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To pass the Check Point Certified Security Expert R81 exam, candidates must demonstrate their skills and knowledge in a variety of areas, including network security design, advanced firewall configurations, remote access VPN solutions, and advanced threat prevention. 156-315.81 exam consists of multiple-choice questions and simulations, and candidates must score at least 70% to pass.

The Check Point Certified Security Expert R81 certification exam consists of multiple-choice questions and performance-based questions, which are designed to test the candidate's understanding of the concepts and their ability to implement them in real-world scenarios. 156-315.81 Exam is conducted online and can be taken from anywhere with an internet connection. 156-315.81 exam duration is 120 minutes, and the passing score is 70%.

CheckPoint Check Point Certified Security Expert R81 Sample Questions (Q28-Q33):

NEW QUESTION # 28

What is the difference between an event and a log?

- A. A log entry becomes an event when it matches any rule defined in Event Policy
- B. Log and Events are synonyms
- C. Events are generated at gateway according to Event Policy
- D. Events are collected with SmartWorkflow form Trouble Ticket systems

Answer: A

Explanation:

The difference between an event and a log is that a log entry becomes an event when it matches any rule defined in Event Policy. A log entry is a record of a network activity that is generated by a Security Gateway or a Management Server. An event is a log entry that meets certain criteria and triggers an action or a notification. The other options are either not true or not accurate definitions of events and logs. Reference: Check Point R81 Logging and Monitoring Administration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 29

Which command is used to add users to or from existing roles?

- A. Add user <User Name> roles <List>
- B. Add rba user <User Name>
- C. Add rba user <User Name> roles <List>
- D. Add user <User Name>

Answer: C

Explanation:

The command to add users to or from existing roles is add rba user <User Name> roles <List>. This command allows you to assign one or more roles to a user in the Gaia database. Roles are collections of permissions that define what actions a user can perform on the system. You can use predefined roles or create your own custom roles. To remove a role from a user, you can use the command delete rba user <User Name> roles <List>.

NEW QUESTION # 30

In the Check Point Firewall Kernel Module, each Kernel is associated with a key, which specifies the type of traffic applicable to the chain module. For Stateful Mode configuration, chain modules marked with _____ will not apply.

- A. ffff
- B. 0
- C. 1
- D. 2

Answer: C

Explanation:

For Stateful Mode configuration, chain modules marked with 2 will not apply. Stateful Mode configuration is a feature that allows administrators to define how packets are processed by different firewall kernel modules in inbound and outbound directions. Chain modules are firewall kernel modules that perform various security functions, such as VPN, IPS, QoS, etc. Each chain module is associated with a key, which specifies the type of traffic applicable to the chain module. The key can be one of the following values: 0 for all packets, 1 for stateful packets, 2 for stateless packets, and 3 for no match packets. For Stateful Mode configuration, only chain modules with key 0 or 1 will apply, as they handle all packets or stateful packets. Chain modules with key 2 will not apply, as they handle stateless packets, which are not relevant for Stateful Mode configuration.

NEW QUESTION # 31

Which of the following is NOT a component of a Distinguished Name?

- A. Common Name
- B. Organizational Unit
- C. Country

- D. User container

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

A Distinguished Name (DN) is a unique identifier for an object in an LDAP directory, such as a user, a group, or an organization. A DN consists of a sequence of relative distinguished names (RDNs), which are attributes that describe the object. The most common RDNs are:

Common Name (CN): The name of the object, such as a user's full name or a group's name Country: The two-letter ISO code of the country where the object is located, such as US or PK User container (UC): The name of the container that holds the user objects, such as Users or People Domain Component (DC): The name of the domain that the object belongs to, such as

checkpoint.com or example.org An Organizational Unit (OU) is not a component of a DN, but a type of object that can be used to organize other objects in a hierarchical structure. An OU can have its own DN, which includes the OU attribute as an RDN, such as OU=Sales,DC=checkpoint,DC=com

The references are:

Check Point R81 Identity Awareness Administration Guide, page 14

LDAP Distinguished Names

What is a Distinguished Name?

NEW QUESTION # 32

Which of the following is NOT a type of Endpoint Identity Agent?

- A. Full
- B. Custom
- **C. Terminal**
- D. Light

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

The type of Endpoint Identity Agent that does not exist is Terminal. Endpoint Identity Agent is a software component that runs on Windows or Mac devices and provides identity information to the Check Point Security Gateway. Endpoint Identity Agent allows the Security Gateway to enforce granular access policies based on user identity and device compliance status. There are three types of Endpoint Identity Agent:

Full Identity Agent - a persistent agent that provides seamless and transparent identity acquisition and SSO (single sign-on) capabilities. It supports various authentication methods, such as Active Directory, LDAP, RADIUS, certificate, etc. It also supports endpoint compliance checks and remediation actions.

Light Identity Agent - a lightweight agent that provides identity acquisition through a web browser. It supports Active Directory authentication only. It does not support SSO or endpoint compliance features.

Custom Identity Agent - a customized agent that provides identity acquisition through an API. It allows third-party applications or systems to integrate with Check Point Identity Awareness and provide user identity information.

Terminal is not a type of Endpoint Identity Agent, but it is a type of Terminal Server Agent. Terminal Server Agent is a software component that runs on Windows Terminal Servers or Citrix Servers and provides identity information for multiple concurrent users who connect to these servers using Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) or Independent Computing Architecture (ICA) protocol. Terminal Server Agent allows the Security Gateway to enforce granular access policies based on user identity and session information.

NEW QUESTION # 33

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