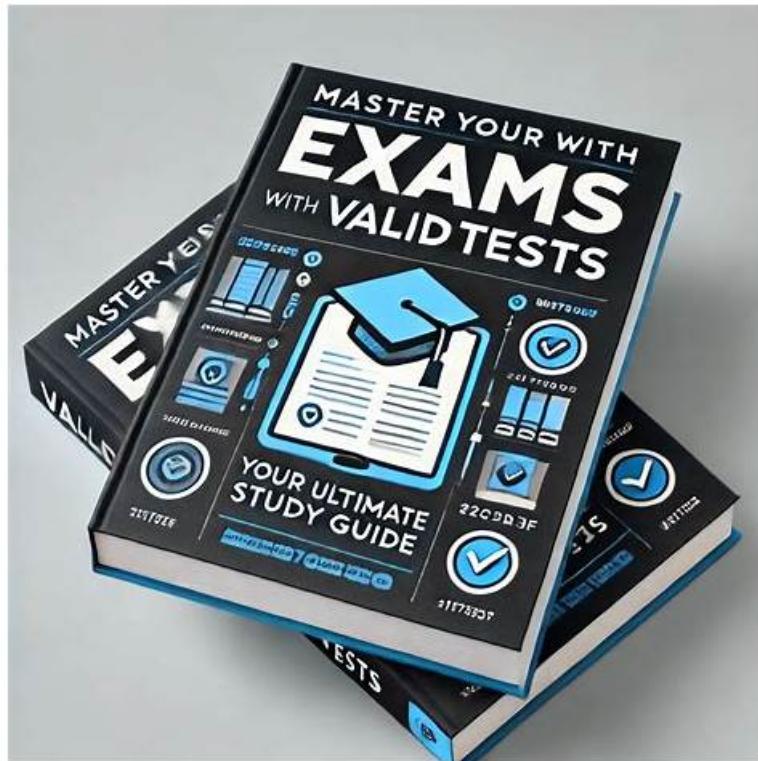


# Hot Valuable GH-900 Feedback 100% Pass | High-quality GH-900: GitHub Foundations 100% Pass



What's more, part of that UpdateDumps GH-900 dumps now are free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1M-Xoj97qiBSRMHkSTGO2G3swr3JHuj1R>

For candidates who are going to buy GH-900 learning materials online, they may have the concern about the money safety. We apply international recognition third party for payment, therefore if you choose us, your safety of money and account can be guaranteed. Moreover, we have a professional team to compile and verify the GH-900 Exam Torrent, therefore the quality can be guaranteed. We offer you free demo to have a try before buying, and you know the content of the complete version through the free demo. We have professional service staff for GH-900 exam dumps, and if you have any questions, you can have a conversation with us.

## Microsoft GH-900 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic   | Details  |
|---------|--|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Introduction to Git and GitHub: This section of the exam measures skills of Junior Developers and Platform Support Specialists and covers the basic understanding of Git and GitHub. It explains what Git is and why it is used, the fundamental Git workflow, and concepts related to repositories including their local and remote distinctions. Candidates learn essential Git commands such as initializing and cloning repositories, adding and committing changes, pushing and pulling updates, and branching and merging. It also covers navigating GitHub by creating accounts, managing repositories, understanding its interface, and working with issues and pull requests.</li></ul> |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Privacy, Security, and Administration: This domain measures skills of Security Administrators and Organization Managers in securing and administering GitHub environments. It covers ensuring repository security through branch protection rules, using security tools like Dependabot, managing access and permissions at repository and organization levels, creating and managing organizations, setting up organization-level security, and overseeing teams and members.</li></ul>   |

|         |  |
|---------|--|
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Working with GitHub Repositories: This domain targets Repository Administrators and Content Managers, focusing on managing repository settings and permissions. Candidates learn to configure repositories, use templates, and effectively manage files by adding, editing, and deleting. The domain also addresses versioning of files and the use of GitHub Desktop for streamlined file management tasks within repositories.</li> </ul> |
|---------|--|

**>> Valuable GH-900 Feedback <<**

## **Real GH-900 Questions & Reliable GH-900 Real Test**

The UpdateDumps is dedicated to providing GitHub Foundations exam candidates with the real Microsoft Dumps they need to boost their GH-900 preparation in a short time. With our comprehensive GH-900 PDF questions, GH-900 practice exams, and 24/7 support, users can be confident that they are getting the best possible GitHub Foundations preparation material. Buy today and start your journey to success with the actual GH-900 Exam Dumps.

### **Microsoft GitHub Foundations Sample Questions (Q72-Q77):**

#### **NEW QUESTION # 72**

In GitHub, why is it recommended to deploy from your feature branch before merging into the main branch?

