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Actual and updated GH-900 questions are essential for individuals who want to clear the GitHub Foundations (GH-900) examination in a short time. At Real4test, we understand that the learning style of every GH-900 exam applicant is different. That's why we offer three formats of Microsoft GH-900 Dumps. With our actual and updated GH-900 questions, you can achieve success in the GitHub Foundations (GH-900) exam and accelerate your career on the first attempt.

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Microsoft GH-900 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Project Management: This section is designed for Project Coordinators and Product Managers and focuses on using GitHub Projects for project management. Candidates learn to create and manage GitHub Projects, utilize project boards for organizing tasks, and integrate project workflows with issues and pull requests to maintain project visibility and progress.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Collaboration Features: This section measures skills of Software Engineers and Team Leads and covers collaborative workflows using GitHub. It includes forking repositories, creating and managing pull requests, reviewing and merging code changes, and using GitHub Actions to support CI• CD pipelines. Candidates also explore project management features such as creating and managing issues, using labels, milestones, and project boards, and tracking progress through GitHub Projects.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Benefits of the GitHub Community: This section targets Community Managers and Open Source Contributors, focusing on engaging with the GitHub community. Candidates learn to participate in open source projects, utilize GitHub Discussions for collaboration and support, and contribute meaningfully to community-driven projects.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Working with GitHub Repositories: This domain targets Repository Administrators and Content Managers, focusing on managing repository settings and permissions. Candidates learn to configure repositories, use templates, and effectively manage files by adding, editing, and deleting. The domain also addresses versioning of files and the use of GitHub Desktop for streamlined file management tasks within repositories.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Modern Development: This domain assesses abilities of DevOps Engineers and Continuous Integration Specialists in implementing modern development practices. It emphasizes understanding DevOps principles and leveraging GitHub Actions for automation and CI • CD pipeline implementation. Candidates also learn GitHub's tools and best practices for conducting and managing code reviews.

Microsoft GitHub Foundations Sample Questions (Q121-Q126):

NEW QUESTION # 121

What folder is the definition files stored in when creating custom issue forms?

- A. .GitHub
- B. .issues/ISSUE_TEMPLATE
- C. .issues
- D. .github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE

Answer: D

Explanation:

When creating custom issue forms on GitHub, the definition files are stored in the .github /ISSUE_TEMPLATE folder. This directory is used to define issue templates and forms that help standardize the information collected when users open new issues in the repository. The .github folder is a special directory used for various repository configurations and workflows.

NEW QUESTION # 122

If there are multiple README files, which of the following locations will be displayed first?

- A. docs
- B. Root
- C. .github
- D. src

Answer: B

Explanation:

When multiple README files exist in different locations within a GitHub repository, the README.md file located in the root directory of the repository will be displayed first by default.

This file serves as the main documentation for the repository and is automatically rendered on the repository's home page.

Root Directory:

Option C is correct because the README.md file in the root directory is prioritized and displayed first on GitHub. This is the standard behavior for how GitHub presents documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 123

What are some scenarios that can automatically subscribe you to conversations on GitHub?

(Choose three.)

- A. Pushing a commit to the default branch
- B. Opening a pull request or issue
- C. Commenting on a thread
- D. Being assigned to an issue or pull request
- E. Being added as a repo admin

Answer: B,C,D

Explanation:

On GitHub, certain actions automatically subscribe you to conversations so that you receive notifications about further activity in that thread.

Opening a Pull Request or Issue:

Option C is correct because when you open a pull request or issue, you are automatically subscribed to the conversation and will receive notifications for any updates.

Commenting on a Thread:

Option D is correct because commenting on an issue or pull request automatically subscribes you to that thread, ensuring you are notified of further comments or changes.

Being Assigned to an Issue or Pull Request:

Option E is correct because when you are assigned to an issue or pull request, you are automatically subscribed to notifications related to it.

NEW QUESTION # 124

Which of the following best describes cloning a repository?

- A. It creates a copy of the repository on your local machine.
- B. It imports your source code into a new repository.
- C. It retrieves code updates from the remote repository.
- D. It creates a copy of the repository on GitHub.com.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Cloning a repository in GitHub refers to creating a copy of the repository on your local machine . This allows you to work on the project offline, make changes, and later push those changes back to the remote repository.

It does not involve creating a copy on GitHub.com (which would be forking), retrieving updates (which would be pulling), or importing source code into a new repository (which is done differently).

NEW QUESTION # 125

Where should a repository admin navigate to view pre-built visualizations from repository data?

- A. Settings
- B. Issues
- C. Charts
- D. Insights

Answer: D

Explanation:

GitHub provides repository admins with a feature called " Insights " where they can view various pre-built visualizations and analytics related to the repository.

* Insights:

* Option C is correct because the " Insights " tab in a GitHub repository offers various pre-built visualizations, including contributions, traffic, code frequency, dependency graphs, and more.

This helps admins and maintainers track the project ' s activity and health.

* Other Options:

* Option A (Settings) is incorrect because the Settings tab is where you configure repository settings, permissions, and integrations, but it does not provide visualizations of repository data.

* Option B (Issues) is incorrect because the Issues tab is used for tracking bugs, enhancements, and other tasks but does not provide data visualizations.

