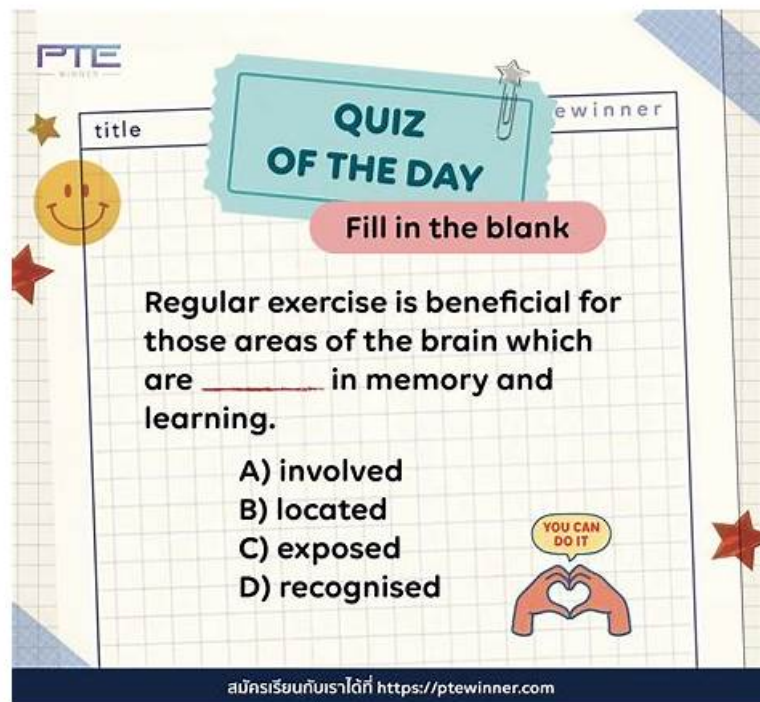


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CompTIA PenTest+ Exam Sample Questions (Q252-Q257):

NEW QUESTION # 252

A penetration tester is cleaning up and covering tracks at the conclusion of a penetration test. Which of the following should the tester be sure to remove from the system? (Choose two.)

- A. Created user accounts
- B. Administrator accounts
- C. Reboot system
- D. ARP cache
- E. Spawned shells

- F. Server logs

Answer: A,E

Explanation:

Removing shells: Remove any shell programs installed when performing the pentest.

Removing tester-created credentials: Be sure to remove any user accounts created during the pentest. This includes backdoor accounts.

Removing tools: Remove any software tools that were installed on the customer's systems that were used to aid in the exploitation of systems.

NEW QUESTION # 253

Which of the following elements of a penetration test report can be used to most effectively prioritize the remediation efforts for all the findings?

- A. Risk score
- B. Executive summary
- C. Detailed findings list
- D. Methodology

Answer: A

Explanation:

Risk scores quantify the severity and likelihood of exploitation for each finding. This helps organizations prioritize which vulnerabilities to remediate first based on potential impact and exploitability.

* Methodology outlines how the test was performed.

* Findings list shows issues, but without prioritization.

* Executive summary provides a high-level overview for decision-makers, not technical prioritization.

NEW QUESTION # 254

With one day left to complete the testing phase of an engagement, a penetration tester obtains the following results from an Nmap scan:

Not shown: 1670 closed ports

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.2.3 (CentOS)

3306/tcp open mysql MySQL (unauthorized)

8888/tcp open http lighttpd 1.4.32

Which of the following tools should the tester use to quickly identify a potential attack path?

- A. BeEF
- B. SearchSploit
- C. msfvenom
- D. sqlmap

Answer: B

Explanation:

* SearchSploit is a command-line interface for Exploit-DB that allows testers to quickly search for known exploits based on software name and version.

* With Apache 2.2.3, lighttpd 1.4.32, and MySQL, the tester can plug these into SearchSploit to identify vulnerabilities, matching the goal of finding quick attack paths with limited time.

Other tools:

* msfvenom: Payload generator, not a search tool.

* sqlmap: SQLi exploitation tool, useful for web apps with SQLi, but requires validation of such a vuln first.

* BeEF: Browser exploitation framework, not relevant here.

CompTIA PenTest+ Reference:

* PT0-003 Objective 2.2 & 2.5: Exploit and identify attack paths.

* SearchSploit and Exploit-DB usage are recommended tools in CompTIA's resources.

NEW QUESTION # 255

A tester is finishing an engagement and needs to ensure that artifacts resulting from the test are safely handled. Which of the following is the best procedure for maintaining client data privacy?

- A. Remove configuration changes and any tools deployed to compromised systems.
- B. Search through configuration files changed for sensitive credentials and remove them.
- **C. Securely destroy or remove all engagement-related data from testing systems.**
- D. Shut down C2 and attacker infrastructure on premises and in the cloud.

Answer: C

Explanation:

At the end of a penetration test, handling sensitive data properly ensures compliance with legal, regulatory, and ethical guidelines.

Securely destroy or remove all engagement-related data (Option B):

Ensures confidentiality of test results.

Prevents unauthorized access to client information.

Methods include secure wiping tools (shred, sdelete), and encrypted storage deletion.

Reference: CompTIA PenTest+ PT0-003 Official Study Guide - "Post-Engagement Data Handling" Incorrect options:

Option A (Remove configuration changes): Necessary but does not ensure complete data destruction.

Option C (Search for sensitive credentials): Important but does not address all artifacts.

Option D (Shut down C2 infrastructure): Important for OPSEC but does not address client data privacy.

NEW QUESTION # 256

A company's incident response team determines that a breach occurred because a penetration tester left a web shell. Which of the following should the penetration tester have done after the engagement?

- A. Revert configuration changes made during the engagement
- **B. Remove utilized persistence mechanisms on client systems**
- C. Turn off command-and-control infrastructure
- D. Enable a host-based firewall on the machine

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

The immediate and mandatory post-engagement action after completing an authorized penetration test is to remove any accounts, implants, backdoors, web shells, scheduled tasks, or other persistence mechanisms that were created or used during the test.

Leaving persistence (a web shell in this case) is exactly what caused the breach and is an unacceptable post-test lapse.

Why B is correct:

* Persistence mechanisms provide continued unauthorized access and are a direct security risk if not removed. Removing them returns the environment to its pre-test security posture and prevents later compromise by third parties.

* Removal of persistence is a standard requirement in rules of engagement and in post-test cleanup checklists.

Why the other answers are incomplete or secondary:

* A. Enable a host-based firewall on the machine - a reasonable defensive step if missing, but it does not replace removing the persistence that was the cause of the breach.

* C. Revert configuration changes made during the engagement - also important and should be done, but the highest priority is removing active persistence that gives access. (Both B and C are valid cleanup activities; B is the single best answer given the question.)

* D. Turn off command-and-control infrastructure - this is appropriate for the tester's own infrastructure, but the critical action on the client side is removing client-side persistence. Also, turning off C2 after the test is expected, but will not remediate the remaining web shell on the client.

CompTIA PT0-003 Mapping:

* Domain 5.0 Reporting and Communication - post-engagement cleanup and handoff (remediation actions, removal of test artifacts, maintaining chain of custody and evidence, and returning environment to agreed baseline).

NEW QUESTION # 257

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