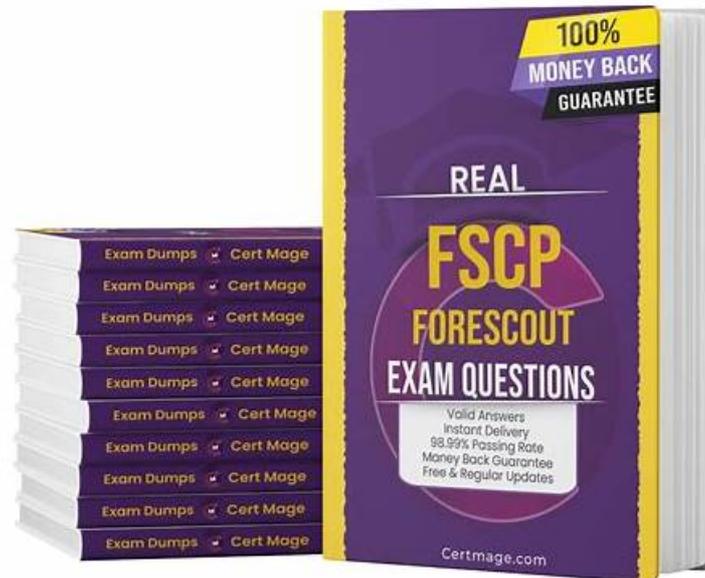


# FSCP Latest Test Cram | FSCP Valid Exam Practice



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## Forescout FSCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advanced Product Topics Certificates and Identity Tracking: This section of the exam measures skills of identity and access control specialists and security engineers, and covers the management of digital certificates, PKI integration, identity tracking mechanisms, and how those support enforcement and audit capability within the system.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>General Review of FSCA Topics: This section of the exam measures skills of network security engineers and system administrators, and covers a broad refresh of foundational platform concepts, including architecture, asset identification, and initial deployment considerations. It ensures you are fluent in relevant baseline topics before moving into more advanced areas.]. Policy Best Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of security policy architects and operational administrators, and covers how to design and enforce robust policies effectively, emphasizing maintainability, clarity, and alignment with organizational goals rather than just technical configuration.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advanced Product Topics Licenses, Extended Modules and Redundancy: This section of the exam measures skills of product deployment leads and solution engineers, and covers topics such as licensing models, optional modules or extensions, high availability or redundancy configurations, and how those affect architecture and operational readiness.</li> </ul>

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plugin Tuning Switch: This section of the exam measures skills of network switch engineers and NAC (network access control) specialists, and covers tuning switch related plugins such as switch port monitoring, layer 2</li> <li>• 3 integration, ACL or VLAN assignments via network infrastructure and maintaining visibility and control through those network assets.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plugin Tuning User Directory: This section of the exam measures skills of directory services integrators and identity engineers, and covers tuning plugins that integrate with user directories: configuration, mapping of directory attributes to platform policies, performance considerations, and security implications.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Customized Policy Examples: This section of the exam measures skills of security architects and solution delivery engineers, and covers scenario based policy design and implementation: you will need to understand business case requirements, craft tailored policy frameworks, adjust for exceptional devices or workflows, and document or validate those customizations in context.</li> </ul>
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plugin Tuning HPS: This section of the exam measures skills of plugin developers and endpoint integration engineers, and covers tuning the Host Property Scanner (HPS) plugin: how to profile endpoints, refine scanning logic, handle exceptions, and ensure accurate host attribute collection for enforcement.</li> </ul>

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### Forescout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q47-Q52):

#### NEW QUESTION # 47

Which of the following is a User Directory feature?

- A. Dashboard
- **B. Guest authentication**
- C. Query Switches
- D. Radius authorization
- E. Assets portal

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

Guest authentication is a User Directory feature. According to the Forescout Authentication Module Overview Guide and the User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide, the User Directory Plugin enables guest authentication and management through configured directory servers.

User Directory Plugin Features:

The User Directory Plugin (version 6.4+) provides the following core features:

- \* Endpoint User Resolution - Resolves endpoint user details by querying directory servers
  - \* User Authentication - Performs user authentication via configured internal and external directory servers (Active Directory, LDAP, etc.)
  - \* Guest Authentication - Enables authentication and registration of guest users on the network
  - \* Guest Sponsorship - Allows corporate employee sponsors to approve guest network access
  - \* Guest Management Portal - Provides functionality for managing guest hosts and guest portal access
  - \* Directory Server Integration - Integrates with enterprise directory servers for credential validation
- Guest Management Capabilities:

The User Directory Plugin specifically enables:

- \* Guest user registration and authentication
- \* Guest approval workflows through sponsor groups
- \* Guest session management
- \* Guest password policies
- \* Guest tag management for categorization

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* B. Dashboard - This is a general console feature, not specific to the User Directory plugin
- \* C. Radius authorization - This is the function of the RADIUS plugin, not the User Directory plugin (though they work together in the Authentication Module)
- \* D. Query Switches - This is a function of the Switch plugin, not the User Directory plugin
- \* E. Assets portal - This is a general Forescout platform feature, not specific to the User Directory plugin Authentication Module

Structure:

According to the documentation, the Authentication Module consists of two plugins:

- \* RADIUS Plugin - Handles 802.1X authentication, authorization, and accounting
- \* User Directory Plugin - Handles user resolution, authentication, and guest management These work together but have distinct responsibilities. The User Directory Plugin specifically handles guest authentication among its feature set.

