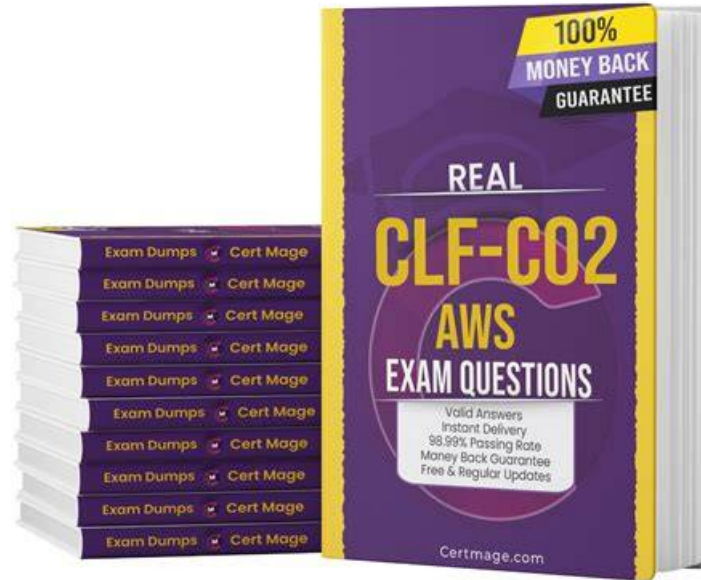


# Amazon CLF-C02 Test Dump & New CLF-C02 Learning Materials



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## Amazon CLF-C02 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Security and Compliance: This section involves understanding the shared responsibility framework of AWS in addition to compliance and governance. It also involves exploring the management capabilities of AWS by exploring its security capabilities.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Billing, Pricing, and Support: This section contrasts pricing methods and budgeting resources management. It also tests understanding of billing methods, identifying support options, and technical resources.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cloud Concepts: This section involves knowledge of value proposition and exploring design rules of AWS. It covers the advantages of techniques for moving over to AWS cloud and developing a good understanding of cloud economics.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Cloud Technology and Services: Describe ways to access AWS services in AWS Cloud and explore connectivity options. It deals with defining the global infrastructure of AWS, computing services, and network services.</li></ul>

## New CLF-C02 Learning Materials, Test CLF-C02 Simulator

In order to help you get CLF-C02 certification, many experts have worked hard for several years to formulate CLF-C02 exam torrent for all examiners. In such a way, our CLF-C02 study materials not only target but also cover all knowledge points. Our CLF-C02 practice materials also have a statistical analysis function to help you find out the deficiency in the learning process of CLF-C02 practice materials, so that you can strengthen the training for weak links. In this way, you can more confident for your success since you have improved your ability.

### Amazon AWS Certified Cloud Practitioner Sample Questions (Q323-Q328):

#### NEW QUESTION # 323

Which Amazon EC2 pricing model is the MOST cost efficient for an uninterruptible workload that runs once a year for 24 hours?

- A. Reserved Instances
- B. Dedicated Instances
- C. Spot Instances
- **D. On-Demand Instances**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

On-Demand Instances are the most cost-efficient pricing model for an uninterruptible workload that runs once a year for 24 hours. On-Demand Instances let you pay for compute capacity by the hour or second, depending on which instances you run. No long-term commitments or up-front payments are required. You can increase or decrease your compute capacity to meet the demands of your application and only pay the specified hourly rates for the instance you use<sup>1</sup>. This model is suitable for developing/testing applications with short-term or unpredictable workloads<sup>2</sup>. The other pricing models are not cost-efficient for this use case. Reserved Instances and Savings Plans require a commitment to a consistent amount of usage, in USD per hour, for a term of 1 or 3 years. They provide significant discounts compared to On-Demand Instances, but they are not flexible or scalable for workloads that run only once a year<sup>2</sup>. Spot Instances are the cheapest option, but they are not suitable for uninterruptible workloads, as they can be reclaimed by AWS at any time. They are recommended for applications that have flexible start and end times, or that are only feasible at very low compute prices<sup>2</sup>. Dedicated Instances are designed for compliance and licensing requirements, not for cost optimization. They are more expensive than the other options, as they run on single-tenant hardware<sup>2</sup>. References: Amazon EC2 - Secure and resizable compute capacity - AWS, Amazon EC2 - How AWS Pricing Works

#### NEW QUESTION # 324

At what support level do users receive access to a support concierge?

