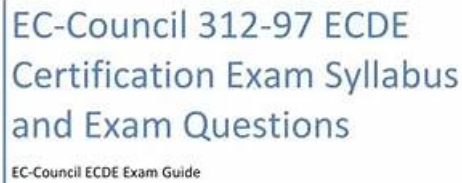


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## ECCouncil 312-97 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DevSecOps Pipeline - Release and Deploy Stage: This module explains maintaining security during release and deployment through secure techniques and infrastructure as code security. It covers container security tools, release management, and secure configuration practices for production transitions.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• DevSecOps Pipeline - Operate and Monitor Stage: This module focuses on securing operational environments and implementing continuous monitoring for security incidents. It covers logging, monitoring, incident response, and SIEM tools for maintaining security visibility and threat identification.</li></ul>

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DevSecOps Pipeline - Code Stage: This module discusses secure coding practices and security integration within the development process and IDE. Developers learn to write secure code using static code analysis tools and industry-standard secure coding guidelines.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to DevSecOps: This module covers foundational DevSecOps concepts, focusing on integrating security into the DevOps lifecycle through automated, collaborative approaches. It introduces key components, tools, and practices while discussing adoption benefits, implementation challenges, and strategies for establishing a security-first culture.</li> </ul>

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### ECCouncil EC-Council Certified DevSecOps Engineer (ECDE) Sample Questions (Q91-Q96):

#### NEW QUESTION # 91

(Dustin Hoffman has been working as a DevSecOps engineer in an IT company located in San Diego, California. For detecting new security vulnerabilities at the beginning of the source code development, he would like to integrate Checkmarx SCA tool with GitLab. The Checkmarx template has all the jobs defined for pipeline. Where should Dustin incorporate the Checkmarx template file `'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/checkmarx-ltd/cx-flow/develop/templates/gitlab/v3/Checkmarx.gitlab-ci.yml'`?)

- A. `gitlab-ci/cd.yml` root directory.
- B. `gitlab.yml` root directory.
- C. `gitlab-cd.yml` root directory.
- D. `gitlab-ci.yml` root directory.

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

GitLab CI/CD pipelines are defined using a configuration file named `gitlab-ci.yml`, which must be placed in the root directory of the repository. This file controls pipeline stages, jobs, and template inclusions. To integrate Checkmarx SCA using a predefined template, the template reference must be included in the root-level `gitlab-ci.yml` file so GitLab can load and execute the defined jobs automatically. The other filenames listed in the options are not recognized by GitLab as valid pipeline configuration files. Integrating SCA at the Code stage allows early detection of vulnerable open-source dependencies, reducing remediation cost and preventing insecure components from progressing further in the DevSecOps pipeline.

#### NEW QUESTION # 92

(Curtis Morgan is working as a DevSecOps engineer at Orchid Pvt. Ltd. His organization develops online teaching software. Beth McCarthy is working in a software development team, and she requested Curtis to help her in making pre-commit hooks executable on her local machine. Curtis went through the "repo."

`git/hooks` directory and removed the ".sample" extension from "pre-commit.sample" file by using "chmod +x filename" command and made the pre-commit hook executable on Beth's local machine. On the next day while developing the code for the software product, Beth accidentally committed the code with sensitive information. What will be the result of this commit?.)

- A. The script will exit with 3.
- B. The script will exit with 2.
- C. The script will exit with 0.

- D. The script will exit with 1.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

If a pre-commit hook script does not explicitly detect sensitive information or return a non-zero exit code, Git will treat the hook execution as successful. In this scenario, although the hook was made executable, Beth still managed to commit sensitive information. This implies that the hook either did not contain logic to detect such data or did not fail the commit upon detection. As a result, the script exited with 0, allowing the commit to proceed. Exit code 0 always signals success to Git, while non-zero exit codes block commits. This highlights the importance of properly implementing security checks within hooks, not just enabling them. Making a hook executable is necessary, but it must also include correct validation logic to enforce security policies during the Code stage.

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### NEW QUESTION # 93

(Allen Smith has been working as a senior DevSecOps engineer for the past 4 years in an IT company that develops software products and applications for retail companies. To detect common security issues in the source code, he would like to integrate Bandit SAST tool with Jenkins. Allen installed Bandit and created a Jenkins job. In the Source Code Management section, he provided repository URL, credentials, and the branch that he wants to analyze. As Bandit is installed on Jenkins' server, he selected Execute shell for the Build step and configure Bandit script. After successfully integrating Bandit SAST tool with Jenkins, in which of the following can Allen detect security issues?.)