Referenced Documentation:

- \* Forescout Authentication Module Overview Guide Version 1.1
- \* About the User Directory Plugin documentation
- \* User Directory Plugin Server and Guest Management Configuration Guide

## NEW QUESTION # 48

Why would the patch delivery optimization mechanism used for Windows 10 updates be a potential security concern?

- A. It uses a peer-to-peer file sharing protocol by default
- B. The registry DWORD controlling this behavior cannot be changed
- **C. It can be configured to use a peer-to-peer file sharing protocol**
- D. It always uses a peer-to-peer file sharing protocol
- E. CounterACT cannot initiate Windows updates for Windows 10 devices

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Windows Update Delivery Optimization documentation and security analysis, the potential security concern with patch delivery optimization for Windows 10 updates is that it CAN BE CONFIGURED to use a peer-to-peer file sharing protocol. While the feature includes security mechanisms like cryptographic signing, the capability to enable P2P sharing does create potential security concerns depending on the configuration.

Windows Update Delivery Optimization Overview:

According to the Windows Delivery Optimization documentation:

"Windows Update Delivery Optimization is a feature in Microsoft's Windows designed to improve the efficiency of downloading and distributing updates. Instead of each device independently downloading updates from Microsoft's servers, Update Delivery Optimization allows devices to share update files with each other, either within a local network or over the internet. This peer-to-peer (p2p) approach reduces bandwidth consumption and accelerates the update process." Configuration Flexibility:

According to the documentation:

The P2P feature is configurable, not mandated:

- \* Default Setting - By default, Delivery Optimization is enabled for local network sharing
- \* Configurable Options:
  - \* PCs on my local network only (safer)
  - \* PCs on my local network and the internet (broader sharing, higher risk)
  - \* Disabled entirely

Security Concerns Related to P2P Configuration:

According to the security analysis:

When P2P is enabled, potential concerns include:

- \* Network Isolation Risks - In firewalled or segmented networks, P2P discovery can expose endpoints
- \* Bandwidth Consumption - Improperly configured P2P can saturate network resources
- \* Peer Discovery Vulnerabilities - Devices must discover each other, potentially exposing endpoints
- \* Internet-based Sharing Risks - When "internet peers" are enabled, updates are shared across the internet
- \* Privacy Implications - Devices communicating for update sharing may leak information Cryptographic Protection Does NOT

Eliminate Configuration Risk:

According to the documentation:

"While Update Delivery Optimization ensures that all update files are cryptographically signed and verified before installation, some organizations may still be concerned about allowing peer-to-peer data sharing." While the updates themselves are protected, the act of enabling P2P configuration creates the security concern.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

\* B. CounterACT cannot initiate Windows updates for Windows 10 - Incorrect; CounterACT can initiate Windows updates; this is not the security concern

\* C. It uses peer-to-peer by default - Incorrect; while enabled by default for local networks, internet P2P sharing requires explicit configuration

\* D. The registry DWORD cannot be changed - Incorrect; the DO modes registry value (DODownloadMode) CAN be changed via GPO or registry

\* E. It always uses peer-to-peer - Incorrect; P2P is configurable, not mandatory; organizations can disable it entirely Registry

DWORD Configuration Options:

According to the Windows documentation:

The DODownloadMode DWORD value can be configured to:

\* 0 = HTTP only, no peering (addresses security concern)

\* 1 = HTTP blended with local peering (moderate risk)

\* 3 = HTTP blended with internet peering (higher risk - the security concern)

\* 99 = Simple download mode

This demonstrates that P2P can be configured, which is the security concern mentioned in the question.

Referenced Documentation:

\* What is Windows Update Delivery Optimization - Scalefusion Blog

\* Windows Delivery Optimization: Risks & Challenges - LinkedIn Article

\* Introduction to Windows Update Delivery Optimization - Sygnia Analysis

## NEW QUESTION # 49

Which type of signed SSL Certificate file formats are compatible with CounterACT?

- A. .cer, .crt
- B. .X.509, x.507
- C. .Pfx/.p12, .Pfx/.p7
- D. .Pckcs#7, .pckcs#12
- E. .p7b, .pem

**Answer: E**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout CLI Reference - Generating CSRs and Importing Signed Certificates documentation, the SSL certificate file formats compatible with CounterACT are ".p7b" and ".pem".

