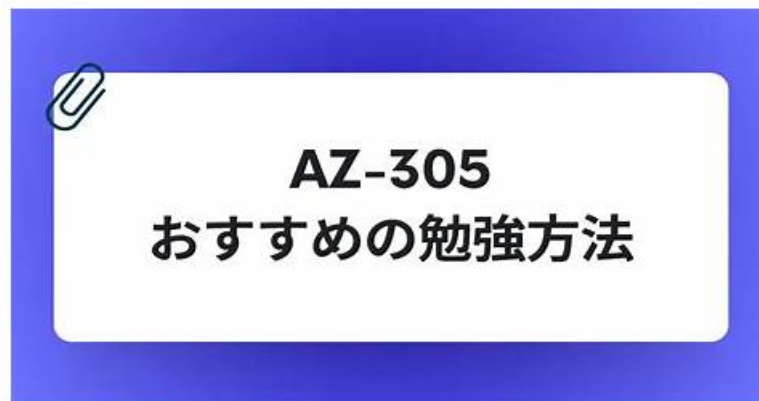


実際的な-権威のあるAZ-800勉強時間試験-試験の準備方法AZ-800合格資料



P.S.CertJukenがGoogle Driveで共有している無料の2026 Microsoft AZ-800ダンプ: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1sdQRDFdpX4YA-iz94BsXvUAa1x24YroK>

さまざまな年齢層の研究条件に基づくさまざまな種類のアンケートによると、当社のAZ-800テスト準備はこれらの研究グループ向けに完全に設計されており、AZ-800試験の準備時の能力と効率を向上させ、目標とするAZ-800証明書が正常に作成されました。AZ-800の質問トレントには多くの利点がありますので、ご紹介します。MicrosoftのAZ-800試験に合格することができます。

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>> AZ-800勉強時間 <<

AZ-800合格資料、AZ-800資格復習テキスト

AZ-800試験クイズを購入する前に、より快適な体験をお約束するために、CertJuken体験版サービスを提供しています。AZ-800学習教材の購入を決定したら、終日サービスも提供します。ご質問がある場合は、当社Microsoftのスペシャリストにお問い合わせください。思いやりのあるサービスを提供します。また、AZ-800トレーニングガイドでAZ-800試験に合格することをお勧めします。信頼できるサービスにより、当社のAZ-800のAdministering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure学習教材は決して失望させません。

Microsoft Administering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure 認定 AZ-800 試験問題 (Q244-Q249):

質問 # 244

You have an Azure subscription named sub1 and 500 on-premises virtual machines that run Windows Server.

You plan to onboard the on-premises virtual machines to Azure Arc by running the Azure Arc deployment script You need to create an identity that will be used by the script to authenticate access to sub1. The solution must use the principle of least privilege.

How should you complete the command? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

正解:

解説:



Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-arc/servers/onboard-service-principal>

質問 # 245

SIMULATION

Task 12

You need to create a Group Policy Object (GPO) named GPO1 that only applies to a group named MemberServers.

正解:

解説:

See the solution of this Task below

Explanation:

To create a GPO named GPO1 that only applies to a group named MemberServers, you can follow these steps:

On a domain controller or a computer that has the Remote Server Administration Tools (RSAT) installed, open Group Policy Management from the Administrative Tools menu or by typing `gpmc.msc` in the Run box.

In the left pane, expand your domain and right-click on Group Policy Objects. Select New to create a new GPO.

In the New GPO dialog box, enter GPO1 as the Name of the new GPO and click OK. You can also optionally select a source GPO to copy the settings from.

Right-click on the new GPO and select Edit to open the Group Policy Management Editor. Here, you can configure the settings that you want to apply to the group under the Computer Configuration and User Configuration nodes. For more information on how to edit a GPO, see Edit a Group Policy Object.

Close the Group Policy Management Editor and return to the Group Policy Management console. Right-click on the new GPO and select Scope. Here, you can specify the scope of management for the GPO, such as the links, security filtering, and WMI filtering. Under the Security Filtering section, click on Authenticated Users and then click on Remove. This will remove the default permission granted to all authenticated users and computers to apply the GPO.

Click on Add and then type the name of the group that you want to apply the GPO to, such as MemberServers. Click OK to add the group to the security filter. You can also click on Advanced to browse the list of groups available in the domain.

Optionally, you can also configure the WMI Filtering section to further filter the GPO based on the Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) queries. For more information on how to use WMI filtering, see Filter the scope of a GPO by using WMI filters.

To link the GPO to an organizational unit (OU) or a domain, right-click on the OU or the domain in the left pane and select Link an Existing GPO. Select the GPO that you created, such as GPO1, and click OK. You can also change the order of preference by using the Move Up and Move Down buttons.

Wait for the changes to replicate to other domain controllers. You can also force the update of the GPO by using the `gpupdate /force` command on the domain controller or the client computers. For more information on how to update a GPO, see Update a Group Policy Object.

Now, you have created a GPO named GPO1 that only applies to a group named MemberServers. You can verify the GPO application by using the `gpresult /r` command on a member server and checking the Applied Group Policy Objects entry. You can also use the Group Policy Results wizard in the Group Policy Management console to generate a report of the GPO application for a specific computer or user. For more information on how to use the Group Policy Results wizard, see Use the Group Policy Results Wizard.

