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CIPM Practice Exam 2024| Questions with Verified Solutions| Grade A+

Privacy Program Components ✓✓1. Mission Statement
2. Vision/Scope (Privacy Models)
3. Framework (Laws, Principles, Management Solutions)
4. Strategy

Privacy Scope: Management Models ✓✓1. Comprehensive: inclusive of all personal data (GDPR)
2. Sectoral: Industry Specific (HIPPA)
3. Self-Regulated: Businesses regulating other businesses
4. Co-Regulatory: Third Party Privacy Agency

Privacy Framework ✓✓WHAT guides the program

Privacy Framework Components ✓✓1. Principles/Standards: BCRs, FIPS, OECD (Trans-border), APEC
2. Laws/Regulations
3. Management Solutions: PBD, NIST

Rationalizing Requirements ✓✓Solution that materially addresses complying to privacy requirements: standard and local process

Privacy Strategy ✓✓WHY privacy matters and enforcement of policies; Approach to communicating/obtaining support for program; EVERYONE has a role in privacy

Data Privacy Officer ✓✓Required under the GDPR where core activities involve processing data; reports to board of directors above controllers/processors

Cross Border Transfers ✓✓Adequacy Decision; No adequacy decision, then safe guards

Safe Guards ✓✓1. BCRs
2. Standard Contract of Conduct
3. Ad Hoc Contracts: SA approval needed
4. Code of Conduct: SA approval needed

Privacy Assessment ✓✓Look at organization's compliance to privacy regulations

Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) ✓✓An assessment that determines the impact on the privacy of the individuals whose data is being stored, and ensures that the organization has sufficient

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IAPP Certified Information Privacy Manager (CIPM) Sample Questions (Q212-Q217):

NEW QUESTION # 212

A minimum requirement for carrying out a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) would include?

- A. Assessment of the necessity and proportionality.
- **B. Processing on a large scale of special categories of data.**
- C. Monitoring of a publicly accessible area on a large scale.
- D. Assessment of security measures.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

Processing on a large scale of special categories of data is a minimum requirement for carrying out a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). A DPIA is a type of Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) that is specifically required by the GDPR when a processing activity is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons. According to Article 35(3)(b) of the GDPR, a DPIA is mandatory when the processing involves a large scale of special categories of data or personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences. Special categories of data are personal data that reveal racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, genetic data, biometric data, health data, sex life or sexual orientation. These types of data are considered more sensitive and require more protection, as they may pose higher risks of discrimination, identity theft, fraud, or other harms to the data subjects.

References:

* CIPM Body of Knowledge (2021), Domain IV: Privacy Program Operational Life Cycle, Section C:

Monitoring and Managing Program Performance Subsection 1: Privacy Impact Assessments

* CIPM Study Guide (2021), Chapter 9: Monitoring and Managing Program Performance Section 9.1:

Privacy Impact Assessments

* CIPM Textbook (2019), Chapter 9: Monitoring and Managing Program Performance Section 9.1:

Privacy Impact Assessments

* CIPM Practice Exam (2021), Question 147

* GDPR Article 35(3)(b) and Article 9

NEW QUESTION # 213

What is the main purpose in notifying data subjects of a data breach?

- A. To enable regulators to understand trends and developments that may shape the law.
- **B. To allow individuals to take any actions required to protect themselves from possible consequences.**
- C. To ensure organizations have accountability for the sufficiency of their security measures.
- D. To avoid financial penalties and legal liability.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Step-by-Step Comprehensive Detailed Explanation with All Information Privacy Manager CIPM Study Guide References Data breach notifications are intended to protect individuals and allow them to take action. Let's analyze the options:

A. To avoid financial penalties and legal liability:

While compliance with breach notification laws can reduce liability, this is not the primary purpose of notifying data subjects.

B. To enable regulators to understand trends and developments that may shape the law:

This describes the purpose of breach reporting to regulators, not notifying data subjects.

C. To ensure organizations have accountability for the sufficiency of their security measures:

This relates to internal accountability and compliance but is not the main reason for notifying data subjects.

D. To allow individuals to take any actions required to protect themselves from possible consequences:

This is the primary purpose of data breach notifications, empowering individuals to mitigate risks like identity theft or financial fraud.

CIPM Study Guide References:

Privacy Program Operational Life Cycle - "Respond" phase includes breach notification as a requirement under various laws (e.g., GDPR, CCPA).

GDPR Article 34 specifies that breach notifications to individuals aim to enable protective actions.

NEW QUESTION # 214

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next QUESTION:

For 15 years, Albert has worked at Treasure Box - a mail order company in the United States (U.S.) that used to sell decorative candles around the world, but has recently decided to limit its shipments to customers in the 48 contiguous states. Despite his years of experience, Albert is often overlooked for managerial positions. His frustration about not being promoted, coupled with his recent interest in issues of privacy protection, have motivated Albert to be an agent of positive change.

