

Exam XSOAR-Engineer Guide - XSOAR-Engineer Valid Exam Duration

Palo Alto Cortex XSOAR Exam 2022 with complete solution

Which role is associated with responsibility for backups and disaster-recovery configuration?

- A. SOAR engineer
- B. IT administrator
- C. SOC/CERT analyst
- D. SOC/CERT manager Answer- B

What are the three key feature sets of the Cortex XSOAR platform? (Choose three.)

- A. collaboration environment
- B. workflow automation
- C. security ticketing
- D. integrated development environment Answer- ABC

Which element of the Cortex XSOAR solution architecture supports the isolation of the development of new integrations, automations, and playbooks?

- A. Dev-prod
- B. Hybrid cloud
- C. Cortex XSOAR Engine
- D. Multi-tenant mode Answer- A

What is a primary focus of the role of an IT administrator?

- A. configure and enable all anticipated Cortex XSOAR integrations
- B. configure playbooks and associate them with incident types
- C. deploy Cortex XSOAR Servers and Engines with baseline operational functionality
- D. map ingested data to data fields, configure incident page layouts, and troubleshoot pre-processing Answer- C

How many simultaneous Engine Pools does Cortex XSOAR 5.0 support?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 4
- D. 32 Answer- A

You can see a graphical depiction of an incident's playbook in the War Room. (True or False) Answer- F

Tasks are building blocks for playbooks. (True or False) Answer- T

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XSOAR-Engineer Valid Exam Duration - Valid XSOAR-Engineer Exam Materials

The Palo Alto Networks XSOAR-Engineer certification exam is a valuable asset for beginners and seasonal professionals. If you want to improve your career prospects then XSOAR-Engineer certification is a step in the right direction. Whether you're just

starting your career or looking to advance your career, the Palo Alto Networks XSOAR-Engineer Certification Exam is the right choice.

Palo Alto Networks XSOAR-Engineer Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Threat Intelligence Management: This domain focuses on threat intelligence operations including indicator creation and configuration, indicator relationships, enrichment with source reliability, external intelligence sharing, and exclusion list management.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use Case Planning and Development: This domain focuses on designing security use cases through incident and indicator lifecycle management, field and layout customization, classifier and mapper configuration, incident creation methods, pre post-processing, and incident type configuration with playbooks, layouts, SLAs, and lists.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Playbook Development: This domain addresses automation through playbook creation including task configuration, context data manipulation, various task types, sub-playbooks with looping, filters and transformers, debugger usage, built-ins and scripts, automation script creation, and job management.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incident Interactions and Reporting: This domain covers incident operations including states and actions, War Room activities, incident relationships, and dashboard and report configuration for metrics and visualization.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Planning, Installation, and Maintenance: This domain covers system setup and administration including authentication configuration, engine deployment, dev prod environment planning, Marketplace pack management, integration instance configuration, and system maintenance.

Palo Alto Networks XSOAR Engineer Sample Questions (Q154-Q159):

NEW QUESTION # 154

How can Cortex XSOAR administrators prevent junior analysts from viewing a senior analyst dashboard?

- A. Share the dashboard in Read and Edit mode for senior analysts.
- B. Share the dashboard in Read and Write mode for senior analysts.
- C. Share the dashboard in Read Only mode for junior analysts and senior analysts.
- D. Share the dashboard in Read and Edit mode for senior analysts and Read Only for juniors analysts.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://docs-cortex.paloaltonetworks.com/r/Cortex-XSOAR/6.5/Cortex-XSOAR-Administrator-Guide/Create-the-Read-Only-Dashboard>

NEW QUESTION # 155

Where is a custom layout for an incident configured?.

- A. Integration instance settings.
- B. Pre-process rule.
- C. Incident playbook.
- D. Incident type.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Admin Guide states that layouts-representing how analysts view incident data, evidence, fields, and work plans-are attached directly to incident types. When configuring an incident type, the administrator can specify the layout for the "New," "Editing," and

"Preview" modes. This ensures consistent presentation of data across the SOC, tailored to each use case (e.g., phishing, endpoint alerts, malware investigations).

Pre-process rules (option A) operate before incident creation and do not control the user interface layout.

Incident playbooks (option B) automate response actions but have no effect on how the incident UI is presented. Integration instance settings (option C) define connection details and ingestion parameters but do not control UI layouts.

Only the Incident Type configuration page includes fields for selecting or assigning custom layouts. This aligns with XSOAR's design principle: incident types define schema, workflows, and UI behavior, including which layout is displayed to analysts.

Thus, the correct answer is D, as incident layouts are configured and bound within the Incident Type settings.

NEW QUESTION # 156

An administrator has noticed that an integration has failed to fetch incidents. Where would they go to download logs to troubleshoot the error?

- A. Go to the Marketplace > Download the Fix my XSOAR playbook pack > Run the playbook > Download logs from War Room
- B. Dashboards and Reports > System Health
- C. Settings > About > Troubleshooting > Set Log Level to Debug > Download Logs
- D. Settings > About > System Diagnostics

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 157

An engineer adds a new "Forensics" tab that includes several sections for detailed artifact analysis to the "Malware Incident" layout. However, junior analysts report they cannot see this tab, while senior analysts can. Which configuration setting is the most likely reason for this discrepancy?.

- A. The tab was not added to the junior analyst role group.
- B. The underlying fields within the tab sections was incorrectly mapped.
- C. A display filter was applied to the tab in the layout editor.
- D. The tab was marked as read-only in the layout configuration for the junior analyst roles.

Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the Cortex XSOAR Admin Guide, visibility of layout tabs is controlled by role-based access permissions (RBAC). When customizing layouts, administrators can assign tabs, fields, and components to specific user roles. If the "Forensics" tab appears for senior analysts but not junior analysts, this indicates that the tab has been assigned only to certain roles through the "Roles" field in the layout editor.

XSOAR does not hide layout tabs due to incorrect field mappings (option A). If a field is unmapped, it simply appears empty, not invisible. Likewise, marking a tab as "read-only" (option C) still makes it visible; it only restricts editing. Display filters (option D) apply to list widgets, dashboards, and incidents-not layout tab visibility.

The documentation clearly states that a tab will not appear to a user unless their assigned role is included in the tab's role permissions. Therefore, junior analysts cannot view the tab because the tab was not assigned to their role, making option B the correct explanation based on XSOAR's RBAC-controlled layout behavior.

NEW QUESTION # 158

When the verdict of an indicator is set manually, which source reliability does it receive?.

- A. Undefined.
- B. A+++.
- C. A.
- D. F - reliability cannot be found.

Answer: A

Explanation:

When an analyst manually sets an indicator's verdict, XSOAR records the verdict with a source named "Manual", and assigns it a reliability of Undefined.

