/DNS), so it can't reach network resources.

Resolution

Refresh DHCP

Why this is the most efficient fix:

When a Windows PC can't access network resources and shows "limited connectivity," the fastest, lowest- risk fix is to renew DHCP so the PC can pull:

- \* a valid IP address
- \* default gateway
- \* DNS servers

This directly resolves the most common root cause behind that icon.

Verify / Resolve

ipconfig /renew

Why this is the correct verification/remediation command:

ipconfig /renew is the direct command to request a fresh DHCP lease . After renewal, the user should regain access to network resources if DHCP was the issue.

What this fixes (what you'd expect to see)

Before the fix, the attachment ( Output.txt ) in these PBQs typically shows symptoms like:

\* 169.254.x.x (APIPA) # DHCP failed

\* Missing/blank Default Gateway

\* DNS not present or incorrect

After ipconfig /renew, you should see a normal private IP (like 192.168.x.x / 10.x.x.x / 172.16-31.x.x ) and a valid gateway/DNS.

### 質問 # 133

Which of the following Linux commands is used to read another command's documentation?

- A. sudo
- B. chmod
- C. cat
- **D. man**

正解: D

解説:

The correct answer is C. man, which stands for manual. The man command is used in Linux and UNIX- based operating systems to display the official documentation for commands, configuration files, and system calls. This documentation includes descriptions, syntax, available options, and usage examples.

The Quentin Docter - CompTIA A+ Complete Study Guide explains that Linux relies heavily on built-in documentation accessible from the command line. The man pages are considered the authoritative reference for how a command works and what options it supports. For example, running man cp displays documentation for the file copy command.

The Travis Everett & Andrew Hutz - All-in-One Exam Guide emphasizes that learning to use man is essential for Linux administration and troubleshooting. Unlike graphical help systems, man pages are always available locally and do not require internet access.

The Mike Meyers / Mark Soper Lab Manual clarifies that chmod changes file permissions, cat displays file contents, and sudo allows commands to be run with elevated privileges. None of these commands provide documentation about other commands. Because the question specifically asks about reading another command's documentation, the Linux command designed for that exact purpose is man, making C the correct answer.

### 質問 # 134

A user cannot upload files to corporate servers from their mobile device when outside the office, but uploads work fine in-office.

What should a technician do to determine the root cause?

- **A. Check the data usage limit**
- B. Verify the last device reboot
- C. Enable Bluetooth connectivity
- D. Enable airplane mode

正解: A

解説:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

If uploading fails only offsite, mobile data limits or restrictions are the likely cause. Data caps or network management can interfere with uploads.

From Travis Everett - All-in-One Exam Guide:

"When mobile users experience network issues, always check if the device has reached a data cap or roaming restriction."

### 質問 # 135

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