

Reliable 1z1-076 training materials bring you the best 1z1-076 guide exam: Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration



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Weil es nicht leicht ist, die Oracle 1z1-076 Zertifizierungsprüfung zu bestehen. So stellen geeignete Prüfungsmaterialien eine Garantie für den Erfolg dar. Pass4Test wird Ihnen so schnell wie möglich die Oracle 1z1-076 Prüfungsmaterialien und Fragen und Antworten bieten, so dass Sie sich gut auf die Oracle 1z1-076 Zertifizierungsprüfung vorbereiten und die Prüfung 100% bestehen können. Mit Pass4Test können Sie nicht nur einmalig 1z1-076 Prüfung erfolgreich ablegen, sondern auch viel Zeit und Energie ersparen.

Oracle 1z1-076 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Oracle Data Guard Broker Basics: An overview of the Data Guard broker, its architecture, components, benefits, and configurations, is provided here. It serves as an introduction to the tool used for managing Data Guard configurations.
Thema 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Patching and Upgrading Databases in a Data Guard Configuration: This section provides guidance on patching and upgrading databases in a Data Guard environment, along with performance optimization techniques and monitoring considerations.
Thema 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Backup and Recovery Considerations in an Oracle Data Guard Configuration: In this topic, Backup and recovery procedures in a Data Guard configuration are discussed, including RMAN backups, offloading to physical standby, and network-based recovery.
Thema 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Creating a Data Guard Broker Configuration: This section delves into the practical aspects of creating and managing a Data Guard broker configuration, including command-line and Enterprise Manager approaches.

Thema 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed.
Thema 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monitoring a Data Guard Broker Configuration: The topic covers the use of Enterprise Manager and DGMGRL to monitor Data Guard configurations and explains the various data protection modes available.
Thema 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup.
Thema 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Flashback Database in a Data Guard Configuration: This topic covers the configuration and advantages of using Flashback Database in a Data Guard setup, as well as the process of enabling fast-start failover for seamless role changes.
Thema 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Data Guard Basics: This topic covers the essential architecture and concepts of Oracle Data Guard. It includes sub-topics such as the physical and logical standby database comparison, benefits of Data Guard, and its integration with multi-tenant databases.
Thema 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Creating a Logical Standby Database: This topic guides users through the process of creating and managing a logical standby database, including SQL Apply filtering.

>> 1z1-076 Fragen Beantworten <<

1z1-076 Testengine - 1z1-076 Fragenkatalog

Wollen Sie größere Errungenschaften in der IT-Branche erzielen, dann ist es richtig, Pass4Test zu wählen. Die Schulungsunterlagen zur Oracle 1z1-076 Zertifizierungsprüfung aus Pass4Test werden von den erfahrenen Experten durch ständige Praxis und Forschung bearbeitet. Sie verfügen über hohe Genauigkeiten und große Reichweite. Haben Sie die Schulungsunterlagen zur Oracle 1z1-076 Zertifizierungsprüfung aus Pass4Test, dann haben Sie den Schlüssel zum Erfolg.

Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration 1z1-076 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q47-Q52):

47. Frage

Which THREE are true about using flashback database in a Data Guard environment?

- A. It may not be used to flash back a primary database after a failover to a physical standby.
- B. You can use it when real-time apply is enabled in case the phy/lt may not be used to flash back a primary database after a failover to a logical standby.
- C. You can use it when real-time apply is enabled in case the physical standby suffers from logical corruption.
- D. It may be used to flash back a physical standby that receives redo from a far sync instance.
- E. When a flashback database operation is performed on a primary database, a logical standby database is also flashed back automatically.
- F. When a flashback database operation is performed on a primary database, a physical standby database is also flashed back automatically.

Antwort: A,C,D

Begründung:

Flashback Database is a feature that allows reverting a database to a previous point in time, which is extremely useful in various Data Guard configurations:

It may be used to flash back a physical standby that receives redo from a far sync instance (C): Flashback Database can be used on a physical standby database to revert it to a past point in time, even when it is receiving redo data from a far sync instance. This can be particularly useful to recover from logical corruptions or unwanted changes.

You can use it when real-time apply is enabled in case the physical standby suffers from logical corruption (D): Even when real-time apply is enabled, which allows redo data to be applied to the standby database as soon as it is received, Flashback Database can be used to revert the physical standby database to a point in time before the logical corruption occurred.

