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## Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q10-Q15):

### NEW QUESTION # 10

Your Data Guard configuration consists of these components and settings:

1. A primary database
2. A remote physical standby database
3. Real-time query is enabled
4. Redo transport mode is synchronous
5. Protection mode is maximum availability

6. The Data Guard broker is used

You notice that the standby destination fails to acknowledge reception of redo within net\_timeout period of time. Which is true in this scenario?

- A. Real-time query will be disabled on the physical standby.
- B. The physical standby database instance is shut down by the Data Guard broker.
- C. The protection mode will automatically change to Maximum Performance.
- D. **Synchronous redo transport mode connections to the standby database are terminated.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In a Data Guard configuration where the protection mode is set to Maximum Availability and synchronous redo transport is enabled, if the standby destination fails to acknowledge the reception of redo within the net\_timeout period, the primary database will terminate the synchronous redo transport mode connections to the standby database to protect the primary database from hanging (C). The primary database then operates in a Maximum Performance mode until the issue is resolved. This behavior ensures that the primary database can continue to process transactions even when the standby database is temporarily unavailable.

References: The Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation and Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration guide detail the behavior of different protection modes and the response to network timeouts, including the fallback to asynchronous redo transport to maintain primary database availability.

**NEW QUESTION # 11**

You must configure flashback database for your Oracle 19c databases that will be part of a Data Guard Broker configuration. The databases are all in ARCHIVELOG mode.

You will execute the SQL statement:

ALTER DATABASE FLASHBACK ON;

Which three are true concerning this command?

- A. **It will execute successfully while an Oracle 19c primary database is mounted.**
- B. **It will execute successfully while an Oracle 19c primary database is open.**
- C. If executed successfully on an Oracle 19c primary database, flashback will also be enabled on all physical standby databases that are part of the configuration.
- D. It will execute successfully on an Oracle 19c physical standby database while Real Time Query is active.
- E. **It will execute successfully on an Oracle 19c logical standby database while SQL apply is active.**
- F. If executed successfully on an Oracle 19c primary database, flashback will also be enabled on all logical standby databases that are part of the configuration.

**Answer: A,B,E**

Explanation:

The command ALTER DATABASE FLASHBACK ON; enables the Flashback Database feature, which provides a way to quickly revert an entire Oracle database back to a previous point in time. This command can be executed while an Oracle 19c primary database is either open (option A) or mounted (option B). It is also applicable to an Oracle 19c logical standby database while SQL Apply is active (option E). However, it's important to note that enabling Flashback Database on the primary does not automatically enable it on all associated standby databases, whether they are physical or logical. Each database in a Data Guard configuration must have Flashback Database explicitly enabled if desired. Real Time Query being active on a physical standby does not directly relate to the ability to execute this command on the standby. Reference: The explanation is based on Oracle's concepts for Flashback Technology and Data Guard configurations as detailed in the Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide and the Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration guide.

**NEW QUESTION # 12**

Which TWO statements correctly describe the behavior of Automatic Block Media Recovery in a Data Guard environment, for a corrupt block in the example tablespace encountered by a session logged in as the SH user?

- A. A corrupt block on the primary database is automatically recovered, using a block from a flashback log from a standby database with Real-Time Query enabled.
- B. **A corrupt block on the primary database is automatically recovered, using a block from a flashback log from the primary database.**
- C. A corrupt block on a standby database with Real-Time Query enabled, is automatically recovered, using flashback logs

from the standby database.

- D. A corrupt block on the primary database can be automatically recovered, using a block from a standby database with Real-Time Query enabled.
- E. A corrupt block on a standby database with Real-Time Query enabled, can be automatically recovered, using a block from the primary database.

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:

Automatic Block Media Recovery can be a significant feature for maintaining data integrity within a Data Guard configuration. A corrupt block on the primary database can be automatically recovered, using a block from a standby database with Real-Time Query enabled (A): When a corrupted block is encountered on the primary database, Oracle can automatically replace it with a good block from the standby database where Real-Time Query is enabled, leveraging the standby as a source of good data. A corrupt block on the primary database is automatically recovered, using a block from a flashback log from the primary database (E): If a good block version is available in the flashback logs of the primary database, Automatic Block Media Recovery can use it to recover the corrupted block on the primary.

Reference:

Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide

### NEW QUESTION # 13

Which two are true about managing and monitoring Oracle container databases in a Data Guard environment using the broker?

- A. After a role change, the broker opens all Pluggable databases (pdbs) on the new primary.
- B. If the primary database is a container database, then a physical standby may be a non-container database.
- C. All broker actions execute at the root container for container databases.
- D. If the primary database is not a container database, then a standby may be a container database.
- E. If the primary database is a container database, then a logical standby may be a non-container database.

**Answer: A,C**

Explanation:

In the context of Oracle Data Guard and container databases (CDBs) managed by Data Guard Broker:

\* All broker actions execute at the root container for container databases (D): When using Data Guard Broker to manage a CDB, the actions performed by the broker are executed at the level of the root container. This is because the root container maintains the control and configuration information that applies to the entire CDB, including all of its pluggable databases (PDBs).

\* After a role change, the broker opens all Pluggable databases (PDBs) on the new primary (E):

Following a role transition such as a switchover or a failover, Data Guard Broker ensures that all PDBs within the CDB of the new primary database are opened, which is essential to resume operations of the PDBs without manual intervention. References:

\* Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation

\* Oracle Multitenant Administrator's Guide

### NEW QUESTION # 14

Your Data Guard environment has one physical standby database using Real-Time Query. Two sequences have been created by these SQL statements:

```
create sequence a global;
create sequence b session;
```

Neither sequence has been used since being created.

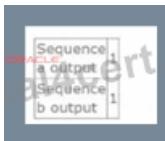
Session 1 connects to the primary database instance and issues these two SQL statements:

SELECT a.nextval FROM DUAL; SELECT b.nextval FROM DUAL;

Then session 2 connects to the physical standby database instance and issues the same SQL statements. Which output will be seen for session 2?

Then session 2 connects to the physical standby database instance and issues the same SQL statements. Which output will be seen for session 2?

A)



B)

Sequence  
a output  
Sequence  
b output

C)

Sequence  
a output  
Sequence  
b output

ORACLE  
Sequence  
a output 21  
Sequence  
b output 21

- A. Option D
- B. Option C
- C. Option A
- D. Option B

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In Oracle, a sequence created with the GLOBAL keyword is available and can produce values across all sessions and instances. However, a sequence created with the SESSION keyword is only specific to the session it was created in. When the NEXTVAL is called for a sequence, it will increment according to the sequence's properties set during its creation.

Given the sequence creation statements and the actions performed:

The a sequence is global, which means it is available across the entire database, including the standby database with Real-Time Query enabled. So, when session 2 calls a.nextval, it will get the next value in the sequence, which is 21 since session 1 already retrieved 1.

The b sequence is session-specific, so when session 2 calls b.nextval, it will get the value 1 because for this new session on the standby, this is the first time the sequence is being accessed.

Therefore, the output for session 2 will be a output as 21 and b output as 1, which corresponds to Option C.

## NEW QUESTION # 15

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