- A. Python code.
- B. C++ code.
- C. Ruby code.
- D. Java code.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Bandit is a Static Application Security Testing (SAST) tool developed specifically for analyzing Python source code. It scans Python scripts and applications to identify common security issues such as use of weak cryptography, hardcoded passwords, unsafe use of functions like eval, and insecure imports. Bandit works by parsing Python Abstract Syntax Trees (ASTs) and applying a set of security-focused rules. It does not support Java, Ruby, or C++ code, which require different static analysis tools tailored to their respective languages.

By integrating Bandit with Jenkins during the Build and Test stage, Allen enables automated detection of Python-specific security flaws as soon as code changes are introduced. This shift-left approach reduces remediation costs, prevents vulnerable code from progressing further in the pipeline, and improves overall application security posture.

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### NEW QUESTION # 94

(Jayson Smith is working as a DevSecOps engineer in an MNC company located in Tampa, Florida. The senior software developer of his company, Sandra Oliver, has uploaded an application in her GitHub repository that might contain security vulnerabilities and has provided the URL to the DevSecOps team.

Jayson would like to analyze the application developed by Sandra to detect and mitigate the security issues in the application code; therefore, he would like to clone Sandra's GitHub repository to his computer. Which of the following commands should Jayson use to clone the repository of another user to his computer?)

- A. `$ git clone https://github.com/REPOSITORY/USERNAME.git`.
- B. `$ github clone https://github.com/USERNAME/REPOSITORY.git`.
- C. `$ git clone https://github.com/USERNAME/REPOSITORY.git`.
- D. `$ github clone https://github.com/REPOSITORY/USERNAME.git`.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Cloning a GitHub repository requires the standard Git command `git clone` followed by the correct repository URL format. GitHub repositories are structured as `https://github.com/USERNAME/REPOSITORY.git`, where USERNAME represents the account or organization name and REPOSITORY represents the project name.

Option B follows this exact structure. Options using `github clone` are invalid because `github` is not a Git CLI command. Options that reverse the order of `USERNAME` and `REPOSITORY` do not match GitHub's repository structure and will fail. Cloning repositories during the Code stage allows DevSecOps engineers to run static analysis, dependency scanning, and other security checks locally without modifying the original repository, supporting secure and controlled analysis workflows.

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### NEW QUESTION # 95

(Charles Drew has been working as a DevSecOps team leader in an IT company located in Nashville, Tennessee. He would like to look at the applications from an attacker's perspective and make security a part of the organizations' culture. Imagine, you are working under Charles as a DevSecOps engineer. Charles has asked you to install ThreatPlaybook, which is a unified DevSecOps Framework that allows you to go from iterative, collaborative threat modeling to application security testing orchestration. After installation, you must configure ThreatPlaybook CLI; therefore, you have created a directory for the project and then you go to the current directory where you would like to configure ThreatPlaybook. Which of the following commands will you use to configure ThreatPlaybook? (Here, `< your-email >` represents your email id; `< host info >` represents IP address; and `< port >` represents the nginx port.))

- A. `playbook configure -e < your-email > -h < host-info > -p < port >`.
- B. `playbook configure -e < your-email > -u < host-info > -p < port >`.
- C. **`ThreatPlaybook configure -e < your-email > -h < host-info > -p < port >`**.
- D. `ThreatPlaybook configure -e < your-email > -u < host-info > -p < port >`.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

ThreatPlaybook CLI is configured using the `ThreatPlaybook configure` command, which initializes the CLI with the required connection and user details. The `-e` option is used to specify the user's email address, the `-h` option defines the host information such as IP address or hostname, and the `-p` option specifies the port number. This configuration enables the CLI to securely communicate with the ThreatPlaybook service for orchestrating threat modeling and application security testing workflows. Options that use `playbook configure` are incorrect because the executable name is explicitly `ThreatPlaybook`. Options using `-u` instead of `-h` do not correctly specify host information. Configuring ThreatPlaybook during the Plan stage helps teams adopt an attacker's mindset early, embedding security into the organization's culture and ensuring threats are identified and addressed before development and deployment activities begin.

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### NEW QUESTION # 96

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