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F5 BIG-IP Administration Control Plane Administration Sample Questions (Q52-Q57):

NEW QUESTION # 52

Which TMSH command initiates a manual configuration synchronization to the specified device group? (Choose one answer)

- A. `tmsh load sys config to-group <device_group>`
- B. `tmsh modify sys failover auto-sync enable`
- C. `tmsh run sys device-group update-config`
- **D. `tmsh run cm config-sync to-group <device_group>`**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From BIG-IP Administration Control Plane Administration documents:

In a BIG-IP Device Service Cluster (DSC), manual configuration synchronization is performed using the ConfigSync framework. The supported and documented command to manually push the local configuration to a specific device group is:

```
tmsh run cm config-sync to-group <device_group>
```

This command:

Initiates a one-time manual ConfigSync

Pushes the local device's configuration to all members of the specified device group. Is commonly used when auto-sync is disabled or when the administrator wants explicit control over synchronization timing. Why the other options are incorrect:

A is not a valid TMSH command for ConfigSync.

B enables auto-sync but does not perform an immediate synchronization.

D is not a valid or supported TMSH command for device group configuration synchronization.

Therefore, the correct command to manually synchronize configuration to a device group is C.

NEW QUESTION # 53

A BIG-IP Administrator makes a configuration change to a Virtual Server on the Standby device of an HA pair. The HA pair is currently configured with Auto-Sync Enabled. What effect will the change have on the HA pair configuration?

- A. The change will be undone when Auto-Sync propagates the config to the HA pair.
- B. The change will be undone next time a configuration change is made on the Active device.
- **C. The change will take effect when Auto-Sync propagates the config to the HA pair.**
- D. The change will be propagated next time a configuration change is made on the Active device.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From BIG-IP Administration documents: TMOS Device Service Clustering (DSC) allows for configuration changes to be made on any device within a synchronization group. If Auto-Sync is enabled, the Control Plane detects the change on the Standby unit and automatically propagates (pushes) that updated configuration to the other members of the HA pair.

NEW QUESTION # 54

A BIG-IP Administrator defines a device Self IP. The Self IP is NOT reachable from the network. What should the administrator verify first?

- A. The correct Interface has been selected.
- **B. The correct VLAN has been selected.**
- C. The correct Trunk has been selected.
- D. Verify if auto last hop is disabled.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Connectivity management requires a proper logical-to-physical mapping within the BIG-IP Control Plane.

* VLAN Association: In TMOS, a Self IP address is not assigned directly to a physical interface. Instead, it is assigned to a VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) object.

* Procedural Troubleshooting: If a Self IP is unreachable, the primary failure point is often that the IP was associated with the wrong VLAN, or the VLAN itself is not correctly associated with the intended physical interface or trunk.

* Layer 2 Mapping: The Control Plane requires the VLAN to be "up" and "untagged" or "tagged" on a valid interface for traffic to flow. If the administrator selects the incorrect VLAN, the Self IP will exist in the configuration but will be logically isolated from the physical network wire.

NEW QUESTION # 55

A local user account (User1) on the BIG-IP device is assigned the User Manager role. User1 attempts to modify the properties of another account (User2), but the action fails. The BIG-IP Administrator can successfully modify the User2 account. Assuming the principle of least privilege, what is the correct way to allow User1 to modify User2 properties?

- **A. Modify the partition access for User1**
- B. Move User2 to the same partition as User1
- C. Grant User administrator privileges
- D. Move User1 to the same partition as User2

Answer: A

Explanation:

In F5 TMOS, administrative roles and user permissions are partition-specific. The User Manager role allows an account to manage other user accounts, but this authority is restricted to the administrative partitions to which the User Manager has been granted access.

* Partition Awareness: If User1 (the User Manager) attempts to modify User2 and fails, while the full Administrator succeeds, it indicates that User2 resides in a partition where User1 does not have management rights.

* Principle of Least Privilege: This principle dictates that a user should be given only the minimum level of access necessary to perform their job functions.

* Procedural Solution: Granting "Administrator" privileges (Option B) would violate least privilege by giving User1 full control over all system settings and all partitions. Moving users between partitions (Options A and C) might disrupt the organizational security structure. The correct and most secure administrative action is to modify the partition access for User1 to include the partition where User2 is located. This enables User1 to manage User2's properties while maintaining their restricted role as a User Manager.

NEW QUESTION # 56

The BIG-IP Administrator runs the command:

```
netstat -an | grep 443
```

and sees the following output:

```
tcp 0 0 0.0.0.0:443 0.0.0.0:* LISTEN
```

What does this output indicate about the service on port 443? (Choose one answer)

- A. The service is actively listening only on the loopback interface.
- B. The service indicates no connections to the LISTEN port.
- C. The service is actively listening on all interfaces for HTTPS traffic.
- D. The service is in a standby state and unable to accept connections.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From BIG-IP Administration Control Plane Administration documents:

In netstat output:

0.0.0.0:443 means the service is bound to all available IPv4 interfaces on the system.

LISTEN indicates the service is actively waiting for incoming connection requests.

Therefore, this output confirms that a service (commonly HTTPS/443, such as the BIG-IP Configuration Utility or an application listener) is actively listening on all interfaces, making B the correct answer.

Why the other options are incorrect:

A would show 127.0.0.1:443 if it were loopback-only.

C is incorrect because LISTEN explicitly indicates readiness to accept connections.

D is unrelated; standby state does not affect socket binding shown by netstat.

Hence, the correct answer is B.

NEW QUESTION # 57

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