質問 # 246

You need to implement the planned changes for the Azure DNS Private Resolver.

Which private DNS zones can you use for name resolution?

- A. Zone1.com and Zone2.com only
- B. Zone1.com only
- C. Zone2.com only
- D. Zone2.com and Zone3.com only
- E. Zone1.com, Zone2.com, and Zone3.com

正解: A

解説:

According to the Administering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure (AZ-800) exam study materials, Azure DNS Private Resolver allows bidirectional name resolution between on-premises environments and Azure private DNS zones. The Private DNS Resolver consists of inbound endpoints (to resolve queries from on-premises to Azure) and outbound endpoints (to resolve queries from Azure to on-premises DNS servers). For name resolution to work, private DNS zones must be linked to the virtual network associated with the resolver's hub network.

In this scenario, the planned configuration specifies:

- * A Private DNS Resolver named Private1 created in the West US region and linked to VNet1.

- * An inbound endpoint in SubnetB.

- * The requirement is to identify which private DNS zones will be available for name resolution through this resolver.

From the details given, only Zone1.com and Zone2.com are linked to VNet1, allowing them to participate in name resolution using the resolver. Zone3.com is not linked to VNet1 (either unlinked or linked to another virtual network), and therefore it cannot be resolved through the DNS Resolver in VNet1.

As emphasized in Microsoft's hybrid infrastructure documentation:

"Private DNS zones must be linked to the same virtual network that contains the Private DNS Resolver or to peered virtual networks for name resolution to succeed." Hence, only Zone1.com and Zone2.com are available for name resolution through the Private DNS Resolver.

Correct answer: C. Zone1.com and Zone2.com only

質問 # 247

Your network contains two Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) forests named contoso.com and fabrikam.com. Contoso.com contains three child domains named amer.contoso.com, apac.contoso.com, and emea.contoso.com. Fabrikam.com contains a child domain named apac.fabrikam.com. A bidirectional forest trust exists between contoso.com and fabrikam.com. You need to provide users in the contoso.com forest with access to the resources in the fabrikam.com forest. The solution must meet the following requirements:

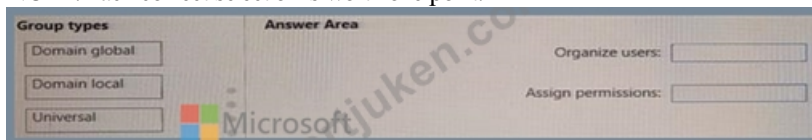
- * Users in contoso.com must only be added directly to groups in the contoso.com forest.

- * Permissions to access the resources in fabrikam.com must only be granted directly to groups in the fabrikam.com forest.

- * The number of groups must be minimized.

Which type of groups should you use to organize the users and to assign permissions? To answer, drag the appropriate group types to the correct requirements. Each group type may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



正解:

解説:

質問 # 248

You need to configure network communication between the Seattle and New York offices. The solution must meet the networking requirements.

What should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

On a Virtual WAN hub:

An ExpressRoute gateway
A virtual network gateway
An ExpressRoute circuit connection

In the offices:

An ExpressRoute circuit connection
A Site to-Site VPN
An Azure application gateway
An on premises data gateway

正解:

解説:

On a Virtual WAN hub:	<table border="1"><tbody><tr><td>An ExpressRoute gateway</td></tr><tr><td>A virtual network gateway</td></tr><tr><td>An ExpressRoute circuit connection</td></tr></tbody></table>	An ExpressRoute gateway	A virtual network gateway	An ExpressRoute circuit connection	
An ExpressRoute gateway					
A virtual network gateway					
An ExpressRoute circuit connection					
In the offices:	<table border="1"><tbody><tr><td>An ExpressRoute circuit connection</td></tr><tr><td>A Site to-Site VPN</td></tr><tr><td>An Azure application gateway</td></tr><tr><td>An on premises data gateway</td></tr></tbody></table>	An ExpressRoute circuit connection	A Site to-Site VPN	An Azure application gateway	An on premises data gateway
An ExpressRoute circuit connection					
A Site to-Site VPN					
An Azure application gateway					
An on premises data gateway					

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-expressroute-portal>

質問 # 249

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全てのIT職員はMicrosoftのAZ-800試験をよく知っています。これは一般的に認められている最高級の認証で、あなたのキャリアにヘルプを与えられます。あなたはその認証を持っているのですか。MicrosoftのAZ-800試験は非常に難しい試験ですが、CertJukenのMicrosoftのAZ-800試験トレーニング資料を手に入れたら大丈夫です。試験が難しいと感じるのは良い方法を選択しないからです。CertJukenを選んだら、成功の手を握ることができるようになります。

AZ-800合格資料: <https://www.certjuken.com/AZ-800-exam.html>

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- AZ-800資格講座 □ AZ-800資格勉強 □ AZ-800参考資料 □ [www.goshiken.com]にて限定無料の▶ AZ-800◀問題集をダウンロードせよAZ-800専門トレーニング