- A. To directly deploy changes from the main branch without any intermediate testing
- B. To speed up the process of merging changes into the main branch
- **C. To ensure the changes are verified and validated in a production environment**
- D. To avoid the need for testing changes in production

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

It is recommended to deploy from your feature branch before merging into the main branch to ensure the changes are verified and validated in a production environment. This practice helps in identifying any potential issues or bugs in a real-world scenario before the changes are permanently integrated into the main branch. By deploying from the feature branch, developers can catch and address issues early, reducing the risk of introducing bugs into the main branch, which is usually considered the stable branch.

#### **NEW QUESTION # 73**

Where should a repository admin navigate to view pre-built visualizations from repository data?

- A. Issues
- B. Charts
- **C. Insights**
- D. Settings

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

GitHub provides repository admins with a feature called "Insights" where they can view various pre-built visualizations and analytics related to the repository.

Insights:

Option C is correct because the "Insights" tab in a GitHub repository offers various pre-built visualizations, including contributions, traffic, code frequency, dependency graphs, and more. This helps admins and maintainers track the project's activity and health.

Other Options:

Option A (Settings) is incorrect because the Settings tab is where you configure repository settings, permissions, and integrations, but it does not provide visualizations of repository data.

Option B (Issues) is incorrect because the Issues tab is used for tracking bugs, enhancements, and other tasks but does not provide data visualizations.

Option D (Charts) is incorrect as there is no "Charts" tab or section in GitHub. The correct location for data visualizations is under "Insights." Reference:

GitHub Docs: Viewing Repository Insights

#### NEW QUESTION # 74

Which of the following is the purpose of a GitHub repository?

- A. To provide a collaborative space where developers can share and manage code files, track changes, and store revision history
- B. To provide a version control system designed for small projects, offering simple tools for organizing files on your laptop
- C. To provide a folder that stores project files, including documentation, on your local machine
- D. To provide a cloud-based hosting service for project documentation, providing a secure and centralized location for file storage

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

A GitHub repository serves as a collaborative space where developers can share and manage code files, track changes, and store revision history. It is much more than just a folder or simple tool; it is a comprehensive version control system that allows teams to collaborate effectively on codebases. Repositories enable developers to work together, manage contributions, review code, and maintain a complete history of every change made to the project.

#### NEW QUESTION # 75

New open source contributors can receive funding from GitHub sponsors:

- A. Equal to 95% of the contribution value.
- B. By including GitHub matching funds.
- C. Using PayPal as a payment processor.
- D. After setting up a sponsored developer profile.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

GitHub Sponsors allows developers and organizations to financially support open-source contributors directly on the GitHub platform.

Setting Up a Sponsored Developer Profile:

Option D is correct because before a contributor can receive funding through GitHub Sponsors, they need

#### NEW QUESTION # 76

Which of the following is an Innersource development practice?

- A. Making all repositories publicly accessible
- B. Sharing code between teams within the organization
- C. Removing open source code from the organization
- D. Adopting open source code into the organization

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Innersource is a development practice where an organization adopts open-source development methodologies within its own internal environment. The primary goal of innersource is to break down silos and encourage collaboration across different teams within the organization.

Sharing Code Between Teams:

Option B is correct because innersource involves sharing code between teams within the organization, similar to how open-source communities share code across the public domain. This practice fosters collaboration, improves code quality, and allows for reuse of code, reducing duplication of efforts.

Incorrect Options:

Option A is incorrect because adopting open-source code into the organization is related to using open-source software, not specifically to innersource practices.

Option C is incorrect because removing open-source code from the organization is contrary to the principles of both open source and innersource.

Option D is incorrect because making all repositories publicly accessible refers to open source, not innersource. Innersource

typically involves keeping code internal to the organization.

## Reference:

## GitHub Docs: What is Innersource?

## Innersource Commons: The Basics

## NEW QUESTION # 77

The client only needs 20-30 hours to learn our GH-900 learning questions and then they can attend the exam. Most people may devote their main energy and time to their jobs, learning or other important things and can't spare much time to prepare for the GH-900 Exam. But if clients buy our GH-900 training materials they can not only do their jobs or learning well but also pass the GH-900 exam smoothly and easily because they only need to spare little time to learn and prepare for the exam.

**Real GH-900 Questions:** <https://www.updatedumps.com/Microsoft/GH-900-updated-exam-dumps.html>

DOWNLOAD the newest UpdateDumps GH-900 PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1M-Xoj97qiBSRMHkSTGO2G3swr3JHuj1R>