Supported Certificate Formats:

According to the CLI Reference documentation:

"To import a certificate from DER or P7B formatted files, convert it to PEM file format. Then convert the PEM files to a single PFX file as described above." This indicates that:

\* P7B format - Supported (PKCS#7 container format)

\* PEM format - Supported and widely used (ASCII-encoded format)

Certificate Format Conversion Process:

According to the documentation:

The standard import process is:

text

Original Format # Conversion # PEM Format # PFX Format # Import to CounterACT

## DER files # Convert # PEM

## P7B files # Convert # PEM

## PEM files # Direct use or convert to PFX

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

\* A. .Pfx/.p12, .Pfx/.p7 - Pfx is the final format used, not input; p7 is not a standard format

\* C. .X.509, x.507 - X.509 is a standard (not a format); x.507 is not valid

\* D. .Pckcs#7, .pckcs#12 - Spelling is "PKCS," not "Pckcs"; these are standards, not file formats

\* E. .cer, .crt - These are certificate formats but not listed as directly compatible in the documentation Certificate Import Workflow:

According to the documentation:

Compatible workflow formats:

\* Input Formats (that need conversion):

\* DER files # Convert to PEM

\* P7B files # Convert to PEM

\* CER files # Convert to PEM

\* Intermediate Format:

\* PEM (ASCII-encoded, universally compatible)

\* Final Format:

\* PFX (used for CounterACT import)

Referenced Documentation:

\* Generating CSRs and Importing Signed Certificates - CLI Reference

\* Import and Configure System Certificates

### NEW QUESTION # 50

Which of the following must be configured in the User Directory plugin to allow active directory credentials to authenticate console logins?

- A. Target Group Resolution
- B. Include Parent groups
- C. Use as directory
- **D. Use for console login**
- E. Authentication

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide, to allow Active Directory credentials to authenticate console logins, the "Use for console login" option must be configured.

Three Key Checkboxes in User Directory Configuration:

According to the User Directory plugin documentation:

When configuring a User Directory server (such as Active Directory), three important checkboxes are available:

\* Use as directory - Allows LDAP queries for user information

\* Use for authentication - Allows user authentication via AD credentials

\* Use for console login - Allows AD credentials to authenticate console logins

"Use for console login" Purpose:

According to the documentation:

"When checked, this option enables Forescout Console administrators to log in using their Active Directory (or other configured directory server) credentials." This checkbox specifically enables:

\* Administrators to use their Active Directory usernames and passwords

\* Console authentication via the configured directory server

\* Elimination of the need for separate Forescout Console accounts

Separate Functions of Each Checkbox:

According to the configuration guide:

Checkbox

Purpose

Use as directory

LDAP queries for user properties and group membership

Use for authentication

802.1X, RADIUS, and other authentication protocols

Use for console login

Console login authentication for Forescout administrators

Each serves a distinct purpose and must be configured independently.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

\* A. Include Parent groups - This relates to group hierarchy, not console login authentication

\* B. Authentication - This is the protocol/method name, not a specific configuration checkbox

\* C. Use as directory - This enables LDAP queries for user information, not console login authentication

\* D. Target Group Resolution - This is not a standard configuration option for User Directory plugins Console Login Workflow with Active Directory.

According to the documentation:

When "Use for console login" is enabled:

- \* Administrator enters username and password at Forescout Console login screen
- \* Credentials are sent to the configured Active Directory server
- \* Active Directory validates the credentials
- \* If valid, administrator is granted console access
- \* No separate Forescout password needed

Referenced Documentation:

- \* User Directory Plugin - Name and Type Step configuration
- \* User Directory readiness section
- \* User Directory server configuration documentation

### NEW QUESTION # 51

Which of the following User Directory server settings is necessary to enable guest approval by sponsors?

- A. Guest Tags
- B. Policy to control
- C. Guest password policy
- **D. Sponsor Group**
- E. Authentication Server

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

The Sponsor Group is the necessary User Directory server setting required to enable guest approval by sponsors. According to the Forescout User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide and Guest Management Portal documentation, Sponsor Groups must be created and configured to define the corporate employees (sponsors) who are authorized to approve or decline guest network access requests.

Sponsor Group Configuration:

In the Guest Management pane, the Sponsors tab is used to define the corporate employees who are authorized to log into the Guest Management Portal to approve network access requests from guests. These employees are assigned to specific Sponsor Groups, which control which sponsors can approve guest access requests.

How Sponsor Groups Enable Guest Approval:

- \* Sponsor Definition - Corporate employees must be designated as sponsors and assigned to a Sponsor Group
  - \* Approval Authority - Sponsors in assigned groups can approve or decline guest network access requests
  - \* Authentication - When "Enable sponsor approval without authentication via emailed link" is selected, sponsors in the designated group can approve guests based on email link authorization
  - \* Guest Registration - Guest registration options connect Sponsor Groups to the guest approval workflow
- Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* A. Policy to control - While policies are used for guest control, they do not define which sponsors can approve guests
- \* B. Guest Tags - Guest Tags are used to classify and organize guest accounts, not to enable sponsor approval
- \* D. Guest password policy - This setting controls password requirements for guests, not sponsor approval authority
- \* E. Authentication Server - Authentication servers verify credentials but do not establish sponsor approval groups

Referenced

- \* Documentation: Forescout User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide - Create Sponsors section
- \* Guest Management Portal - Sponsor Configuration documentation
- \* "Create sponsors" - Forescout Administration Guide section

### NEW QUESTION # 52

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