- A. Developer Support
- B. Basic Support
- **C. Enterprise Support**
- D. Business Support

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Users receive access to a support concierge at the Enterprise Support level. A support concierge is a team of AWS billing and account experts that specialize in working with enterprise accounts. They can help users with billing and account inquiries, cost optimization, FinOps support, cost analysis, and prioritized answers to billing questions. The support concierge is included as part of the Enterprise Support plan, which also provides access to a Technical Account Manager (TAM), Infrastructure Event Management, AWS Trusted Advisor, and 24/7 technical support. References: AWS Support Plan Comparison, AWS Enterprise Support Plan, AWS Support Concierge

#### NEW QUESTION # 325

A company is building an application that needs to deliver images and videos globally with minimal latency. Which approach can the company use to accomplish this in a cost effective manner?

- A. Deliver the content through AWS PrivateLink.
- B. Store the content on Amazon S3 and enable S3 cross-region replication.
- C. Implement a VPN across multiple AWS Regions.
- **D. Deliver the content through Amazon CloudFront.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Explanation

Amazon CloudFront is a fast content delivery network (CDN) service that securely delivers data, videos, applications, and APIs to customers globally with low latency, high transfer speeds, all within a developer-friendly environment. It works seamlessly with services including AWS Shield for DDoS mitigation, Amazon S3, Elastic Load Balancing or Amazon EC2 as origins for your applications, and Lambda@Edge to run custom code closer to customers' users and to customize the user experience. By using CloudFront, you can cache your content at the edge locations that are closest to your end users, reducing the network latency and improving the performance of your application. CloudFront also offers a pay-as-you-go pricing model, so you only pay for the data transfer and requests that you use.

### NEW QUESTION # 326

A company needs to run its existing custom, nonproduction workloads in the AWS Cloud quickly and cost-effectively.

The workloads can recover from interruptions easily.

Which pricing model should the company use?

- A. Reserved Instances
- B. Dedicated Hosts
- C. On-Demand Instances
- **D. Spot Instances**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The correct answer is C because Spot Instances are the pricing model that enables the company to run its existing custom, nonproduction workloads in the AWS Cloud quickly and cost-effectively. Spot Instances are spare Amazon EC2 instances that are available at up to 90% discount compared to On-Demand prices. Spot Instances are suitable for stateless, fault-tolerant, and flexible workloads that can recover from interruptions easily. The other options are incorrect because they are not the pricing model that enables the company to run its existing custom, nonproduction workloads in the AWS Cloud quickly and cost-effectively. Reserved Instances are Amazon EC2 instances that are reserved for a specific period of time (one or three years) in exchange for a lower hourly rate. Reserved Instances are suitable for steady-state or predictable workloads that run for a long duration. On-Demand Instances are Amazon EC2 instances that are launched and billed at a fixed hourly rate. On-Demand Instances are suitable for short-term, irregular, or unpredictable workloads that cannot be interrupted. Dedicated Hosts are physical servers that are dedicated to a single customer. Dedicated Hosts are suitable for workloads that require regulatory compliance or data isolation. Reference: Amazon EC2 Instance Purchasing Options

### NEW QUESTION # 327

A large company has a workload that requires hardware to remain on premises. The company wants to use the same management and control plane services that it currently uses on AWS.

Which AWS service should the company use to meet these requirements?

- **A. AWS Outposts**
- B. AWS Device Farm
- C. AWS Ground Station
- D. AWS Fargate

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The correct answer is C because AWS Outposts is an AWS service that enables the company to meet the requirements. AWS Outposts is a fully managed service that extends AWS infrastructure, services, APIs, and tools to virtually any datacenter, co-location space, or on-premises facility. AWS Outposts allows customers to run their workloads on the same hardware and software that AWS uses in its cloud, while maintaining local access and control. The other options are incorrect because they are not AWS