He will soon interview for a newly advertised position, and during the interview, Albert plans on making executives aware of lapses in the company's privacy program. He feels certain he will be rewarded with a promotion for preventing negative consequences resulting from the company's outdated policies and procedures.

For example, Albert has learned about the AICPA (American Institute of Certified Public Accountants)/CICA (Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants) Privacy Maturity Model (PMM). Albert thinks the model is a useful way to measure Treasure Box's ability to protect personal data. Albert has noticed that Treasure Box fails to meet the requirements of the highest level of maturity of this model; at his interview, Albert will pledge to assist the company with meeting this level in order to provide customers with the most rigorous security available.

Albert does want to show a positive outlook during his interview. He intends to praise the company's commitment to the security of customer and employee personal data against external threats. However, Albert worries about the high turnover rate within the company, particularly in the area of direct phone marketing.

He sees many unfamiliar faces every day who are hired to do the marketing, and he often hears complaints in the lunch room regarding long hours and low pay, as well as what seems to be flagrant disregard for company procedures.

In addition, Treasure Box has had two recent security incidents. The company has responded to the incidents with internal audits and updates to security safeguards. However, profits still seem to be affected and anecdotal evidence indicates that many people still harbor mistrust. Albert wants to help the company recover.

He knows there is at least one incident the public is unaware of, although Albert does not know the details.

He believes the company's insistence on keeping the incident a secret could be a further detriment to its reputation. One further way that Albert wants to help Treasure Box regain its stature is by creating a toll-free number for customers, as well as a more efficient procedure for responding to customer concerns by postal mail.

In addition to his suggestions for improvement, Albert believes that his knowledge of the company's recent business maneuvers will also impress the interviewers. For example, Albert is aware of the company's intention to acquire a medical supply company in the coming weeks.

With his forward thinking, Albert hopes to convince the managers who will be interviewing him that he is right for the job.

Based on Albert's observations regarding recent security incidents, which of the following should he suggest as a priority for Treasure Box?

- A. Working with the Human Resources department to make screening procedures for potential employees more rigorous.
- B. Appointing an internal ombudsman to address employee complaints regarding hours and pay.
- C. Evaluating the company's ability to handle personal health information if the plan to acquire the medical supply company goes forward
- D. Using a third-party auditor to address privacy protection issues not recognized by the prior internal audits.

Answer: D

Explanation:

This answer is the best suggestion that Albert should make based on his observations regarding recent security incidents, as it can help to ensure that Treasure Box's privacy program and practices are assessed and verified by an independent and objective party who has the necessary expertise, experience and credentials to evaluate the company's compliance with the applicable laws, regulations, standards and best practices for data protection. Using a third-party auditor can also help to identify any gaps, weaknesses or risks that may have been overlooked or missed by the prior internal audits, and to recommend or implement any improvements or corrective actions. A third-party audit can also help to enhance the company's reputation and trust among its customers, partners and stakeholders, as well as demonstrate its commitment and accountability for privacy protection.

NEW QUESTION # 215

Which of the following actions is NOT required during a data privacy diligence process for Merger & Acquisition (M&A) deals?

- A. Update business processes to handle Data Subject Requests (DSRs).

- B. Compare the original use of personal data to post-merger use.
- **C. Perform a privacy readiness assessment before the deal.**
- D. Revise inventory of applications that house personal data and data mapping.

Answer: C

Explanation:

A privacy readiness assessment is not required during a data privacy diligence process for Merger & Acquisition (M&A) deals, as it is usually done before the deal to evaluate the privacy maturity and compliance level of the target organization. The other options are required during the data privacy diligence process to ensure that the personal data of both organizations are handled in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations, as well as the expectations of the data subjects and stakeholders. References: CIPM Body of Knowledge, Domain III: Privacy Program Management Activities, Task 4: Manage data transfers.

NEW QUESTION # 216

When conducting due diligence during an acquisition, what should a privacy professional avoid?

- A. Planning for impacts on the data processing operations post-acquisition.
- B. Benchmarking the two Companies privacy policies against one another.
- C. Discussing with the acquired company the type and scope of their data processing.
- **D. Allowing legal in both companies to handle the privacy laws and compliance.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

When conducting due diligence during an acquisition, a privacy professional should avoid allowing legal in both companies to handle the privacy laws and compliance. This is because privacy is not only a legal issue, but also a business, technical, and operational issue that requires cross-functional collaboration and expertise.

A privacy professional should be involved in the due diligence process to assess the privacy risks and opportunities of the acquisition, such as the type and scope of data processing, the data protection policies and practices, the data transfer mechanisms and agreements, the data breach history and response plans, and the impacts on the data processing operations post-acquisition. A privacy professional should also benchmark the two companies' privacy policies against one another to identify any gaps or inconsistencies that need to be addressed before or after the acquisition, . References: [CIPM - International Association of Privacy Professionals], [Free CIPM Study Guide - International Association of Privacy Professionals]

NEW QUESTION # 217

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