

有難い-実用的なDP-800ダウンロード試験-試験の準備方法DP-800最新対策問題



CertShikenの提供された問題集は更新されました。あなたは試験を準備しているなら、この最新の問題集で有効の復習計画を立てることができます。我々のDP-800問題集は正式試験のすべての問題を含めています。受験生は試験に順調に合格するのを確保するために、我々はこの質高いDP-800問題集を提供します。

DP-800学習クイズの最も注目すべき機能は、簡単かつ簡単に試験のポイントを学習し、認定コースの概要のコア情報を習得するのに役立つ最も実用的なソリューションを提供することです。それらの品質は、他の資料の品質よりもはるかに高く、DP-800トレーニング資料の質問と回答には、利用可能な最良のソースからの情報が含まれています。これらはテスト標準に関連しており、実際のテストの形式で作成されます。初心者であれ経験豊富な試験受験者であれ、当社のDP-800スタディガイドは大きなプレッシャーを軽減し、困難を効率的に克服するのに役立ちます。

>> DP-800ダウンロード <<

Microsoft DP-800最新対策問題 & DP-800合格記

CertShikenのMicrosoftのDP-800試験トレーニング資料は質も良く、値段も安いです。うちの学習教材を購入したら、私たちは一年間で無料更新サービスを提供することができます。あなたはMicrosoftのDP-800問題集を購入する前に、CertShikenは無料でサンプルを提供することができます。もし学習教材は問題があれば、或いは試験に不合格になる場合は、全額返金することを保証いたします。

Microsoft Developing AI-Enabled Database Solutions 認定 DP-800 試験問題 (Q32-Q37):

質問 # 32

Which Azure service is used for visualizing SQL + AI insights?

- A. Azure DNS
- B. Azure CLI
- **C. Power BI**
- D. Azure Firewall

正解: C

解説:

Microsoft Power BI creates dashboards and reports.

質問 # 33

Which component handles security in Azure SQL?

- A. Azure Functions
- B. Azure CDN
- C. Azure Key Vault
- D. Azure AI Studio

正解: C

解説:

Azure Key Vault securely stores secrets and keys.

質問 # 34

You have an Azure SQL table that contains the following data.

FaqId	ProductName	Question	Answer
1	Laptop Pro	Does it support USB-C charging?	Yes, it supports USB-C charging.
2	Tablet X	Does it support a stylus?	It supports the Active Pen stylus.

You need to retrieve data to be used as context for a large language model (LLM). The solution must minimize token usage. Which format should you use to send the data to the LLM?

- A.

```
[
  {
    "ProductName": "Laptop Pro",
    "Question": "Does it support USB-C charging?",
    "Answer": "Yes, it supports USB-C charging."
  },
  {
    "ProductName": "Tablet X",
    "Question": "Does it support a stylus?",
    "Answer": "It supports the Active Pen stylus."
  }
]
```
- B.

```
[
  {
    "FaqId": 1,
    "ProductName": "Laptop Pro",
    "Question": "Does it support USB-C charging?",
    "Answer": "Yes, it supports USB-C charging."
  },
  {
    "FaqId": 2,
    "ProductName": "Tablet X",
    "Question": "Does it support a stylus?",
    "Answer": "It supports the Active Pen stylus."
  }
]
```
- C.

```
[
  {
    "FaqId": 1,
    "Question": "Does it support USB-C charging?",
    "Answer": "Yes, it supports USB-C charging."
  },
  {
    "FaqId": 2,
    "Question": "Does it support a stylus?",
    "Answer": "It supports the Active Pen stylus."
  }
]
```
- D.

```
[
  {
    "Prompt": "Yes, it supports USB-C charging."
  },
  {
    "Prompt": "It supports the Active Pen stylus."
  }
]
```

正解: A

解説:

The correct choice is Option A because it provides the relevant semantic context the LLM needs while avoiding an unnecessary field that would add tokens without improving answer quality.

For LLM grounding and RAG-style context, Microsoft guidance emphasizes mapping and sending the fields that contain text pertinent to the use case. In this FAQ scenario, the useful context is the ProductName, the Question, and the Answer. Those three fields help the model understand both the subject domain and the actual Q & A pair. By contrast, FaqId is just a technical identifier and generally adds no semantic value for response generation, so including it wastes tokens.

That is why Option A is better than the others:

- * Option A keeps the meaningful text fields and removes the low-value identifier.
- * Option B is too minimal because it includes only the answer text as Prompt, which strips away the product and question context the LLM may need for accurate grounding.
- * Option C keeps FaqId but omits ProductName, which can be important disambiguating context.
- * Option D includes everything, but that does not minimize token usage because it keeps the unnecessary FaqId.

質問 # 35

You have an Azure SQL database that contains database-level Data Definition Language (DDL) triggers, including a trigger named ddl_Audit.

You need to prevent ddl_Audit from firing during the next deployment. The trigger object must remain in place.

Which Transact-SQL statement should you use?

- A. ALTER SERVER AUDIT SPECIFICATION
- B. ALTER DATABASE
- C. ALTER DATABASE AUDIT SPECIFICATION
- **D. DISABLE TRIGGER**
- E. ALTER TRIGGER

正解: D

解説:

The DISABLE TRIGGER Transact-SQL statement is the correct and appropriate solution for this scenario.

Solution Breakdown

To prevent a specific database-level DDL trigger from firing without removing the object, you can use the following syntax:

```
DISABLE TRIGGER [TriggerName] ON DATABASE;
```

Key Considerations

Object Retention: A disabled trigger remains in the database as an object and is visible in catalog views like sys.triggers, but it will not execute when its programmed events occur.

Reactivation: You can re-enable the trigger after your deployment is complete using the ENABLE TRIGGER statement.

Permissions: To execute this command on a database-scoped DDL trigger in Azure SQL, you must have at least ALTER ANY DATABASE DDL TRIGGER permission.

Reference:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/statements/disable-trigger-transact-sql>

質問 # 36

Why is indexing important for vector search?

- **A. Improves similarity search performance**
- B. Reduces storage
- C. Enables backups
- D. Encrypts data

正解: A

解説:

Specialized indexes (e.g., ANN) speed up nearest-neighbor searches.

