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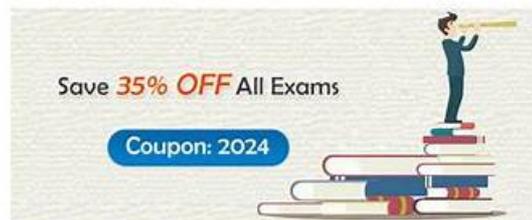
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Another version of CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA) (CWNA-109) practice exams is also available at Prep4cram and that is web-based. It has all specifications we have discussed above in the section of the CWNP CWNA-109 desktop practice test software. But the only difference is that this web-based CWNA-109 practice exam software works online and needs no software installation. Furthermore, this CWNA-109 Practice Exam is supported by both Windows and iOS, Android, Mac, and Linux. Since it is the web-based CWNA-109 practice exam, you can take it from Opera, Chrome, Safari, Firefox, or any other popular browser.

As is known to all, practice makes perfect. This proverb also can be replied into the exam. We have the CWNA-109 Study Materials with good reputation in the market. The CWNA-109 exam dumps not only contains the quality, but also have the quantity, therefore it will meet your needs. Just think that you just need to practice it for some time, a certificate will be obtained by your own efforts, it will be a quite delightful thing. So act now, you will be very happy to see it come true.

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**CWNA-109 Pdf Demo Download, Sample CWNA-109 Questions Answers**

Don't underestimate the difficulty level of the CWNP CWNA-109 certification exam because it is not easy to clear. You need to prepare real CWNA-109 exam questions to get success. If you do not prepare with actual CWNA-109 Questions, there are chances that you may fail the final and not get the CWNA-109 certification.

## CWNP CWNA-109 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>WLAN Protocols and Devices: It focuses on terminology related to the 802.11 MAC and PHY, the purpose of the three main 802.11 frame types, MAC frame format, and 802.11 channel access methods.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Radio Frequency (RF) Technologies: This topic explains the basic features and behavior of RF. It also discusses applying the basic concepts of RF mathematics and measurement. Lastly, the topic covers RF signal characteristics and the functionality of RF antennas.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>WLAN Network Security: It addresses the concepts of weak security options, security mechanisms for enterprise WLANs, and security options and tools used in wireless networks.</li></ul>

## CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA) Sample Questions (Q69-Q74):

### NEW QUESTION # 69

When a STA has authenticated to an AP (AP-1), but still maintains a connection with another AP (AP-2), what is the state of the STA on AP-1?

- A. **Authenticated and Unassociated**
- B. Transitional
- C. Authenticated and Associated
- D. Unauthenticated and Unassociated

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Authenticated and Unassociated. According to one of the web search results<sup>1</sup>, a STA can be authenticated to multiple APs, but it can only be associated to one AP at a time. Association is the process of establishing a logical link between the STA and the AP, which allows the STA to send and receive data frames through the AP<sup>2</sup>. Therefore, when a STA has authenticated to an AP-1, but still maintains a connection with another AP-2, it means that the STA is authenticated to both APs, but only associated to AP-2. The state of the STA on AP-1 is authenticated and unassociated, which means that the STA can switch to AP-1 without repeating the authentication process, but it cannot send or receive data frames through AP-1 until it becomes associated.

### NEW QUESTION # 70

In which plane of the three networking planes is an access point configured by a WLAN controller?

- A. Security
- B. Data
- C. Control
- D. **Management**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

An access point is configured by a WLAN controller in the management plane of the three networking planes.

The management plane is responsible for the configuration, administration, and monitoring of network devices, such as access points, switches, routers, and controllers. The WLAN controller communicates with the access point using a management protocol, such as CAPWAP or SNMP, to send configuration commands and receive status information. The control plane is responsible for the routing, switching, and forwarding of network traffic, such as data frames and control frames. The WLAN controller may also participate in the control plane by performing functions such as authentication, encryption, roaming, and load balancing. The security

plane is responsible for the protection of network devices and data from unauthorized access, modification, or disclosure. The WLAN controller may also participate in the security plane by implementing features such as firewall, VPN, IDS/IPS, and WIPS. The data plane is responsible for the transmission and reception of user data, such as voice, video, or web traffic. The WLAN controller may or may not participate in the data plane depending on the architecture of the WLAN. In some cases, the access point forwards the user data directly to the wired network without involving the WLAN controller (distributed data forwarding). In other cases, the access point tunnels the user data to the WLAN controller before forwarding it to the wired network (centralized data forwarding). References: CWNA-109 Study Guide, Chapter 9: Wireless LAN Architecture, page 279

#### NEW QUESTION # 71

A POE device requires 47 W of power. What POE specification should be used?

- A. 802.11at
- B. 802.3af
- C. 802.3bt
- D. 802.3at

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

A POE device that requires 47 W of power should use the 802.3bt specification. This is because 802.3bt is the latest POE standard that supports up to 90 W of power delivery over four pairs of wires in an Ethernet cable.

The previous POE standards, such as 802.3af and 802.3at, only support up to 15.4 W and 30 W of power delivery over two pairs of wires in an Ethernet cable, respectively. Therefore, they are not sufficient for powering a device that requires 47 W of power. The 802.11at specification does not exist; it is a typo or confusion with the 802.3at specification. References: CWNA-109 Study Guide, Chapter 8: Wireless LAN Access Points, page 2431

#### NEW QUESTION # 72

In an 802.11n (H T) 2.4 GHz BSS, what prevents each station from using all the airtime when other client stations are actively communicating in the same BSS?

- A. CSMA/CD
- B. OFDMA
- C. 802.11 DOS prevention
- D. CSMA/CA

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

What prevents each station from using all the airtime when other client stations are actively communicating in the same BSS is CSMA/CA. CSMA/CA stands for Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance and is a media access control method used by WLAN devices to share the wireless medium. CSMA/CA works by having each station sense the medium before transmitting a frame. If the medium is busy (i.e., another station is transmitting), the station defers its transmission until the medium is idle. If the medium is idle, the station waits for a random backoff period before transmitting. This way, CSMA/CA reduces the chances of collisions and ensures fair access to the medium for all stations. CSMA/CA also uses positive acknowledgements to confirm successful transmissions and retransmissions to recover from errors. CSMA/CD, DOS prevention, and OFDMA are not used by WLAN devices in a BSS. References: [CWNP Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: Exam CWNA-109], page 108; [CWNA: Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: Exam CWNA-109], page 98.

#### NEW QUESTION # 73

When an ACK frame is not received by the transmitting STA, what is assumed?

- A. The receiver is offline
- B. The frame was not delivered and must be retransmitted
- C. The frame was correctly delivered
- D. The receiver processed the frame, but did not respond with an ACK frame because 802.11w is enabled

**Answer: B**