It may not be used to flash back a primary database after a failover to a physical standby (E): After a failover has occurred from a

primary to a physical standby database, making the standby the new primary, Flashback Database cannot be used to revert the old primary database to a state before the failover because the failover operation makes irreversible changes to the database role and configuration.

Reference:

Oracle Database Backup and Recovery User's Guide

Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration

48. Frage

You must configure on Oracle Data

1. A primary database
2. Three Physical Standby Databases

Examine these requirements:

A designated physical standby database should become the primary database automatically whenever the primary database fails.

2. The chosen protection mode should provide the highest level of protection possible without violating the other requirement.

Which redo transport mode and protection mode would you configure to meet these requirements?

- A. FASTSYNC and Maximum Availability
- B. ASYNC and Maximum Performance
- C. SYNC and Maximum Protection
- D. FASTSYNC and Maximum Protection

Antwort: A

Begründung:

To meet the requirements of automatic failover and the highest level of protection without data loss, the combination of FASTSYNC redo transport mode and Maximum Availability protection mode is appropriate. FASTSYNC ensures that the performance impact on the primary database is minimized while still providing synchronous transport. Maximum Availability protection mode offers the highest level of data protection without compromising the availability of the primary database. In case of a network failure or a standby failure, the primary will not halt, avoiding disruption to the primary database operations.

Reference

Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration guide, which details the different protection modes and their respective levels of data protection and impact on database operations.

49. Frage

Which three can be done using Data Guard Broker?

- A. Configuring the standby control file, server parameter file, and data files for a standby database.
- B. Automating failover to a specified target standby database.
- C. Define logical standby database skip rules.
- D. Create a new physical standby database.
- E. Monitoring and managing redo transport services, and log apply services.
- F. Converting physical standby databases to snapshot standby databases.

Antwort: B,D,F

50. Frage

On your logical standby database, you specified these rules:

□ After completion of the weekend batch cycle you attempt to delete the SQL Apply filters:

□ Which is TRUE regarding the execution of the UNSKIP procedure?

- A. It succeeds but the SQL Apply filters are not deleted.
- B. It deletes both the SQL Apply filters.
- C. It succeeds only if SQL apply is stopped before deleting the SQL Apply filter.
- D. It succeeds only if all DML statements executed on the primary have been applied on the logical standby deleting the SQL Apply filter.
- E. It returns an error because the syntax to delete a SQL Apply filter must specify the same object names as specified when the filter was added.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

The execution of the UNSKIP procedure is designed to remove SQL Apply filters that have been previously set up on a logical standby database. Based on the provided statements, the UNSKIP procedure is directed to delete any SQL Apply filters for DML statements associated with objects in the 'HR' schema that start with 'EMP'. Since both SKIP procedures had the same schema name ('HR') and statement type ('DML'), and the UNSKIP procedure uses a wildcard (%) for the object name, it will successfully remove both of the SQL Apply filters for 'EMP_NEW' and 'EMP_OLD', as both object names match the pattern provided in the UNSKIP procedure.

Reference:

Oracle's Data Guard documentation and SQL Language Reference provide insights into managing SQL Apply filters on a logical standby database using the DBMS_LOGSTDBY package. This includes adding and removing filters through SKIP and UNSKIP procedures.

51. Frage

The Oracle database 19c Observer is currently running on host1 and you wish to have it running on host2.

Examine this list of possible steps:

- 1) Stop the observer on host1
- 2) Disable Fast-Start Failover
- 3) Update the broker configuration with the new observer hostname
- 4) Enable Fast-Start Failover
- 5) Start the Observer on host2

Which contains the minimum required steps to move the observer to host2?

- A. Execute tasks 1 and 5
- **B. Execute tasks 1, 3, and 5**
- C. Execute only task 5
- D. Execute tasks 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5

Antwort: B

Begründung:

* Stop the Observer on host1 to ensure that there are no conflicts between the instances of the Observer running on different hosts.

* Update the Data Guard Broker configuration with the new hostname for the Observer. This step is crucial to redirect the Data Guard Broker to communicate with the Observer on the new host.

* Start the Observer on host2 to resume its operations in the new environment.

Disabling and re-enabling Fast-Start Failover (steps 2 and 4) are not strictly necessary for moving the Observer to a new host.

These steps would be more relevant if changes to the configuration of Fast-Start Failover itself were required, which is not the case when simply relocating the Observer.

52. Frage

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