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Palo Alto Networks NetSec-Pro Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---------|--|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• NGFW and SASE Solution Functionality: This part assesses the knowledge of firewall administrators and network architects on the functions of various Palo Alto Networks firewalls including Cloud NGFWs, PA-Series, CN-Series, and VM-Series. It covers perimeter and core security, zone security and segmentation, high availability, security and NAT policy implementation, as well as monitoring and logging. Additionally, it includes the functionality of Prisma SD-WAN with WAN optimization, path and NAT policies, zone-based firewall, and monitoring, plus Prisma Access features such as remote user and network configuration, application access, policy enforcement, and logging. It also evaluates options for managing Strata and SASE solutions through Panorama and Strata Cloud Manager. |
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| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Platform Solutions, Services, and Tools: This section measures the expertise of security engineers and platform administrators in Palo Alto Networks NGFW and Prisma SASE products. It involves creating security and NAT policies, configuring Cloud-Delivered Security Services (CDSS) such as security profiles, User-ID and App-ID, decryption, and monitoring. It also covers the application of CDSS for IoT security, Enterprise Data Loss Prevention, SaaS Security, SD-WAN, GlobalProtect, Advanced WildFire, Threat Prevention, URL Filtering, and DNS security. Furthermore, it includes aligning AIOps with best practices through administration, dashboards, and Best Practice Assessments. |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Infrastructure Management and CDSS: This section tests the abilities of security operations specialists and infrastructure managers in maintaining and configuring Cloud-Delivered Security Services (CDSS) including security policies, profiles, and updates. It includes managing IoT security with device IDs and monitoring, as well as Enterprise Data Loss Prevention and SaaS Security focusing on data encryption, access control, and logging. It also covers maintenance and configuration of Strata Cloud Manager and Panorama for network security environments including supported products, device addition, reporting, and configuration management. |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Network Security Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures skills of network security engineers and covers key concepts such as application layer inspection for Strata and SASE products, differentiating between slow and fast path packet inspection, and the use of decryption methods including SSL Forward Proxy, SSL Inbound Inspection, SSH Proxy, and scenarios where no decryption is applied. It also includes applying network hardening techniques like Content-ID, Zero Trust principles, User-ID (including Cloud Identity Engine), Device-ID, and network zoning to enhance security on Strata and SASE platforms. |

Palo Alto Networks Network Security Professional Sample Questions (Q31-Q36):

NEW QUESTION # 31

During a security incident investigation, which Security profile will have logs of attempted confidential data exfiltration?

- A. Vulnerability Protection Profile
- B. File Blocking Profile
- C. WildFire Analysis Profile
- D. Enterprise DLP Profile

Answer: D

Explanation:

Enterprise DLP Profile is specifically designed to detect and log data exfiltration attempts, including those involving confidential or sensitive data.

"Enterprise DLP logs capture incidents involving potential data exfiltration. They help identify sensitive data transfers, even in seemingly legitimate traffic." (Source: Enterprise DLP Logging and Alerts) File Blocking and Vulnerability Protection handle files or exploit detection, while WildFire focuses on malware analysis-not direct data exfiltration.

NEW QUESTION # 32

Which two prerequisites must be evaluated when decrypting internet-bound traffic? (Choose two.)

- A. Certificate pinning
- B. SAML certificate
- C. Incomplete certificate chains
- D. RADIUS profile

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

When implementing SSL Forward Proxy decryption for outbound traffic, two key challenges that must be evaluated are:

* Incomplete certificate chains: This occurs when the firewall cannot validate the entire certificate chain for a site, which may cause decryption failures.

* Certificate pinning: Applications like banking apps may use certificate pinning to prevent MITM (man-in-the-middle) attacks, and these applications will break if SSL Forward Proxy is used.

"When decrypting outbound SSL traffic, you must consider incomplete certificate chains, which can cause decryption to fail if the firewall cannot validate the entire chain. Also, be aware of certificate pinning in applications that prevents decryption by rejecting forged certificates." (Source: Palo Alto Networks Decryption Concepts)

NEW QUESTION # 33

What occurs when a security profile group named "default" is created on an NGFW?

- **A. It is automatically applied to all new security rules.**
- B. It negates all existing security profiles rules on new policy.
- C. It allows traffic to bypass all security checks by default.
- D. It only applies to traffic that has been dropped due to the reset client action.

Answer: A

Explanation:

A security profile group named "default" is automatically applied to all new security rules unless a specific profile group is explicitly configured.

"If a security profile group named 'default' exists, it will be automatically applied to any newly created security policy rules to ensure consistent protection." (Source: Security Profile Groups) This behavior ensures that newly created policies are always protected by default security profiles, minimizing human error.

NEW QUESTION # 34

A network security engineer wants to forward Strata Logging Service data to tools used by the Security Operations Center (SOC) for further investigation. In which best practice step of Palo Alto Networks Zero Trust does this fit?

- **A. Report and Maintenance**
- B. Implementation
- C. Standards and Designs
- D. Map and Verify Transactions

Answer: A

Explanation:

The "Report and Maintenance" step of the Zero Trust model emphasizes ongoing monitoring, analysis, and reporting to ensure the environment remains secure over time.

"The Report and Maintenance phase includes continuous monitoring, log forwarding, and sharing of security telemetry to third-party tools to maintain and validate Zero Trust implementation." (Source: Zero Trust Best Practices) By forwarding logs to SOC tools, the engineer ensures comprehensive visibility and proactive threat hunting.

NEW QUESTION # 35

How many places will a firewall administrator need to create and configure a custom data loss prevention (DLP) profile across Prisma Access and the NGFW?

- **A. One**
- B. Three
- C. Two
- D. Four

Answer: A

Explanation:

Palo Alto Networks' Enterprise DLP uses a centralized DLP profile that can be applied consistently across both Prisma Access and NGFWs using Strata Cloud Manager (SCM). This eliminates the need for duplicating efforts across multiple locations.

"Enterprise DLP profiles are created and managed centrally through the Cloud Management Interface and can be used seamlessly across NGFW and Prisma Access deployments." (Source: Enterprise DLP Overview)

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