

2026 Salesforce High-quality Real Mule-101 Dumps



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Salesforce Mule-101 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Recognize and interpret essential integration concepts and terminology: This domain focuses on foundational concepts including cloud service models, infrastructure types, networking protocols, data formats, security principles, and API classifications.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Explain the common technical complexities and patterns in integration development: This domain explores interaction patterns, composition patterns, API specifications, observability approaches, and deployment application architecture comparisons.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Describe the components and benefits of Anypoint Platform for system integration: This domain covers Anypoint Platform's integration components, connectors, runtime control planes, deployment options, and reusable Exchange assets.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Describe the components and benefits of Anypoint Platform for API management: This domain focuses on Anypoint Platform's API management features, lifecycle development, and advantages of API-led connectivity.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Identify the roles, responsibilities, and lifecycle of a integration project: This domain covers integration project lifecycles, common failure points, MuleSoft's API-led delivery model, DevOps practices, and team roles within integration projects.

2026 Salesforce Unparalleled Mule-101: Real Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Integration Foundations Dumps

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Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Integration Foundations Sample Questions (Q26-Q31):

NEW QUESTION # 26

A system administrator needs to determine when permissions were last changed for an Anypoint Platform user.

- A. Mule Stack Traces
- **B. Audit Logging**
- C. Anypoint Monitoring
- D. Anypoint Studio

Answer: B

Explanation:

Audit Logging: This feature in Anypoint Platform provides a searchable history of actions performed within the platform. It is designed specifically for governance and security compliance.

What it tracks: It records "who did what and when." This includes changes to:

User permissions and roles (Access Management).

Environment configurations.

API Manager policies.

Why others are incorrect:

Anypoint Monitoring: Focuses on application performance (CPU, Memory, API analytics), not administrative actions.

Stack Traces: Are used for debugging runtime application errors, not auditing user permissions.

NEW QUESTION # 27

A key CI/CD capability of any enterprise solution is a testing framework to write and run repeatable tests.

- A. Mule Maven Plugin
- **B. MUnit**
- C. Exchange Mocking Service
- D. Anypoint CLI

Answer: B

Explanation:

MUnit: This is the exclusive application testing framework for Mule4. It allows developers to build automated tests for their APIs and integrations.

CI/CD Integration: MUnit is designed to run as part of the continuous integration (CI) pipeline (usually executed via the Mule Maven Plugin during the build phase). If the MUnit tests fail, the build fails, preventing faulty code from deploying to production.

Why others are incorrect:

Exchange Mocking Service: Simulates an API based on RAML for design validation, not for testing the actual implementation logic.

Mule Maven Plugin: The tool that executes the build/deploy, but MUnit is the framework that writes/runs the tests.

NEW QUESTION # 28

An IT integration team followed an API-led connectivity approach to implement an order-fulfillment business process. It created an order processing API that coordinates stateful interactions with a variety of microservices that validate, create, and fulfill new product orders.

- A. Streaming
- **B. Orchestration**

- C. Aggregation
- D. Multicasting

Answer: B

Explanation:

Orchestration: This refers to the logic where a central controller (the Process API) manages the interactions between multiple systems to achieve a business goal.

The Scenario: The API is "coordinating stateful interactions" (e.g., Step 1: Validate Customer -> Step 2: Check Inventory -> Step 3: Debit Payment -> Step 4: Create Shipment). This strictly sequential or logic-driven coordination is the definition of Orchestration.

Why others are incorrect:

Aggregation: Specifically refers to just gathering data from multiple sources (Scatter-Gather) and combining the results, usually without complex state management or sequential logic.

Streaming: Refers to processing data in continuous chunks, not the logic of coordinating services.

NEW QUESTION # 29

According to MuleSoft, which system integration term describes the method, format, and protocol used for communication between two systems? 4

- A. Component
- B. Message
- C. Interface
- D. Interaction

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

The Interface: In system integration and MuleSoft terminology, the Interface is the contract that defines how two systems communicate. It specifies:

Protocol: How data is transmitted (e.g., HTTP, FTP, AMQP).

Format: The structure of the data (e.g., JSON, XML, CSV).

Method: The specific action (e.g., GET, POST).

Why other options are incorrect:

Message: This refers to the actual data payload (the content) being sent, not the rules of communication.

Component: This usually refers to a specific building block within the Mule flow (like a Logger or a Database connector) or a software module, not the communication definition itself.

Interaction: This describes the act of communicating, not the definition of the standard used.

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which Exchange asset type represents configuration modules that extend the functionality of an API and enforce capabilities such as security?

- A. Connectors
- B. REST APIS
- C. Rulesets
- D. Policies

Answer: D

Explanation:

Policies: In Anypoint Platform, a Policy is a configuration module that intercepts requests and responses to enforce specific behaviors, such as security (OAuth, Basic Auth), traffic control (Rate Limiting), or compliance.

Exchange Asset: Policies (both out-of-the-box and custom policies built in XML) are stored as assets in Anypoint Exchange.

Why others are incorrect:

Rulesets: Usually refer to API governance rules (linting RAML).

Connectors: Used to connect to external systems (Salesforce, DB), not to enforce security on the API itself.

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